DE-FOA-0001594 REDUCING EMBODIED-ENERGY AND DECREASING EMISSIONS (REMADE) IN MATERIALS MANUFACTURING

TEAMING PARTNER LIST

	Contact	Organization	Area of Technical		
Organization	Name	Type	Expertise	Description of Capabilities	Contact Information
Clemson University	Michael Carbajales- Dale	R1 Public University	Life cycle assessment, Industrial ecology, Techno-economic analysis	The Energy-Environmental-Economic (E3) Systems Analysis Group, sits within the Department of Environmental Engineering & Earth Sciences (EEES) at Clemson. The group's research focuses on building tools to reduce the environmental impacts of energy systems. The current group focus is on understanding energy and material requirements for renewable energy systems. Our approach includes building engineering-based bottom-up life cycle assessment (LCA) models to generate rigorous estimates of environmental impacts from energy extraction and conversion technologies. Also, developing techno-economic modeling tools to improve the energetic, environmental and economic performance of energy systems. Our methods are applied primarily to energy systems, in an effort to understand and reduce the environmental impacts of conventional thermoelectric generation and substitutes for conventional technologies (e.g., wind, photovoltaics). We are also currently developing optimization capabilities for combinations of electricity generation and storage technologies. A third area of interest is in the mathematical modeling of material and energy flows and accumulations at the economic sector level using input-output techniques	160 Rich Lab, Computer Court, Clemson University, SC 29625 864-656-0523 madale@clemson.edu
Compact Membrane	Stuart Nemser,	Small	An advanced materials company with a suite of membrane separation technologies applied to dissolved gas sensing, dehydration, solvent recovery, and olefin/paraffin and aggressive chemical	Compact Membrane Systems (CMS) has developed a family of custom amorphous fluoropolymer (CAF) membranes with superb separation capability, for example, olefins (O) from paraffins (P). These CAF membranes have high flux (150 GPU of olefin), high selectivity (40), stable performance and poison resistance. Pilot testing in a refinery is planned for 4Q, 2016. These membranes can enhance refinery performance, dramatically reduce purge stream size and can be used to separate high value olefins produced from low value feed stream (e.g., shale gas). For details see H. Murnen, S. Majumdar, et al, "Stable Membrane Processes for Enhanced Olefin-Paraffin Separations in Refineries and Polyolefin Plant", AIChE 2016	335 Water Street, Wilmington, Delaware 19804 snemser@compactmembrane.com
Systems, Inc.	Ph.D.	Business	separations	Spring Meeting, Houston, April 11, 2016	302-999-7996
Membrane	Nemser,		membrane separation technologies applied to dissolved gas sensing, dehydration, solvent recovery, and olefin/paraffin and aggressive chemical	capability, for example, olefins (O) from paraffins (P). These CAF membranes have high flux (150 GPU of olefin), high selectivity (40), stable performance and poison resistance. Pilot testing in a refinery is planned for 4Q, 2016. These membranes can enhance refinery performance, dramatically reduce purge stream size and can be used to separate high value olefins produced from low value feed stream (e.g., shale gas). For details see H. Murnen, S. Majumdar, et al, "Stable Membrane Processes for Enhanced Olefin-Paraffin Separations in Refineries and Polyolefin Plant", AIChE 2016	Wilmington, Delaware 190 snemser@compactmembrane

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Organization Type Description of Capabilities We have developed advanced separation and purification technologies for separating complex mixtures, including advanced simulation tools for multi-component chromatography systems with or without reactions and design and optimization tools for simulated moving bed (SMB) chromatography for the separation of three or more components. We developed the first SMB for insulin purification from a ternary mixture, the first five-zone SMB to recover six sugars from biomass hydrolystates (a complex mixture of 10 components), and the first SMB to separate two flame retardants from a polymer. These SMB processes are an order of magnitude more efficient and more economical than corresponding batch chromatography processes the paration of the Argonne National Lab in developing a new affinity adsorption process to capture Mo99 from the fission products of low-enriched uranium. Mo99 is the parent of To 9m, which is the most widely used medical isotope for diagnosis. This separation process will be used in the first medical isotope plant in the US to produce this isotope by 2019. We have also collaborated with industry in developing new separation methods are applicable to the recovery of high-purity polycarbonates, flame retardants, and other polymers from electronic wastes. The separation methods are applicable to the recovery of high purity polymers and chemicals from other polymer wastes. For each polymer recovered from the polymer waste, we save raw materials for synthesic, reduce the energy of producing the polymer by 48%, and reduce CO2 emission by 3 to 6 tons per ton of polymer. We also developed the first method potentially can reduce the footprint of the purification process by two orders of magnitude and eliminate the environmental risk of disposal of toxic				Area of	OF BATES OF TEMBER 7, 2010	
We have developed advanced separation and purification technologies for separating complex mixtures, including advanced simulation tools for multi-component chromatography systems with or without reactions and design and optimization tools for simulated moving bed (SMB) chromatography for the separation of three or more components. We developed the first SMB for insulin purification from a ternary mixture, the first five-zone SMB to recover six sugars from bars hydrolysates (a complex mixture of 10 components), and the first SMB to separate two flame retardants from a polymer. These SMB processes are an order of magnitude more efficient and more economical than corresponding batch chromatography processes for large scale separation. We also collaborated with the Argonne National Lab in developing a new affinity adsorption process to capture Mo99 from the fission products of low-enriched uranium. Mo99 is the parent of Tc 99m, which is the most widely used medical isotope for diagnosis. This separation processes will be used in the first medical isotope plant in the US to produce this isotope by 2019. We have also collaborated with industry in developing new separation processes to recover high-purity polycarbonates. flame retardants, and other polymers and chemicals from other polymer wastes. For each polymer coverver fform the polymer wastes, we save raw materials for synthesis, reduce the energy of producing the polymer by 48%, and reduce CO2 censision by 3 to 6 tons per ton of polymer. We also developed economical ligand-assisted the formatography spetch, and reduce CO2 censision by 3 to 6 tons per ton of polymer. We also developed economical ligand-assisted the formatography applied to the recovery of the purity reaction in reduce the footprint of the purification of rare earth elements. We 480 Stadium Mall Drive			Organization			
technologies for separating complex mixtures, including advanced simulation tools for multi-component chromatography systems with or without reactions and design and optimization tools for simulated moving bed (SMB) chromatography for the separation of three or more components. We developed the first SMB for insulin purification from a ternary mixture, the first five-zone SMB to recover six sugars from biomass hydrolysates (a complex mixture of 10 components), and the first SMB to separate two flame retardants from a polymer. These SMB processes are an order of magnitude more efficient and more economical than corresponding batch chromatography processes for large scale separation. We also collaborated with the Argonne National Lab in developing a new affinity adsorption process to capture Mo99 from the fission products of low-enriched uranium. Mo99 is the parent of Tc 99m, which include mixed solvent extraction, adsorption, ion exchange, multi-component extraction, adsorption, ion exchange, multi-component extraction in chromatography, reaction in chromatography, reaction in chromatography, systems, simulated moving bed chromatography, systems, simulated moving bed chromatography, applied to the ending the december of the purification process by two orders of magnitude and eliminate the environmental risk of disposal of toxic solvents used in conventional purification for are earth elements. We	Organization	Contact Name	Type	Expertise	Description of Capabilities	Contact Information
	School of Chemical Engineering,	Professor Nien- Hwa Linda	Public	Advanced Separation Technologies, which include mixed solvent extraction, adsorption, ion exchange, multi- component chromatography, reaction in chromatography systems, simulated moving bed chromatography, applied to the purification or separation of complex	We have developed advanced separation and purification technologies for separating complex mixtures, including advanced simulation tools for multi-component chromatography systems with or without reactions and design and optimization tools for simulated moving bed (SMB) chromatography for the separation of three or more components. We developed the first SMB for insulin purification from a ternary mixture, the first five-zone SMB to recover six sugars from biomass hydrolysates (a complex mixture of 10 components), and the first SMB to separate two flame retardants from a polymer. These SMB processes are an order of magnitude more efficient and more economical than corresponding batch chromatography processes for large scale separation. We also collaborated with the Argonne National Lab in developing a new affinity adsorption process to capture Mo99 from the fission products of low-enriched uranium. Mo99 is the parent of Tc 99m, which is the most widely used medical isotope for diagnosis. This separation process will be used in the first medical isotope plant in the US to produce this isotope by 2019. We have also collaborated with industry in developing new separation processes to recover high-purity polycarbonates, flame retardants, and other polymers from electronic wastes. The separation methods are applicable to the recovery of high purity polymers and chemicals from other polymer wastes. For each polymer recovered from the polymer waste, we save raw materials for synthesis, reduce the energy of producing the polymer by 84%, and reduce CO2 emission by 3 to 6 tons per ton of polymer. We also developed economical ligand-assisted chromatography methods to purify rare earth elements. This new method uses recyclable, safe ligands. This method potentially can reduce the footprint of the purification process by two orders of magnitude and eliminate the environmental risk of disposal of toxic solvents used in conventional purification of rare earth elements. We are developing economical SMB methods to recover high-	School of Chemical Engineering 480 Stadium Mall Drive West Lafayette, IN 47907-2100 (765) 494-4081, (765) 494-0550 Fax: (765) 494-0805

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0		Organization		D ' (' CC 1997)	
Organization	Name	Type	Expertise	Description of Capabilities	Contact Information
				The research facilities at SRI include more than 1 million ft2 of laboratory and office	
				space and contain a wealth of advanced scientific equipment, including unique	
				instrumentation developed by the staff. The technical library at SRI has about 60,000	
				technical books, 6400 pamphlets, 133,000 U.S., Canadian, and California State	
				government publications, and 45,600 internally generated research reports. SRI has	
				working arrangements for the use of Stanford University libraries and the United	
				States Geological Survey library. As a member of the Research Libraries	
				Information Network (RLIN), SRI's library staff can access on-line the holdings of over 200 major libraries.	
				SRI has a hollow-fiber spinning line that has the capacity to spin over 1 km per day.	
				We also have fully equipped laboratories with tools that allow for post-treatment of	
				fibers using cross-linking, potting, and module fabrication techniques. SRI also has	
				complete fiber characterization equipment including optical and electron	
				microscopes, tension analyzers and porosity meters. SRI has a custom-built hollow	
				fiber test stations to conduct fiber performance analysis for various applications (
				e.g., liquid and gas separation applications).	
				SRI has a well-equipped machine shop staffed by expert machinists and welders	
				experienced in prototype fabrication. The shop has automated lathes and milling	
				machines for cost-effective fabrication and has working relationships with local	
				companies that specialize in glass-blowing, ceramic machining, and plasma and	
				thermal spraying techniques.	
				Several CO2 capture test systems (solvent testing, membrane testing, and sorbent	
				testing) are also testing and scale-up testing. Test equipment for high-pressure/high-	
				temperature processing (e.g., hydrothermal test loops for organic conversion and	
				corrosion test systems) is also available.	
				SRI has a state-of-the-art analytical laboratory facility that includes infrared CO2 analyzers, a chemiluminescent ammonia analyzer, gas chromatographs with thermal	
				conductivity and flame ionization detectors, liquid chromatographs (with mass	
				detection), several ion chromatographs for cation and anion detection, a gas	
				chromatograph-mass spectrometer (GC-MS), magnetic and quadrupole mass	
				spectrometers, and wet chemical analytical equipment.	
				Other materials characterization equipment is also available, including: a Cambridge	
				Leo 425 scanning electron microscope with EDX attachment; a Micromeritics	
				helium pycnometer; an automated mercury porosimeter, an automated surface area	
				analyzer; a Philips X-ray diffractometer with automated data acquisition; an X-ray	
				fluorescence analyzer; a Perkin Elmer laser desorption and ionization analyzer;	
				automated polishing and grinding equipment; optical microscopes (Wilde	Contact Name: Indira
				Macroscope, Nikon metallograph); SRI's Fracture Surface Topography Analysis	Jayaweera, Sr. Staff Scientist
				(FRASTA) instrument to visualize failure modes; a surface profilometer and	•
				research ellipsometer; TA Associates differential scanning calorimetry (DSC),	and Program Manager
				thermogravimetric analysis (TGA), differential thermal analysis (DTA) equipment; a	Company Name: SRI
				Netsch high- temperature dilatometer; an Instron mechanical tester with a high-	International
				temperature attachment; high- temperature creep testers; Rockwell and Vickers	Address: 333 Ravenswood
				hardness testers, and a Vickers microhardness tester.	Avenue, Menlo Park, CA
				The electrochemical testing equipment includes: modern high-speed potentiostats	
				(computer interfaced PAR 280, 273); a full range of instrumentation for in-situ	94025
				measurements of corrosion rates using small amplitude cyclic polarization, potential step polarization, and rotating ring disc techniques; and Solartron 1250, 1255, and	Phone: 1-650-859-4042
	Indira			1260 impedance analyzers for AC impedance characterization of solids and	E-mail:
SRI International	Jayaweera	nonprofit		interfaces.	Indira.jayaweera@sri.com

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Organization Name Type Expertise Description of Capabilities UTRS has been actively engaged in titanium extraction research since 2003 in Butte, Montana. We have developed a patent-pending system and method for extracting and refining titanium that makes use of domestic, non-traditional ore sources to lower costs and reduce pollution. This process is accomplished in two major processing steps; the underlying technology integrates innovative extraction techniques as well as electrorefining and metal processing practices that have been adapted to produce titanium directly from titanium-bearing ores. Universal Technical Services, Inc. Name: Lowell Sew Address: 950 N. K Suite 208 Cherry From the company of the contact Phone: 85 services, Inc. ITN Energy Systems, Inc. is an innovative technology incubator, R&D accelerator, and product development company. We identify and develop next generation clean and emerging technologies. We use smart science and extensive manufacturing and	cal Resource ward Kings Hwy. Hill, NJ 08034 utrs.com
Universal Technical Resource Services, Inc. Lowell Seward Corporation In Butte, Montana. We have developed a patent-pending system and method for extracting and refining titanium that makes use of domestic, non-traditional ore sources to lower costs and reduce pollution. This process is accomplished in two major processing steps; the underlying technology integrates innovative extraction techniques as well as electrorefining and metal processing practices that have been adapted to produce titanium directly from titanium-bearing ores. ITN Energy Systems, Inc. is an innovative technology incubator, R&D accelerator, and product development company. We identify and develop next generation clean	ward Kings Hwy. Hill, NJ 08034 utrs.com
Universal Technical Resource Services, Inc. Lowell Seward Corporation Technical Resource Services, Inc. Total Corporation Metals, Fibers and e-waste Metals, Fibers and e-waste innovative extraction techniques as well as electro- refining and metal processing practices that have been adapted to produce Contact Phone: 85 x116	Kings Hwy. Hill, NJ 08034 utrs.com
Universal Technical Resource Services, Inc. Lowell Seward Corporation Touniversal Technical Resource Services, Inc. Lowell Seward Corporation Touniversal Technical Resource Services, Inc. Touniversal Technical Resource Services, Inc. Lowell Seward Corporation Touniversal Technical Resource Services, Inc. Metals, Fibers and e-waste Metals, Fibers and e-waste Touniversal Inc.	Kings Hwy. Hill, NJ 08034 utrs.com
Technical Resource Services, Inc. Lowell Seward Corporation Resource Services, Inc. Corporation Description Metals, Fibers and e-waste Description Descript	Hill, NJ 08034 utrs.com
Technical Resource Services, Inc. Lowell Seward Corporation Metals, Fibers and e-waste ITN Energy Systems, Inc. is an innovative technology incubator, R&D accelerator, and product development company. We identify and develop next generation clean	utrs.com
Resource Services, Inc. Lowell Seward Corporation Metals, Fibers and e-waste Metals, Fibers and e-waste ITN Energy Systems, Inc. is an innovative technology incubator, R&D accelerator, and product development company. We identify and develop next generation clean	
Services, Inc. Lowell Seward Corporation e-waste titanium directly from titanium-bearing ores. x116 ITN Energy Systems, Inc. is an innovative technology incubator, R&D accelerator, and product development company. We identify and develop next generation clean	56-667-6770
ITN Energy Systems, Inc. is an innovative technology incubator, R&D accelerator, and product development company. We identify and develop next generation clean	
and product development company. We identify and develop next generation clean	
and emerging technologies. We use smart science and extensive manufacturing and	
commercialization experience to bring next-generation products to the marketplace. ITN's core technological competencies arise from our experience with thin-film	
multilayer devices, nanotechnology, and high-volume roll-to-roll manufacturing	
enhanced by intelligent process controls. From the beginning, ITN established a	
culture and process to support efficient commercialization of emerging and clean	
technologies with emphasis on tackling core manufacturing challenges. Core	
capabilities include:	
Advanced Materials and Processes	
Thin film processing of solid-state multilayer device structures	
Nanoscale engineered materials and patterned devices	
Flexible electronics	
Engineered polymers and ceramics	
Energy Devices and Clean Technology Energy generation	
Solar, fuel cells, and energy harvesting (plasmonics)	
Energy storage (i.e., batteries)	
Energy efficiency	
Window films (active and passive)	
Integrated Systems for Clean Technology	
Complete system design and implementation	
Integrated sensor and controls for autonomous operation	
Integration of multiple functions	
Combination of energy generation, storage, and control electronics	
Roll to Roll Processing with Intelligent Process Controls Unique high-volume, low-cost manufacturing platform	
Custom vacuum tool design and fabrication	
ITN Energy Process optimization and scale up Organization Na	ame: ITN
Systems, Inc. is an Closed-loop sensor-based controls to maintain product quality over long runs Energy Systems,	
innovative Monolithic integration into devices Contact Name: N	
Technology Commercialization Contact Address	
1 Tolli idooratoli to idoilcation	
incubator, R&D Manufacturability a primary concern from day 1 Shaffer Parkway	, Littleton,
accelerator, and Extensive infrastructure and strong technology team to rapidly develop and CO, 80127	
product commercialize technology contact Email:	
ITN Energy development From technology to marketplace Enabling technology solutions to create market pull, cost modeling, and strategic nullal@itnes.com	<u>m</u>
Systems, Inc Neelesh Ullal Small Business company. Systems Neelesh Ullal Small Business Company Contact Phone: 3	

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	Contact	Organization	Area of Technical		
Organization	Name	Type	Expertise	Description of Capabilities	Contact Information
					NU-ROCK TECHNOLOGY
					USA LLC
					Name: MRS MARTINA
					RAHME
					Address: UNIT 90/5
					WOODLANDS AVENUE,
					BREAKFAST
					POINT NSW 2137
					SYDNEY AUSTRALIA
					(WE ARE IN THE
					PROCESS OF SETTING
				ABILITY TO COMPLETELY UTILISE ALL MAJOR WASTE	UP AN ADDRESS IN THE
		TOTAL		STREAMS GENERATED BY COAL FIRED POWER	UNITED STATES,
		TOTAL		STATIONS, STEEL MILLS, NON FERRIS METAL	THROUGH THE
		WASTE		SMELTERS, ALUMINA PLANTS AND MINE TAILINGS	COMPANY THAT IS
		UTILISATION		DAMS AND WE CONVERT THIS WASTE INTO BUILDING	SETTING UP ALL OUR
		TECHNOLOGY		MATERIALS AND OR CONCRETE REPLACMENT USING	COMPANY IN THE USA)
NILL DOOK		AND	MA IOD MACTE	THE NU-ROCK TECHNOLOGY. THE PRODUCTS WE USE	Email: martina.rahme@nu-
NU-ROCK	MAADTINIA	COMPLETE	MAJOR WASTE	ARE 100% SUSTAINABLE AND USE LESS THEN 2% OF	rock.com
TECHNOLOGY	MARTINA	SITE	STREAM	THE EMBODIED ENERGY TO MAKE ANY PRODUCT	Contact Phone: +612 409
USA LLC	RAHME	REMEDIATION	UTILISATION	EQUIVALENT TO A CONCRETE PRODUCT	883 336