# U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE)

# Solar and Wind Interconnection for Future Transmission (SWIFTR)

# Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) Number: DE-FOA-0003246 FOA Type: Modification 000001 Assistance Listing Number: 81.087

FOA Issue Date:	3/19/2024		
Submission Deadline for Concept Papers:	4/17/2024 5 p.m. ET		
Submission Deadline for Full Applications:	<mark>7/11/2024 5 p.m. ET</mark>		
Expected Submission Deadline for Replies to Reviewer Comments:	<mark>8/16/2024 5 p.m. ET</mark>		
Expected Date for EERE Selection Notifications:	10/1/2024		
Expected Timeframe for Award Negotiations:	October–December 2024		

- Applicants must submit a Concept Paper by 5 p.m. ET on the due date listed above to be eligible to submit a Full Application.
- To apply to this FOA, applicants must register with and submit application materials through EERE eXCHANGE at <u>eere-eXCHANGE.energy.gov</u>, EERE's online application portal.
- Applicants must designate primary and backup points of contact in EERE eXCHANGE with whom EERE will communicate to conduct award negotiations. If an application is selected for award negotiations, it is not a commitment to issue an award. It is imperative that the applicant/selectee be responsive during award negotiations and meet negotiation deadlines. Failure to do so may result in cancelation of further award negotiations and rescission of the selection.
- Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) and System for Award Management (SAM) Each applicant (unless the applicant is excepted from those requirements under 2 CFR 25.110) is required to: (1) register in the SAM at <u>www.sam.gov</u> before submitting an application; (2) provide a valid UEI number in the application; and (3) maintain an active SAM registration with current information when the applicant has an active federal award or an application or plan under consideration by a federal awarding agency. DOE may not make a federal award to an applicant until the applicant has complied with all applicable UEI and SAM requirements and, if an applicant has not fully complied with the requirements by the time DOE is ready to make a federal award, DOE will determine



that the applicant is not qualified to receive a federal award and use that determination as a basis for making a federal award to another applicant.

NOTE: Due to the high number of UEI requests and SAM registrations, entity legal business name and address validations are taking longer than expected to process. Entities should start the UEI and SAM registration process as soon as possible. If entities have technical difficulties with the UEI validation or SAM registration process, they should use the <u>Help</u> feature on <u>SAM.gov</u>. SAM.gov will address service tickets in the order in which they are received and asks that entities not create multiple service tickets for the same request or technical issue. Additional entity validation resources can be found here: <u>GSAFSD Tier 0 Knowledge Base - Validating your Entity</u>.

Mod. No.	Date	Description of Modification		
000001	6/3/2024	Submission deadline for full applications has been moved from 6/28 to 7/11. Deadline for replies to reviewer comments has been moved accordingly to 8/16. Expected date for selection notifications has been moved to 10/1 and timeframe for negotiations has been moved to October-December 2024.		



# **Table of Contents**

I.	Funding Opportunity Description	1
А	. Background and Context	1
	i. Background and Purpose	1
	ii. Technology Space and Strategic Goals	2
	iii. Teaming Partner List	6
В	. Topic Areas	7
	i. Topic Area 1: Improved Efficiency of Electromagnetic Transient Simulations for Interconnection St	udies
	of Inverter-based Resources	8
	ii. Topic Area 2: Dynamic Stability-Enhanced Network Assessment Tools	14
	iii. Applicant Teaming Expectations	20
C	. Applications Specifically Not of Interest	21
D	Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion	21
E	. Authorizing Statutes	23
П.	Award Information	24
А	. Award Overview	24
	i. Estimated Funding	
	ii. Period of Performance	
	iii. New Applications Only	
В		
_	i. Cooperative Agreements	
	ii. Funding Agreements with Federally Funded Research and Development Center (FFRDCs)	
ш.	Eligibility Information	26
А	5 11	
	i. Domestic Entities	
	ii. Foreign Entities	
B		
	i. Legal Responsibility	
	ii. Cost Share Allocation	
	iii. Cost Share Types and Allowability	
	iv. Cost Share Contributions by FFRDCs	
	v. Cost Share Verification	
~	vi. Cost Share Payment	
C		
C		
E		
	i. Requirements for DOE/NNSA and Non-DOE/NNSA FFRDCs Included as a Subrecipient	
	a. Authorization for non-DOE/NNSA FFRDCs     b. Authorization for DOE/NNSA FFRDCs	
	c. Funding, Cost Share, and Subaward with FFRDCs	
	d. Responsibility	
F		
e		
IV.	Application and Submission Information	33
А	Application Process	
	i. Additional Information on EERE eXCHANGE	
В		
-	FF	

*Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.* 

# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF

# Office of ENERGY EFFICIENCY & RENEWABLE ENERGY

C.	C	ontent and Form of the Concept Paper	
D.	C	ontent and Form of the Full Application	
	i.	Full Application Content Requirements	
	ii.	SF-424: Application for Federal Assistance	37
	iii.	Technical Volume	
	iv.	Resumes	42
	ν.	Letters of Commitment	
	vi.	Statement of Project Objectives (SOPO)	44
	vii.	Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Plan	44
	viii.	Budget Justification Workbook	45
	ix.	Summary for Public Release	
	х.	Summary Slide	
	xi.	Subrecipient Budget Justification (if applicable)	47
	xii.	Budget for DOE/NNSA FFRDC (if applicable)	
	xiii.	Authorization for Non-DOE/NNSA or DOE/NNSA FFRDCs (if applicable)	47
	xiv.	SF-LLL: Disclosure of Lobbying Activities	47
	xv.	Waiver Requests (if applicable)	48
		preign Entity Participation	
	Pe	erformance of Work in the United States (Foreign Work Waiver Request)	
	xvi.	Current and Pending Support	
	xvii.	Locations of Work	
		Transparency of Foreign Connections	
	xix.	Potentially Duplicative Funding Notice	
Ε.		ontent and Form of Replies to Reviewer Comments	
F.		ost Selection Information Requests	
G.		nique Entity Identifier (UEI) and System for Award Management (SAM)	
Н.		ubmission Dates and Times	
١.		ntergovernmental Review	
J.		unding Restrictions	
	i.	Allowable Costs	
	ii.	Pre-Award Costs	
	iii.	Performance of Work in the United States (Foreign Work Waiver)	
	1.		
	2. 3.		
	iv.	Construction	
	v.	Foreign Travel	
	v. vi.	Equipment and Supplies	
	vii.	Build America Buy America Requirements for Infrastructure Projects	
	viii.	Lobbying	
	ix.	Risk Assessment	
	1.		
	2.		
	ar	mended and adopted by 2 CFR 910;	
	3.		
	4.	1 8,	
	5.		
		ederal entities.	
	X.	Invoice Review and Approval	
	xi.	Prohibition Related to Foreign Government-Sponsored Talent Recruitment Programs	
	xii.	Affirmative Action and Pay Transparency Requirements	
	xiii.	Foreign Collaboration Considerations	62
v.	Appl	lication Review Information	63

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.gov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.gov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

# Office of ENERGY EFFICIENCY & RENEWABLE ENERGY

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF

ENERGY

А		Technical Review Criteria	
	i.	Concept Papers	63
	ii.	Full Applications	64
	iii.	. Criteria for Replies to Reviewer Comments	67
В		Standards for Application Evaluation	67
C	•	Other Selection Factors	67
	i.	Program Policy Factors	67
D	).	Evaluation and Selection Process	68
	i.	Overview	68
	ii.	Pre-Selection Interviews	68
	iii.	. Pre-Selection Clarification	69
	iv.	. Recipient Responsibility and Qualifications	69
	٧.	Selection	70
E		Anticipated Notice of Selection and Award Negotiation Dates	70
VI.	Av	ward Administration Information	70
Д		Award Notices	70
	i.	Ineligible Submissions	70
	ii.		
	iii.		
	iv.		
	v.		
	vi.		
В		Administrative and National Policy Requirements	
	i.	Registration Requirements	
		<ol> <li>System for Award Management</li> </ol>	
		3. FedConnect	
		4. Grants.gov	73
		Electronic Authorization of Applications and Award Documents	
	ii.	Award Administrative Requirements	73
	iii.		
	iv.		
	٧.	National Policy Requirements	74
	vi.	. Environmental Review in Accordance with National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)	74
	vii	i. Flood Resilience	74
	vii	ii. Applicant Representations and Certifications	75
		1. Lobbying Restrictions	
		2. Corporate Felony Conviction and Federal Tax Liability Representations	
		3. Nondisclosure and Confidentiality Agreements Representations	
	ix.	P	
	х.		
	xi.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	xii		
	xii		
	xiv		
	xv	1 0	
	xv		
	xv		
	xv	iii. Implementation of Executive Order 13798, Promoting Free Speech and Religious Liberty	
	xix		
	хх	c. Current and Pending Support	81
	XX	xi. U.S. Manufacturing Commitments	81
	XX	ii. Interim Conflict of Interest Policy for Financial Assistance	82

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.gov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.gov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

# U.S. DEPARTMENT OF Office of ENERGY EFFICIENCY & RENEWABLE ENERGY

		Data Management Plan Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Human Subjects Research	83
VII.	Ques	tions/Agency Contacts	84
VIII.	Othe	r Information	84
A.		DA Modifications	
В.	Go	overnment Right to Reject or Negotiate	85
С.	Co	ommitment of Public Funds	85
D.	Tr	eatment of Application Information	
Ε.	Εv	aluation and Administration by Non-Federal Personnel	86
F.	No	otice Regarding Eligible/Ineligible Activities	87
G.	No	ptice of Right to Conduct a Review of Financial Capability	87
Н.	Re	equirement for Full and Complete Disclosure	87
١.	Re	etention of Submissions	87
J.	Tit	tle to Subject Inventions	87
К.	Go	overnment Rights in Subject Inventions	
	i.	Government Use License	
	ii.	March-In Rights	89
L.	Ri	ghts in Technical Data	
Μ	. Co	ppyright	90
Ν.	Ex	port Control	90
0.	Pr	ohibition on Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment	90
Ρ.	Pe	rsonally Identifiable Information (PII)	91
Q.	Ar	nual Independent Audits	91
Appe	ndix A	A – Cost Share Information	92
Арре	ndix E	3 – Sample Cost Share Calculation for Blended Cost Share Percentage	97
Арре	ndix (	C – Waiver Requests For: 1. Foreign Entity Participation; and 2. Foreign Work	99
		D – Required Use of American Iron, Steel, Manufactured Products, and Construction Materials equirements for Infrastructure Projects	-
Appe	ndix F	- List of Acronyms	106



# I. Funding Opportunity Description

# A. Background and Context

### i. Background and Purpose

This Funding Opportunity Announcement (FOA) is jointly issued by the U.S. Department of Energy Solar Energy Technologies Office (SETO) and Wind Energy Technologies Office (WETO) as part of their Interconnection Innovation Exchange (i2X) program1 to support innovative work to enable simpler, faster, and fairer interconnection of clean energy resources while enhancing the reliability, resiliency, and security of our electrical grid.

SETO and WETO work to accelerate the development and deployment of solar and wind technologies to support an equitable transition to a decarbonized electricity system by 2035 and a net-zero energy sector by 2050. Achieving these goals will support the nationwide effort to address the climate crisis and ensure that all Americans benefit from the transition to a clean energy economy. SETO supports solar energy research, development, demonstration, and technical assistance in six areas—photovoltaics, concentrating solar-thermal power, systems integration, manufacturing and competitiveness, soft costs,2 and equitable access—to improve the affordability, reliability, and domestic benefit of solar technologies on the electrical grid. WETO invests in wind energy research, development, demonstration, and deployment activities that enable and accelerate the innovations needed to advance offshore, land-based, and distributed wind systems; reduce the cost of wind energy; drive deployment in an environmentally conscious manner; and facilitate the integration of high levels of wind energy with the electrical grid.

Building a clean and equitable energy economy and addressing the climate crisis is a top priority of the Biden Administration. This FOA will advance the Biden Administration's goals to achieve carbon-pollution-free electricity by 2035 and to "deliver an equitable, clean energy future, and put the United States on a path to achieve net-zero emissions, economy-wide, by no later than 2050," 3 to the benefit of all Americans. DOE is committed to pushing the frontiers of science and engineering, catalyzing clean energy jobs through research, development,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Innovation Interconnection e-Xchange. <u>www.energy.gov/eere/i2x/interconnection-innovation-e-xchange</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Soft costs are the non-hardware costs associated with solar generation. These costs include permitting, financing, and installing solar generation, as well as the expenses solar companies incur to acquire new customers, pay suppliers, and cover their bottom line.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The White House. January 27, 2021. Executive Order 14008, "Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad."

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

demonstration, and deployment, and ensuring environmental justice and inclusion of underserved communities.

Solar and wind energy technologies are essential to achieving a 100% clean electricity system by 2035 and a net-zero energy system by 2050. According to analysis from the National Renewable Energy Laboratory (NREL), to achieve 100% clean electricity by 2035,4 solar and wind power will need to grow to provide up to 80% of U.S. electricity from a combined 2 terawatts (TW) of capacity. This will require growth rates as high as 90 gigawatts (GW)/year for solar capacity and as high as 145 GW/year for wind capacity, both representing sizable increases from the pace of growth forecast by the U.S. Energy Information Administration in 2024.5 The research and development (R&D) activities to be funded under this FOA will support the government-wide approach to the climate crisis by driving innovation leading to the deployment of critical clean energy technologies. Specifically, this FOA will provide new analytical tools and approaches to stakeholders that will accelerate and improve the reliable interconnection of renewable energy into the transmission system, also known as the bulk power system (BPS). The transmission system is the highvoltage system used to move large amounts of power between regions, as opposed to the local distribution system that serves customers.

### ii. Technology Space and Strategic Goals

As new clean energy generation and storage resources proliferate, they need to be connected to the distribution and transmission systems through a process known as "interconnection." This process involves an interconnection customer, such as a wind, solar, or battery energy storage developer, who submits an application to an electric service provider or independent system operator responsible for managing and operating the grid, to connect a new energy generation or storage facility. Within this FOA, such operators are referred to as "transmission operators" (TOs). The TO must then evaluate the existing resources on the grid to determine whether the project can be built, connected, and operated in a safe and reliable way.

Interconnection is dictated by a complex network of laws, regulations, and administrative processes that have been developed at the regional, state, or utility-territory level. Current interconnection procedures, however, are not designed to accommodate the deployment of the hundreds of gigawatts of solar

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Denholm, P., P. Brown, W. Cole, T. Mai, B. Sergi, M. Brown, P. Jadun, J. Ho, J. Mayernik, C. McMillan, and R. Sreenath. 2022. *Examining Supply-Side Options to Achieve 100% Clean Electricity by 2035*. NREL. <u>www.nrel.gov/docs/fy22osti/81644.pdf</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> U.S. Energy Information Administration. January 2024. "Solar and Wind to Lead Growth of U.S. Power Generation for the Next Two Years." <u>www.eia.gov/todayinenergy/detail.php?id=61242</u>.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

energy, wind energy, and battery energy storage resources needed each year to meet climate goals. From 2000 to 2010, the United States averaged 500–1,000 new transmission interconnection requests each year, corresponding to around 150–200 gigawatts (GW)/year of proposed generation. From 2011 to 2020, however, new requests have risen to 2,500–3,000 each year, representing anywhere from 400 to 600 GW/year of proposed generation, an increase in queue volume of three to five times.<sup>6</sup> Consequently, many new clean energy projects get delayed in interconnection queues, sometimes for years, awaiting review, study, and approval.

This FOA seeks applications to address the challenges posed to transmission system interconnection processes—including, but not limited to, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) Large Generator Interconnection Process<sup>7</sup> and Small Generator Interconnection Process,<sup>8</sup> as implemented by TOs—by the rapid, widespread clean energy transition in the United States. Challenges include limited transmission capacity and an increased number of applications from clean energy developers to TOs requesting connection to the grid.

In addition, the nature of inverter-based resources (IBRs) such as wind and solar generators and battery energy storage systems has led to a need for new types of studies. IBRs rely on a piece of equipment known as an "inverter" to convert the direct current electrical energy that they produce or store into alternating current that is compatible with the electrical grid. To identify how IBRs will operate when there is an unexpected outage or other event on the electrical grid, TOs may conduct electromagnetic transient (EMT) studies. EMT studies use highly accurate models of equipment and controls to identify interactions between grid devices and check that they will work correctly with each other and maintain a reliable grid. However, EMT studies are typically more complicated and more difficult to perform than traditional interconnection studies. The high volumes and complexities of interconnections have led to uncertainties, delays, and higher costs for developers seeking to connect new generation to the grid, which results in a more difficult and costly energy transition for ratepayers, utilities, and their regulators.<sup>9</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Berkeley Lab. "Queued Up: Characteristics of Power Plants Seeking Transmission Interconnection." <u>emp.lbl.gov/queues</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See <u>www.ferc.gov/electric-transmission/generator-interconnection/final-rules-establishing-and-revising-</u><u>standard</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See <u>www.ferc.gov/electric-transmission/generator-interconnection/standard-interconnection-agreements-and-procedures</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> North American Electric Reliability Corporation. 2023. "Reliability Guideline: Electromagnetic Transient Modeling for BPS-Connected Inverter-Based Resources."

www.nerc.com/comm/RSTC Reliability Guidelines/Reliability Guideline-EMT Modeling and Simulations.pdf.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

To address these challenges, SETO and WETO launched i2X in 2022, with the support of several national laboratories, including the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL), Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL), and NREL. The i2X program partners with utilities, grid operators, state and local governments, clean energy industry, energy justice groups, nonprofits, and others to conduct four key activities: stakeholder engagement, data collection and analysis, strategic roadmap development, and technical assistance.

In 2024, the i2X team published the draft DOE transmission interconnection roadmap.<sup>10</sup> This roadmap highlighted 34 solutions for stakeholders seeking to collaboratively improve interconnection processes in the short term, medium term, and long term. To address these challenges, organized under four goals, these solutions aim to deploy clean resources rapidly, equitably, and reliably. The four roadmap goals are as follows:

- Goal 1: Increase data access and transparency, centering on improving data availability that informs interconnection decision-making and monitoring of queue reform outcomes.
- Goal 2: Improve process and timing, focusing on the process of interconnection itself and providing solutions to streamline interconnections as the number of applications remains high.
- Goal 3: Promote economic efficiency, seeking to improve interconnection outcomes that meet market and policy objectives at lower costs to ratepayers, with fair allocation between producers and consumers and among states and Tribes.
- Goal 4: Maintain a reliable grid, focusing on prevention of unnecessary system disturbance and transmission impacts from increased inverter-based resource deployment.

While all solutions of the roadmap aim to promote a fair interconnection process, it is important to acknowledge that not all stakeholders start with the same tools and resources. An equitable interconnection process would acknowledge these barriers and provide transmission connection access opportunities for all. Energy equity in interconnection requires intentionally designing systems, technologies, procedures, and policies for all types of interconnection stakeholders, including energy, equity, and justice communities. Enhancements to interconnection and, relatedly, transmission planning processes can help make interconnection outcomes more inclusive and fairer.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> I2X. Transforming Interconnection: Paving the Way to Reliably Achieve an Energy Transition on the U.S. Transmission System by 2035, page 16 DOE. <u>www.energy.gov/sites/default/files/2023-10/Draft%20i2X%20Transmission%20Roadmap.pdf</u>. (Currently in Draft)

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

This FOA addresses all four of these goals by developing new methods of conducting interconnection studies and collecting data on the condition of the transmission system resources available to facilitate the interconnection process. These new methods will increase data transparency and lead to improved processes, ultimately promoting efficient and beneficial interconnection outcomes while maintaining grid reliability. As described in Section I.B, the FOA is particularly focused on solutions related to Goal 1 and Goal 4.

This FOA represents one of the many ways that i2X is working to address interconnection challenges. Prior to this FOA, i2X has funded technical assistance and interconnection queue and cost data collection and analysis and hosted workshops to upskill the interconnection workforce. In addition to this FOA, i2X is developing programming to accelerate the implementation of interconnection solutions through thought-leadership convenings, support of champions of change, investment in training the interconnection workforce, peer learning and exchange of best practices, and technical assistance. Furthermore, i2X is working on similar programming and a roadmap for the distribution system. Through this work, DOE is committed to building an interconnection community of practice to support interconnection innovation and excellence.

#### **Relevant Past SETO and WETO Funding**

DOE has historically funded many projects to improve the ability of power systems engineers to accurately model and simulate the impact of generators on the electrical grid, dating back to the initial development of EMT software at the Bonneville Power Administration.<sup>11</sup> Through more recent funding opportunities, SETO and WETO have funded research and development that improve the ability of engineers to screen or quickly assess the impact of new IBR interconnections on the grid through new models, methods, tools, and processes.

SETO supports interconnection efforts through both its systems integration<sup>12</sup> and soft costs<sup>13</sup> subprograms. Recent efforts include the SETO FY2021 Systems Integration and Hardware Incubator funding program,<sup>14</sup> the Solar and Wind Grid Services and Reliability Demonstration funding program,<sup>15</sup> the Operation and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Ametani, A. 2021. "Electromagnetic Transients Program: History and Future." *IEEJ Transactions on Electrical and Electronic Engineering*, 16: 1150–1158. https://doi.org/10.1002/tee.23192.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> SETO. Systems Integration. <u>www.energy.gov/eere/solar/systems-integration</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> SETO. Soft Costs. <u>www.energy.gov/eere/solar/soft-costs</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> SETO. Solar Energy Technologies Office Fiscal Year 2021 Systems Integration and Hardware Incubator Funding Program. <u>www.energy.gov/eere/solar/solar-energy-technologies-office-fiscal-year-2021-systems-integration-and-hardware</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> SETO. Solar and Wind Grid Services and Reliability Demonstration Funding Program. <u>www.energy.gov/eere/solar/solar-and-wind-grid-services-and-reliability-demonstration-funding-program</u>.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

Planning Tools for Inverter-Based Resource Management and Availability for Future Power Systems (OPTIMA) funding program,<sup>16</sup> and projects through both the Soft Costs and Systems Integration areas of SETO's FY22-24 Lab Call.<sup>17</sup>

WETO supports interconnection R&D through the Renewable Systems Integration subprogram.<sup>18</sup> Highlights of this work include efforts related to grid planning and analysis and grid operation and market impact.<sup>19</sup> WETO has supported the development of software products such as GridPACK<sup>™</sup>, an opensource framework for developing high-performance computing simulations of the power grid.<sup>20</sup> Both SETO and WETO have supported national laboratory research through their support of the Grid Modernization Initiative.<sup>21</sup>

#### iii. Teaming Partner List

DOE is compiling a Teaming Partner List to facilitate the formation of project teams for this FOA. The Teaming Partner List allows organizations that may wish to participate on a project to express their interest to other applicants and explore potential partnerships.

The Teaming Partner List will be available on EERE eXCHANGE and will be regularly updated to reflect new teaming partners who provide their organization's information.

SUBMISSION INSTRUCTIONS: View the Teaming Partner List by visiting the EERE eXCHANGE homepage and clicking on "Teaming Partners" within the left-hand navigation pane. This page allows users to view published Teaming Partner Lists. To join the Teaming Partner List, submit a request within eXCHANGE. Select the appropriate Teaming Partner List from the drop-down menu and fill in the following information: Investigator Name, Organization Name, Organization Type, Topic Area, Background and Capabilities, Website, Contact Address, Contact Email, and Contact Phone.

www.energy.gov/eere/wind/renewable-systems-integration-past-research-project-highlights.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> SETO. Funding Notice: Operation and Planning Tools for Inverter-Based Resource Management and Availability for Future Power Systems (OPTIMA). <u>www.energy.gov/eere/solar/articles/funding-notice-operation-and-planning-tools-inverter-based-resource-management</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> SETO. Solar Energy Technologies Office Lab Call FY2022-24. <u>www.energy.gov/eere/solar/solar-energy-technologies-office-lab-call-fy2022-24</u>.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> WETO. Renewable Systems Integration. <u>www.energy.gov/eere/wind/renewable-systems-integration</u>.
 <sup>19</sup> WETO. Renewable Systems Integration: Past Research Project Highlights.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> PNNL. GridPACK<sup>™</sup>: An Open Source Framework for Developing High Performance Computing Simulations of the Power Grid. <u>www.pnnl.gov/projects/gridpacktm-open-source-framework-developing-high-performance-computing-simulations-power</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> DOE. Grid Modernization Initiative. <u>www.energy.gov/gmi/grid-modernization-initiative</u>.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.gov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.gov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

DISCLAIMER: By submitting a request to be included on the Teaming Partner List, the requesting organization consents to the publication of the above-referenced information. By facilitating the Teaming Partner List, DOE is not endorsing, sponsoring, or otherwise evaluating the qualifications of the individuals and organizations that are identifying themselves for placement on this Teaming Partner List. DOE will not pay for the provision of any information, nor will it compensate any applicants or requesting organizations for the development of such information.

# **B.** Topic Areas

This funding opportunity solicits proposals for projects to expedite future interconnections of wind, solar, and battery energy storage systems into the transmission system while preserving data security and system reliability. Awardees under this funding opportunity will develop tools and methods that provide necessary information to grid stakeholders to specifically address the following DOE transmission interconnection roadmap<sup>22</sup> goals:

- Increasing data access and transparency, centering on improving data availability that informs interconnection decision-making and monitoring of queue reform outcomes. (Goal 1: Solutions 1.1 and 1.3)
- Maintaining a reliable grid, focusing on prevention of unnecessary system disturbances and evaluating transmission impacts from increased inverter-based resource deployment. (Goal 4: Solutions 4.1–4.3)

The two FOA topic areas are as follows:

• Topic Area 1: Improved Efficiency of EMT Simulations for Interconnection Studies of IBRs

Projects in this topic area will seek to improve the efficiency of the interconnection study process for new IBRs, such as solar and wind plants and battery energy storage systems, by improving software tools to study plant dynamics to increase long-term plant reliability. Projects will achieve this both by improving the speed of advanced, high-fidelity EMT modeling and simulation tools used in power systems interconnection studies and by developing a better understanding of when such high-fidelity simulations are necessary in the interconnection process.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> I2X. *Transforming Interconnection*, page 16. <u>www.energy.gov/sites/default/files/2023-10/Draft%20i2X%20Transmission%20Roadmap.pdf</u>. (Currently in Draft)

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

Topic Area 2: Dynamic Stability-Enhanced Network Assessment Tools
 Projects in this topic area will develop tools to provide stakeholders with data on
 transmission system characteristics related to stability, voltage, and grid strength
 while securing confidential and critical energy infrastructure information.
 Projects will establish the type of information required by stakeholders, develop
 a tool or tools, and test and evaluate those tools on at least one real
 transmission system.

Topic Area 1 is primarily focused on the improvement of software tools, methods, or processes used to conduct EMT studies, the results of which will inform the transmission system interconnection stakeholders in Topic Area 2. Projects in Topic Area 2 do not need to be focused solely on transmission system characteristics based on EMT studies.

All projects must present a plan to engage with public partners or organizations representing local community interests. Projects must justify that the knowledge and outputs generated from the project will contribute to more effective deployment of IBRs than current practices and explain this improvement relative to existing benchmarks. Any projects proposing to create digital resources such as datasets, models, or decision support tools must include a plan for the maintenance or commercialization of that tool by the end of the project period of performance, to ensure that the tool remains useful and available to all relevant stakeholders after the end of DOE funding.

Projects must include partners that enable real-world testing and verification of the proposed method or technology. If the proposed project will require accessing commercial facilities, proposals must provide evidence that the site owner or controller supports the project and is willing to provide site access.

# i. Topic Area 1: Improved Efficiency of Electromagnetic Transient Simulations for Interconnection Studies of Inverter-based Resources

#### Introduction

When interconnecting a new generation resource to the transmission system, TOs must ensure that it will not have a destabilizing impact or otherwise reduce the reliability of the grid. For large interconnections, the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) defines reliability standards that must be maintained.<sup>23</sup> To understand whether a new interconnection could impact grid

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> NERC. "Reliability Standards." <u>www.nerc.com/pa/Stand/Pages/ReliabilityStandards.aspx</u>.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

reliability, power system planners and operators rely on simulation tools that model their electrical networks, the flow of electricity through them, and how that flow changes dynamically in response to changes in the system, such as a sudden loss of generation or a fault.

Traditionally, the simulation tools used in these interconnection studies rely on the balanced nature of the three-phase transmission system and its representation in the phasor domain to simplify computations and make large-scale studies possible. However, the faster dynamics and nonlinearities that are introduced by IBRs such as solar and wind generators and battery energy storage systems cannot be accurately represented in these traditional tools.<sup>24</sup> This has led engineers to use more sophisticated EMT simulation tools that can more accurately represent faster dynamics when studying IBR interconnections in sensitive regions.<sup>25</sup>

These EMT simulation tools can capture microsecond-scale dynamics of the power system, including the electromagnetic dynamics of the transmission lines, the power electronic switching of inverters, and the real control code that would be installed in the field.<sup>26, 27</sup> However, these more accurate representations require more complex network and equipment models and much smaller simulation timesteps compared to the traditional simulation tools, which typically run in millisecond-scale timesteps. This can increase computation times by several orders of magnitude, even requiring several days to simulate large systems.<sup>28</sup> In addition, building the more complex models of network and equipment typically requires more engineering resources (e.g., labor, investment, and expertise).

#### State of the Art – Topic Area 1

In response to grid reliability events in 2021 and 2022, investigations by NERC indicated that improper inverter settings led to plants going offline

<sup>25</sup> Rose, J. August 2023. "Before Clicking Run: Quality and Goals of EMT," ORNL EMT Workshop. emtworkshop.ornl.gov/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/1.-ERCOT ORNL EMT Workshop.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Rahimi, E. August 2023. "EMT Studies in CAISO," ORNL EMT Workshop. <u>emtworkshop.ornl.gov/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/2.-CAISO\_ORNL\_EMT\_Workshop.pdf</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> EMTP. "Renewable Energy Systems." <u>www.emtp.com/applications/renewable-energy-systems</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Manitoba Hydro International Ltd. September 2018. "Photovoltaic Example." <u>www.pscad.com/knowledge-base/download/pvsystemgenericexample.pdf</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Choi, J., and S. Debnath. April 2021. "Electromagnetic Transient (EMT) Simulation Algorithm for Evaluation of Photovoltaic (PV) Generation Systems," 2021 IEEE Kansas Power and Energy Conference (KPEC). NREL. <u>https://www.osti.gov/biblio/1817500</u>.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

unnecessarily.<sup>29, 30</sup> In their reports on these investigations, NERC produced a table, shown in Figure 1, that evaluated causes of solar plant tripping and whether that tripping behavior could have been accurately simulated ahead of time in the interconnection and commissioning process by either traditional (positive-sequence) or advanced EMT simulation tools. In Figure 1, the rows circled in red indicate the types of erroneous tripping events that NERC has concluded cannot be accurately simulated with traditional tools and, therefore, must be identified by EMT simulation tools. As a result, NERC is recommending updating their own standards to "incorporate EMT modeling requirements and quality checks for all submitted models as well as EMT studies to ensure reliable operation of the BPS with increasing levels of inverter-based resources."<sup>31</sup>

Table 3.1: Solar PV Tripping and Modeling Capabilities and Practices				
Cause of Reduction	Can Be Accurately Modeled in Positive Sequence Simulations?	Can Be Accurately Modeled in EMT Simulations?		
Inverter Instantaneous AC Overcurrent	No	Yes		
Passive Anti-Islanding (Phase Jump)	Yes <sup>a</sup>	Yes		
Inverter Instantaneous AC Overvoltage	No	Yes		
Inverter DC Bus Voltage Unbalance	No	Yes		
Feeder Underfrequency	No <sup>b</sup>	No <sup>c</sup>		
Incorrect Ride-Through Configuration	Yes	Yes		
Plant Controller Interactions	Yes <sup>d</sup>	Yes <sup>e</sup>		
Momentary Cessation	Yes	Yes		
Inverter Overfrequency	No <sup>b</sup>	Yes		
PLL Loss of Synchronism	No	Yes		
Feeder AC Overvoltage	Yes <sup>f</sup>	Yes		
Inverter Underfrequency	No <sup>b</sup>	Yes		

Figure 1. Causes of solar plant tripping from the NERC 2022 Odessa disturbance report, with causes that NERC indicates can only be accurately modeled in EMT simulations highlighted in red.

Currently, different TOs have their own practices and requirements for when EMT models of proposed plants must be provided and when EMT studies are performed in the interconnection process. The Southwest Power Pool (SPP) only performs EMT studies after a separate screening study deems further analysis to be needed, at which point the interconnection customer must provide EMT models that meet SPP's requirements.<sup>32</sup> Other TOs, such as the California

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> NERC. September 2021. *Odessa Disturbance: Texas Events: May 9, 2021 and June 26, 2021; Joint NERC and Texas RE Staff Report*. <u>www.nerc.com/pa/rrm/ea/Documents/Odessa Disturbance Report.pdf</u>.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> NERC. December 2022. 2022 Odessa Disturbance: Texas Event: June 4, 2022; Joint NERC and Texas RE Staff
 *Report*. <u>www.nerc.com/comm/RSTC Reliability Guidelines/NERC 2022 Odessa Disturbance Report%20(1).pdf</u>.
 <sup>31</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> SPP. January 2022. "SPP Electromagnetic Transient (EMT) Model Requirements." <u>opsportal.spp.org/documents/studies/SPP%20EMT%20Model%20Requirements.pdf</u>.

Independent System Operator (CAISO), require EMT models for all IBR interconnection applications above a minimum capacity.<sup>33</sup> Some TOs, such as the Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT), are working closely with NERC to develop requirements for every transmission-level IBR interconnection to provide an EMT model, with the expectation that more EMT studies will be needed in the future to ensure reliability.<sup>34</sup>

Transmission operators outside the United States are also developing procedures for determining when EMT studies of IBRs are required. In Australia, studies must be performed to determine if an interconnection will impact system strength and, if so, whether remediation measures are required to proceed with the interconnection. This process previously involved wide-area EMT studies; however, the Australian Energy Market Operator (AEMO) has developed a simpler screening approach, reducing the effort required for interconnection studies.<sup>35</sup> In Europe, a common European grid code, Commission Regulation 2016/631,<sup>36</sup> was introduced in 2016 to harmonize the simulation requirements across countries. Only high-level requirements were provided regarding modeling the power dynamics of the plant, but software platform or model fidelity, including EMT requirements, were not specified. As a result, different countries require different levels of accuracy in their simulations, based on their specific model validation processes.<sup>37</sup> German regulators have recently begun to require EMT models for some specific cases, such as IBRs connected with or near high-voltage direct current or connected to very weak sections of grid.<sup>38</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> CAISO. October 2020. "Electromagnetic Transient Modeling Requirements." <u>www.caiso.com/Documents/Presentation-ElectromagneticTransientModelSubmissionsRequirement-Oct212020.pdf</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> North American Electric Reliability Corporation. May 2023. "Reliability Guideline: Electromagnetic Transient Modeling for BPS-Connected Inverter-Based Resources—Recommended Model Requirements and Verification Practices." <u>www.nerc.com/comm/RSTC/EMMTF/EMT%20Modeling%20for%20BPS-Connected%20Inverter-</u> <u>Based%20Resources%E2%80%94Recommended%20Model%20Requirements%20and%20Verification%20Practices</u> %20-%20Presentations.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Badrzadeh, B. October 2023. "IBR Grid Connection Studies – Lessons Learned." <u>www.esig.energy/download/ibr-grid-connection-studies-lessons-learned-babak-badrzadeh/?wpdmdl=10768&refresh=653fe6bb6cf7d1698686651</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> The European Commission. April 2016. *Commission Regulation (EU) 2016/631 of 14 April 2016 Establishing a Network Code on Requirements for Grid Connection of Generators*. <u>eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-</u> <u>content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32016R0631</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Schmidt, J. "Generator Grid Code Compliance Assessment Using Simulation Models." Energynautics. <u>www.esig.energy/download/generator-grid-code-compliance-assessment-using-simulation-models-jan-david-schmidt/?wpdmdl=10765&refresh=653fe6bb499831698686651</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Fortmann, J. October 2023. "German Grid Code Compliance Assessment Practice." ESIG. <u>www.esig.energy/download/german-grid-code-compliance-assessment-practice-jens-fortmann/?wpdmdl=10766&refresh=653fe6bb54c711698686651</u>.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

Increasing the number of EMT-level simulations required in the IBR interconnection process may be challenging, whether it stems from NERC or TO requirements. Plant developers would need to validate and submit EMT-level models of their plants, which are often proprietary to the inverter original equipment manufacturer (OEM). The final settings (or even inverter vendor) are often not known early in the design and interconnection proposal process.<sup>39</sup> As a result, both TOs and plant developers, as well as consultants who support them, would need to invest more resources in specialized EMT software and more engineering time in performing the lengthier, more complex EMT studies.

#### **Topic Area 1 Objectives**

The objective of this topic area is to fund improvements to EMT software tools and processes that will improve the efficiency of new IBR interconnection studies that require EMT simulations to ensure grid reliability. Additionally, this topic area seeks to fund studies that will investigate when EMT simulations are required in the interconnection process and provide guidelines for utilities and TOs to streamline their interconnection processes for EMT model validation and grid reliability studies.

Successful projects will address these objectives through the following three major categories of activity. Any individual project may address one, some, or all of these categories.

First, projects will improve the computational efficiency of EMT simulation software by developing and testing new methods. Methods may focus on improving computational efficiency for large power system networks that include many IBRs. Such methods may include leveraging sparsity, network segmentation, and hybrid modeling approaches. Other methods that improve simulation efficiency, such as event-based processing, adaptable simulation timesteps, and variable model fidelity, are also of interest. Projects may also explore the use of computationally efficient simulation platforms, such as parallel multicore processing, cloud-based solutions, software-as-a-service solutions, or real-time solutions. Projects must develop software specifications to incorporate the proposed improvements into a prototype or beta version of a commercial software package or other form that can be broadly used by industry upon completion of the project.

Second, projects will improve the efficiency of engineering workflows for EMT interconnection studies. Methods for doing so may include improving the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Thant, A. August 2023. "EMT Model Life Cycle: Where We Need to Go," ORNL EMT Workshop. NERC. www.emtworkshop.ornl.gov/wp-content/uploads/2023/09/4.-NERC EMT-Model-Life-Cycle EMT Workshop.pdf.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



process for establishing new EMT interconnection studies or procuring and validating EMT models from plant developers. Projects may explore the possibility of automating portions of the interconnection study and reporting process to reduce the required human effort. In addition, projects may develop training materials for engineers to become more proficient with EMT simulations for interconnection studies.

Third, projects will develop guidelines and screening criteria for the use of EMT simulations to address specific reliability issues for new interconnections. This will allow TOs to better understand when an EMT simulation is needed and what scope of study is required to address reliability issues. Projects will provide guidelines and screening criteria based on the interconnection request and identify network conditions at the site of interconnection that would merit an EMT study. Projects will also develop a list of reliability issues (such as phase angle ride-through, overvoltage ride-through, sub-synchronous oscillations, etc.) that require an EMT plant model and describe the scope of EMT simulation required to accurately study each issue.

This topic area supports solutions in the DOE roadmap,<sup>40</sup> including Solution 4.1 ("require submission of verified EMT models for all IBRs during the interconnection process, ahead of EMT studies being needed, and develop screening criteria to determine when EMT studies are necessary within a region"); Solution 4.2 ("develop rules for dynamic model quality testing and validation in both [root-mean-square] and EMT domains, ensuring that plant performance conforms with applicable interconnection requirements"); and Solution 4.3 ("develop study process flow that is better aligned with generation project development timelines").

#### **Topic Area 1 Project Requirements**

Proposals should consider including the project features listed in Table 1. The metrics describe project features of interest to DOE and what would be considered an impactful and scientifically meritorious project proposal. Applicants are encouraged to develop their own ambitious performance metrics that go beyond the metrics defined for each of these features. Projects do not need to meet all the metrics listed in Table 1 to apply, but projects that meet or exceed most or all of the listed metrics will be considered higher for selection.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> I2X. *Transforming Interconnection*, page 16. (Currently in Draft)

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



Features	Target Metrics
Improved computational efficiency of EMT simulations	• Reduced computation time by a factor of 100 of a benchmark test system compared to a current commercial software platform. Benchmark test system must be described in application and justified as a robust example for validation purposes.
Improved overall efficiency of EMT interconnection studies	• Reduced overall engineering time by a factor of 10 of a benchmark test system from model procurement to interconnection study outcome reporting compared to current practice. Benchmark test system must be described in application and justified as a robust example for validation purposes.
Data requirements	<ul> <li>Network models and reliability use case data provided by TO partners, representing real-world networks.</li> <li>EMT plant models provided by either OEMs or developers, representing realistic interconnection requests.</li> </ul>
Cybersecurity	• Work plan describes how cybersecurity is considered in the developed planning tools and methodologies.
Commercialization	<ul> <li>Work plan describes how the technology will become more broadly used by industry or developed/integrated into a commercial product in the short term after project completion.</li> <li>Proposal describes how software developed under this FOA will be distributed (e.g., open source, as part of an existing commercial software package).</li> </ul>
Team partners	<ul> <li>Active participation from a commercial or open-source software developer who can guide the development of software specifications for commercialization.</li> <li>Active participation from utilities and/or TOs to provide network models, develop use cases, and provide use case data.</li> <li>Active participation from plant developers or OEMs to provide plant model data.</li> <li>Active participants in the project must be responsible for contributing to project tasks and milestones and have an associated budget reflecting this participation.</li> </ul>

#### Table 1: Project Requirements for Topic 1.

# ii. Topic Area 2: Dynamic Stability-Enhanced Network Assessment Tools

#### Introduction

Throughout the i2X stakeholder process, participants indicated that transparent data about the transmission system could result in improved interconnection requests. Additionally, analysis done by LBNL shows that there is significant variability in interconnection costs (Figure 2).<sup>41</sup> LBNL data shows that

<sup>41</sup> Seel, J., J. M. Kemp, J. Rand, W. Gorman, D. Millstein, F. Kahrl, and R. Wiser. June 2023. "Generator Interconnection Costs to the Transmission System." LBNL. <u>eta-</u> <u>publications.lbl.gov/sites/default/files/berkeley\_lab\_interconnection\_cost\_webinar.pdf</u>; Kemp, J. M., J. Seel, W.

Gorman, J. Rand, R. Wiser, W. Cotton, and K. Porter. June 2023. "Interconnection Cost Analysis in ISO-New

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.gov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.gov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

interconnection costs are increasing and becoming more variable and that projects that withdraw from the interconnection queue have higher average interconnection costs than others. Projects that withdraw are unable to interconnect and will not be constructed.

DOE has incorporated this feedback and analysis into its transmission interconnection roadmap draft.<sup>42</sup> Specifically, Solutions 1.1 ("improve the scope, accessibility, quality, and standardization of data on projects already in interconnection queues, including project attributes and cost estimates, and post-generator interconnection agreement [GIA] information") and 1.3 ("develop tools to manage, analyze, and visualize transmission and interconnection data made available in first two solutions") in the roadmap detail the needs for transparent data and tools to visualize and analyze transmission and interconnection data.

England." LBNL and Exeter Associates. eta-publications.lbl.gov/sites/default/files/iso-

<sup>&</sup>lt;u>ne interconnection costs vfinal.pdf</u>; Seel, J., J. M. Kemp, J. Rand, W. Gorman, D. Millstein, F. Kahrl, R. Wiser, A. Weissfeld, N. DiSanti, and K. Porter. April 2023. "Generator Interconnection Cost Analysis in the Southwest Power Pool (SPP) Territory." LBNL and Exeter Associates. <u>eta-</u>

publications.lbl.gov/sites/default/files/berkeley lab 2023.04.20- spp interconnection costs.pdf; Kemp, J. M., J. Seel, J. Rand, D. Millstein, F. Kahrl, W. Gorman, R. Wiser, W. Cotton, and K. Porter. March 2023. "Interconnection Cost Analysis in NYISO Territory." LBNL and Exeter Associates. <u>eta-</u>

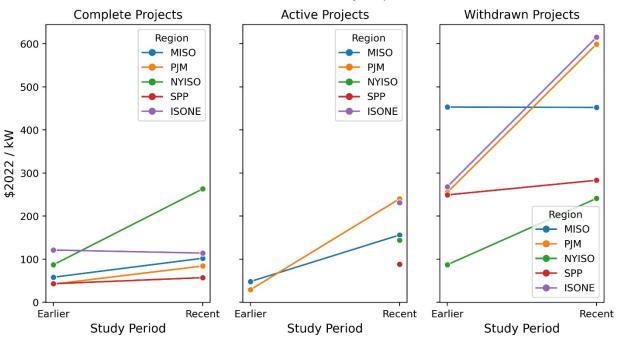
publications.lbl.gov/sites/default/files/nyiso interconnection costs vfinal.pdf; Seel, J., J. Rand, W. Gorman, D. Millstein, R. Wiser, W. Cotton, K. Fisher, O. Kuykendall, A. Weissfeld, and K. Porter. January 2023. "Interconnection Cost Analysis in the PJM Territory." LBNL and Exeter Associates. <u>eta-</u>

publications.lbl.gov/sites/default/files/berkeley lab 2023.1.12- pjm interconnection costs.pdf; and Seel, J., J. Rand, W. Gorman, D. Millstein, R. Wiser, W. Cotton, N. DiSanti, and K. Porter. October 2022. "Interconnection Cost Analysis in the Midcontinent Independent System Operator (MISO) Territory." LBNL and Exeter Associates. <u>eta-publications.lbl.gov/sites/default/files/berkeley lab 2022.10.06- miso interconnection costs.pdf</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> See <u>www.energy.gov/eere/i2x/articles/request-information-transmission-system-interconnection-roadmap-</u> <u>draft</u>.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.





Total Interconnection Costs by Request Status

Figure 2. Displaying the trends in total interconnection costs by request status. For active projects, the proportion of total costs attributed to network upgrades has risen. Regions described by this data are the Mid-Continent
 Independent System Operator (MISO), PJM Independent System Operator, New York Independent System Operator, SPP, and Independent System Operator – New England. Source: LBNL.

#### State of the Art – Topic Area 2

On July 28, 2023, FERC released Order 2023,<sup>43</sup> which enacted several reforms for both large and small interconnection procedures and agreements. Among these reforms, FERC requires TOs to provide public interconnection capacity information in the form of a "heatmap." This information is intended to show transmission system capacity under single-contingency NERC transmission planning criteria and is intended to increase transparency and developer awareness of system constraints when making siting decisions.<sup>44</sup> This requirement is intended to reduce the number of "speculative interconnection requests" as "a prospective interconnection customer will be able to better assess the viability of a proposed generating facility before it submits an interconnection request and therefore may be able to submit fewer exploratory

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> FERC. July 2023. Order 2023. <u>www.ferc.gov/media/e-1-order-2023-rm22-14-000</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> MISO already has such a tool (Point of Interconnection Analysis). CAISO, PJM (Queue Scope), and SPP are in the process of considering or developing tools.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



and unviable interconnection requests."45

These heatmaps will enable stakeholders to better understand steady-state power flow (the way power flows in stable conditions without disruptions) and transmission line thermal capacity limitations. While these factors are important to efficient siting, they are usually only the most basic considerations. Available capacity at points of interconnection could be further constrained by consideration of dynamic factors of system stability, line voltage profiles, fault currents, and other operating limits, including reasonable second-order<sup>46</sup> contingencies. Under higher penetrations of inverter-based renewable resources, additional information will become necessary to understand required transmission system upgrades to maintain grid reliability. These include characteristics identified by FERC's Notice of Proposed Rulemaking commenters, including "system stresses, operability issues (e.g., N-1-1), stability and voltage issues, and weak transmission system issues."<sup>47</sup> These dynamic characteristics are generally not visible to stakeholders when only steady-state analysis is conducted. The lack of visibility may lead stakeholders to overestimate network capacity.

Some TOs are beginning to experience these dynamic-stability issues in longterm planning or current operation and need to develop tools to address them. MISO's Renewable Integration Impact Assessment shows that dynamic stability issues with increased penetrations of IBRs will impose additional technology requirements to address weak grid conditions, particularly in areas with high IBR penetration.<sup>48</sup> ERCOT conducts quarterly stability assessments of new generation resources several months prior to resource synchronization. These assessments delay generators' synchronization to the grid if stability issues are found and need mitigation.<sup>49</sup>

Due to rising IBR penetrations in Australia, the AEMO has developed a fee-based tool to help developers run simulations while preserving confidential system

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> FERC Order 2023, page 120.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Second-order contingencies include *n*-2 contingencies, the simultaneous loss of two system components, and *n*-1 contingencies, which are single contingencies followed by a subsequent loss of another system component after the system has adjusted to the first contingency.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> FERC Order 2023, page 91.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> MISO. February 2021. *MISO's Renewable Integration Impact Assessment (RIIA)*. <u>cdn.misoenergy.org/RIIA</u> <u>Summary Report520051.pdf</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> ERCOT. March 2023. *Resource Interconnection Handbook: Version 1.94*, page 23. <u>view.officeapps.live.com/op/view.aspx?src=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.ercot.com%2Ffiles%2Fdocs%2F2021%2F01%2F</u> <u>07%2FResource Interconnection Handbook v1.94 03012023.docx&wdOrigin=BROWSELINK</u>.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

data.<sup>50</sup> This tool provides system insights based on dynamic modeling to understand how the new facilities will operate in the system context. This facilitates the development process by identifying system issues related to dynamic stability earlier in the process. Future upgrades of the AEMO tool will allow developers and consultants to increase their participation in modeling and studies. The increased information provided by the AEMO tool has the potential to reduce interconnection costs by allowing the developers to screen options and understand impacts before submitting a formal interconnection application.

For interconnection customers, additional studies take time and could identify additional system upgrade costs beyond what current heatmaps can identify. Tools developed under this topic will provide expanded, transparent, and standardized information about transmission system characteristics, thereby encouraging viable project development at lower costs to ratepayers.<sup>51</sup>

#### **Topic Area 2 Objectives**

The objectives of this topic area are to:

- Establish the required information to provide transparency of a TO's system characteristics related to stability, voltage, and grid strength.
- Develop a tool that allows TOs to provide developers with necessary stability, voltage, and grid strength information while securing confidential and critical energy infrastructure information.
- Test the tool on one or more systems with one or more TOs (independent system operators or vertically integrated utilities) and evaluate its benefits.

Proposals to this topic area should provide an analysis of the required information for a full assessment of the network's capacity to accommodate additional IBR integration, including consideration of dynamic behavior in response to all reasonable contingencies. Proposals should also ascertain guidelines for the frequency of information/tool refresh, if required. Projects should develop a tool to present this information in a manner that can be standardized across all TOs and work with a TO to populate the tool with necessary information to assess its usefulness to clean energy developers. Testing the tool on multiple transmission interconnection systems is preferred.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> AEMO. Connections Simulation Tool. <u>aemo.com.au/energy-systems/electricity/national-electricity-market-nem/participate-in-the-market/network-connections/connections-simulation-tool</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> I2X. *Transforming Interconnection*, page 16. <u>www.energy.gov/sites/default/files/2023-</u> <u>10/Draft%20i2X%20Transmission%20Roadmap.pdf</u>. (Currently in Draft)

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



Applicants must include with their proposal an expected stakeholder inclusion plan for project development and a plan for communication and outreach activities throughout the project, including consideration of how to incorporate education more broadly for diverse audiences. Communication plans should include communication of current gaps in information availability and potential improvements to audiences, including nontechnical decision-makers such as industry managers and regulators.

#### **Topic Area 2 Project Requirements**

Proposals should consider including the project features listed in Table 2. The metrics describe project features of interest to DOE and what would be considered an impactful and scientifically meritorious project proposal. Applicants are encouraged to develop their own ambitious performance metrics that go beyond the metrics defined for each of these features. Projects do not need to meet all the metrics listed in Table 2 to apply, but projects that meet or exceed most or all listed metrics will be considered higher for selection.

Features	Target Metrics				
Data requirements	<ul> <li>Work plan will clearly describe what sources of data are required and will be used to assess grid voltage, stability, and strength characteristics.</li> <li>Proposal will demonstrate availability of such data provided by utilities/TOs, representing realistic system conditions.</li> <li>Work plan will include methods to provide transparency while securing intellectual property and critical energy infrastructure information.</li> <li>Work plan will describe the frequency for which data should be updated along with the rationale when applicable.</li> </ul>				
Tool testing and evaluation	<ul> <li>Work plan will include a testing phase of the developed tool on one or more transmission systems.</li> <li>Work plan will include an assessment by tool users, including renewable project developers and/or consultants, regarding the ease of use of the tool and its value and usefulness in providing information to assess voltage, stability, and grid strength considerations necessary for planning projects.</li> </ul>				
Communications plan	• Work plan describes how results will be disseminated, including to nontechnical decision-makers.				
Cybersecurity	• Work plan describes how cybersecurity is considered in the developed tools.				
Commercialization	• Work plan describes how the technology will become more broadly used by industry or developed/integrated into a commercial product in the short term after project completion.				
Team partners	• Active participation from utilities and/or TOs to develop data requirements.				

Table 2: Project Requirements for Topic 2.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



Features	Target Metrics			
	<ul> <li>Active participation from utilities and/or TOs to provide realistic data and use cases for voltage, stability, and grid strength assessments.</li> <li>Active participation from plant developers and/or consultants to assess the value and usefulness of information provided to support siting decisions.</li> <li>Active participants in the project must be responsible for contributing to project tasks and milestones and have an associated budget reflecting this participation.</li> </ul>			

### iii. Applicant Teaming Expectations

For both topic areas, all proposed projects must include the necessary stakeholders to address the stated problem and disseminate the results, including entities in decision-making roles required to implement proposed solutions (best practices or guidelines) and the communities that are impacted by these solutions. The team must also include relevant industry members from consultancies, electric utilities, transmission system operators, OEMs, and clean energy developers. At a minimum, industry representatives must include those that will implement and use the information/tool.

Teaming partnerships are highly recommended. The application must include letters of commitment clearly indicating each team member or advisor's role and the support of their organization. Inclusion may be shown in applications through a formal commitment to partner in the project or be represented through a letter of support. Electric utilities, transmission system operators, developers of solar, wind, and battery energy storage systems, and government partners (such as state energy offices, public utility commissions, and federal agencies) must have significant participation in these projects. Universities, federally funded research and development centers (FFRDCs), nonprofits, community-based organizations, state agencies, local governments, and developers of solar, wind, and battery energy storage systems are all encouraged to apply.

i2X emphasizes increasing diversity of research staff, increasing breadth of voices in research design, and increasing quantification and emphasis on supporting underserved communities. It is preferred that the project team include Principal Investigators from multiple research organizations and include academic representation from Minority Serving Institutions. Teams that include representation from diverse entities such as, but not limited to, Minority Serving Institutions, including Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs)/Other

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line. Minority Institutions,<sup>52</sup> or through linkages with Opportunity Zones,<sup>53</sup> are encouraged.

All work under EERE funding agreements must be performed in the United States. See Section IV.J.iii. and Appendix C.

# **C. Applications Specifically Not of Interest**

The following types of applications will be deemed nonresponsive and will not be reviewed or considered (see Section III.D. of the FOA):

- Applications that fall outside the technical parameters specified in Sections I.A. and I.B. of the FOA.
- Applications for proposed technologies that are not based on sound scientific principles (e.g., violates the laws of thermodynamics).
- Applications that focus on the interconnection needs or requirements of the distribution system. Proposals should focus on the transmission system.
- Incremental enhancement or duplicates of existing tools.

# D. Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

It is the policy of the Biden Administration that:

[T]he Federal Government should pursue a comprehensive approach to advancing equity<sup>54</sup> for all, including people of color and others who have been historically underserved, marginalized, and adversely affected by persistent poverty and inequality. Affirmatively advancing equity, civil rights, racial justice, and equal opportunity is the responsibility of the whole of our Government. Because advancing equity requires a systematic approach to embedding fairness in decision-making processes, executive departments and agencies (agencies)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Minority Serving Institutions (MSIs), including HBCUs/OMIs as educational entities recognized by the Office of Civil Rights (OCR), U.S. Department of Education, and identified on the OCR's Department of Education U.S. accredited postsecondary minorities' institution list. See <u>www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/edlite-</u> <u>minorityinst.html</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> Opportunity Zones were added to the Internal Revenue Code by section 13823 of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017, codified at 26 U.S.C. 1400Z-1. The list of designated Qualified Opportunity Zones can be found in IRS Notices 2018-48 (PDF) and 2019-42 (PDF). Further, a visual map of the census tracts designated as Qualified Opportunity Zones may also be found at Opportunity Zones Resources. Also see <u>frequently asked questions</u> about Qualified Opportunity Zones.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> The term "equity" means the consistent and systematic fair, just, and impartial treatment of all individuals, including individuals who belong to underserved communities that have been denied such treatment, such as Black, Latino, and Indigenous and Native American persons; Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders and other persons of color; members of religious minorities; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer (LGBTQ+) persons; persons with disabilities; persons who live in rural areas; and persons otherwise adversely affected by persistent poverty or inequality.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.gov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.gov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

must recognize and work to redress inequities in their policies and programs that serve as barriers to equal opportunity.

By advancing equity across the Federal Government, we can create opportunities for the improvement of communities that have been historically underserved, which benefits everyone.<sup>55</sup>

As part of this whole-of-government approach, this FOA seeks to encourage the participation of underserved communities<sup>56</sup> and underrepresented groups. Applicants are highly encouraged to include individuals from groups historically underrepresented<sup>57, 58</sup> in STEM on their project teams. As part of the application, applicants are required to describe how diversity, equity, and inclusion objectives will be incorporated in the project. Specifically, applicants are required to submit a Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Plan that describes the actions the applicant will take to foster a welcoming and inclusive environment, support people from

<sup>56</sup> The term "underserved communities" refers to populations sharing a particular characteristic, as well as geographic communities, that have been systematically denied a full opportunity to participate in aspects of economic, social, and civic life, as exemplified by the list of in the definition of "equity." E.O. 13985. For purposes of this FOA, as applicable to geographic communities, applicants can refer to economically distressed communities identified by the Internal Revenue Service as "Qualified Opportunity Zones"; communities identified as disadvantaged or underserved communities by their respective States; communities identified on the Index of Deep Disadvantage referenced at news.umich.edu/new-index-ranks-americas-100-most-disadvantagedcommunities/, and communities that otherwise meet the definition of "underserved communities" stated above. <sup>57</sup> According to the National Science Foundation's 2019 report titled, Women, Minorities and Persons with Disabilities in Science and Engineering, women, persons with disabilities, and underrepresented minority groups blacks or African Americans, Hispanics or Latinos, and American Indians or Alaska Natives-are vastly underrepresented in the STEM (science, technology, engineering, and math) fields that drive the energy sector. That is, their representation in STEM education and STEM employment is smaller than their representation in the U.S. population. See ncses.nsf.gov/pubs/nsf19304/digest/about-this-report. For example, in the United States, Hispanics, African Americans, and American Indians or Alaska Natives make up 24% of the overall workforce, yet they only account for 9% of the country's science and engineering workforce. DOE seeks to inspire

underrepresented Americans to pursue careers in energy and support their advancement into leadership positions. See www.energy.gov/articles/introducing-minorities-energy-initiative.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> The White House. January 20, 2021. Executive Order 13985, "Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government." <u>www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/presidential-actions/2021/01/20/executive-order-advancing-racial-equity-and-support-for-underserved-communities-through-the-federal-government/</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> Note that Congress recognized in section 305 of the American Innovation and Competitiveness Act of 2017, Public Law 114-329:

<sup>(1) [</sup>I]t is critical to our Nation's economic leadership and global competitiveness that the United States educate, train, and retain more scientists, engineers, and computer scientists; (2) there is currently a disconnect between the availability of and growing demand for STEM-skilled workers;
(3) historically, underrepresented populations are the largest untapped STEM talent pools in the United States; and (4) given the shifting demographic landscape, the United States should encourage full participation of individuals from underrepresented populations in STEM fields.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

underrepresented groups in STEM, advance equity, and encourage the inclusion of individuals from these groups in the project, as well as the extent the project activities will be located in or benefit underserved communities (see Section IV.D.vii). The plan should include at least one specific, measurable, assignable, realistic, and timely (SMART) milestone per budget period, supported by metrics to measure the success of the proposed actions. This plan will be evaluated as part of the technical review process and incorporated into the award if selected.

Further, Minority Serving Institutions,<sup>59</sup> Minority Business Enterprises, Minority Owned Businesses, Woman Owned Businesses, Veteran Owned Businesses, or entities located in an underserved community that meet the eligibility requirements (see Section III) are encouraged to apply as the prime applicant or participate on an application as a proposed partner to the prime applicant. The Selection Official may consider the inclusion of these types of entities as part of the selection decision (see Section V.C.i).

# **E.** Authorizing Statutes

This funding program is authorized under the Energy Policy Act of 2005, Section 931 (a)(2)(A) (42 USC 16231), which states that "The Secretary shall conduct a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application for solar energy, including— (i) photovoltaics; ... (iii) concentrating solar power; ... [and] (v) manufacturability of low cost, high quality solar systems...." and Section 931(a)(2)(B), which states that "The Secretary shall conduct a program of research, development, demonstration, and commercial application for wind energy..." and the Energy Act of 2020, Section 3003(b)(2)(B) which states that "the Secretary shall establish a program to conduct research, development, demonstration, and commercialization activities in ... (i) Wind power plant siting, performance, operations, and security;... (v)Integration of wind energy technologies with (I) the electrical grid, including transmission, distribution, microgrids, and distributed energy systems; and (II) other energy technologies...; (ix) Reducing market barriers, including non-hardware and information-based barriers, to the adoption of wind energy technologies...; and (xi) Advanced physics-based and data analysis computational tools, in coordination with the high-performance computing programs of the Department, to more efficiently design, site, permit, manufacture, install, operate, decommission and recycle wind energy systems." and Section 3004(b)(1)(B)(vi) and Section 3004(b)(2)(A)(i) which states that "the Secretary shall establish a program to conduct research, development, demonstration, and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Minority Serving Institutions (MSIs), including Historically Black Colleges and Universities/Other Minority Institutions as educational entities recognized by the Office of Civil Rights (OCR), U.S. Department of Education, and identified on the OCR's Department of Education U.S. accredited postsecondary minorities' institution list. See www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/edlite-minorityinst.html.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



commercialization of solar energy technologies...to reduce the cost, risk, and other potential negative impacts across the lifespan of solar energy technologies, including manufacturing, siting, permitting, installation, operations, maintenance, decommissioning, and recycling" by "awarding grants and awards on a competitive, merit-reviewed basis."

Awards made under this announcement will fall under the purview of 2 CFR Part 200 as amended by 2 CFR Part 910.

# II. Award Information

# A. Award Overview

### i. Estimated Funding

EERE expects to make a total of approximately \$10,000,000 of federal funding available for new awards under this FOA, subject to the availability of appropriated funds. EERE anticipates making approximately 2-10 awards under this FOA. EERE may issue one, multiple, or no awards. Individual awards may vary between \$1,000,000 and \$2,500,000.

EERE may issue awards in one, multiple, or none of the following topic areas:

Topic Area Number	Topic Area Title	Anticipated Number of Awards	Anticipated Minimum Award Size for Any One Individual Award (Fed Share)	Anticipated Maximum Award Size for Any One Individual Award (Fed Share)	Approximate Total Federal Funding Available for All Awards	Anticipate d Period of Performan ce (months)
1	Improved Efficiency of Electromagnetic Transient (EMT) Simulations for Interconnection Studies of Inverter- based Resources (IBR)	1-5	\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$5,000,000	12-36
2	Dynamic Stability Enhanced Network Assessment Tool	1-5	\$1,000,000	\$2,500,000	\$5,000,000	12-36

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line. EERE may establish more than one budget period for each award and fund only the initial budget period(s). Funding for all budget periods, including the initial budget period, is not guaranteed.

### ii. Period of Performance

EERE anticipates making awards that will run from 12 months up to 36 months, comprised of one or more budget periods. Project continuation will be contingent upon several elements, including satisfactory performance and Go/No-Go decision. For a complete list, see Section VI.B.xiv.

### iii. New Applications Only

EERE will accept only new applications under this FOA. EERE will not consider applications for renewals of existing EERE-funded awards through this FOA.

# **B. EERE Funding Agreements**

Through cooperative agreements and other similar agreements, EERE provides financial and other support to projects that have the potential to realize the FOA objectives. EERE does not use such agreements to acquire property or services for the direct benefit or use of the U. S. government.

### i. Cooperative Agreements

EERE generally uses cooperative agreements to provide financial and other support to prime recipients.

Through cooperative agreements, EERE provides financial or other support to accomplish a public purpose of support or stimulation authorized by federal statute. Under cooperative agreements, the government and prime recipients share responsibility for the direction of projects.

EERE has substantial involvement in all projects funded via cooperative agreement. See Section VI.B.x. of the FOA for more information on what substantial involvement may involve.

# ii. Funding Agreements with Federally Funded Research and Development Center (FFRDCs)<sup>60</sup>

In most cases, FFRDCs are funded independently of the remainder of the project team. The FFRDC then executes an agreement with any non-FFRDC project team

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> FFRDCs are public-private partnerships that conduct research for the U.S. government. A listing of FFRDCs can be found at <u>http://www.nsf.gov/statistics/ffrdclist/</u>.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

members to arrange work structure, project execution, and any other matters. Regardless of these arrangements, the entity that applied as the prime recipient for the project will remain the prime recipient for the project. See Section III.E.

# **III.** Eligibility Information

To be considered for substantive evaluation, an applicant's submission must meet the criteria set forth below. If the application does not meet these eligibility requirements, it will be considered ineligible and removed from further evaluation.

# A. Eligible Applicants

# i. Domestic Entities

The proposed prime recipient and subrecipient(s) must be domestic entities. The following types of domestic entities are eligible to participate as a prime recipient or subrecipient of this FOA:

- 1. Institutions of higher education;
- 2. For-profit entities;
- 3. Nonprofit entities; and
- 4. State and local governmental entities and federally recognized Indian Tribes (Indian Tribes).

To qualify as a domestic entity, the entity must be organized, chartered, or incorporated (or otherwise formed) under the laws of a particular state or territory of the United States; have majority domestic ownership and control; and have a physical place of business in the United States.

DOE/NNSA FFRDCs are eligible to apply for funding as a subrecipient but are not eligible to apply as a prime recipient.

Non-DOE/NNSA FFRDCs are eligible to participate as a subrecipient but are not eligible to apply as a prime recipient.

Federal agencies and instrumentalities (other than DOE) are eligible to participate as a subrecipient but are not eligible to apply as a prime recipient.

Entities banned from doing business with the United States government such as entities debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participating in federal programs are not eligible.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.gov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.gov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

Nonprofit organizations described in Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 that engaged in lobbying activities after December 31, 1995, are **not** eligible to apply for funding.

# ii. Foreign Entities

In limited circumstances, DOE may approve a waiver to allow a foreign entity to participate as a prime recipient or subrecipient. A foreign entity may submit a Full Application to this FOA, but the Full Application must be accompanied by an explicit written waiver request. Likewise, if the applicant seeks to include a foreign entity as a subrecipient, the applicant must submit a separate explicit written waiver request in the Full Application for each proposed foreign subrecipient.

<u>Appendix C lists the information that must be included in a foreign entity waiver</u> <u>request</u>. The applicant does not have the right to appeal DOE's decision concerning a waiver request.

# **B. Cost Sharing**

Applicants are bound by the cost share proposed in their Full Applications if selected for award negotiations.

The cost share must be at least 20% of the total project costs<sup>61</sup> for research and development projects.<sup>62</sup> The cost share must come from non-federal sources unless otherwise allowed by law.

To help applicants calculate proper cost share amounts, EERE has included a cost share information sheet and sample cost share calculation as Appendices A and B to this FOA.

# i. Legal Responsibility

Although the cost share requirement applies to the entire project, including work performed by members of the project team other than the prime recipient, the prime recipient is legally responsible for paying the entire cost share. If the funding agreement is terminated prior to the end of the project period, the prime recipient is required to contribute at least the cost share percentage of total expenditures incurred through the date of termination.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> Total project costs is the sum of the government share, including FFRDC costs if applicable, and the recipient share of project costs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> Energy Policy Act of 2005, Pub. L. 109-58, sec. 988. Also see 2 CFR 200.306 and 2 CFR 910.130 for additional cost sharing requirements.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

The prime recipient is solely responsible for managing cost share contributions by the project team and enforcing cost share obligation assumed by project team members in subawards or related agreements.

### ii. Cost Share Allocation

Each project team is free to determine how best to allocate the cost share requirement among the team members. The amount contributed by individual project team members may vary, as long as the cost share requirement for the entire project is met.

### iii. Cost Share Types and Allowability

Every cost share contribution must be allowable under the applicable federal cost principles, as described in Section IV.J.i. of the FOA. In addition, cost share must be verifiable upon submission of the Full Application. Cost share may be provided in the form of cash or cash equivalents, or in-kind contributions. Cost share must come from non-federal sources (unless otherwise allowed by law), such as project participants, state or local governments, or other third-party financing. Federal financing, such as DOE Loan Guarantee, cannot be leveraged by applicants to provide the required cost share or otherwise support the same scope that is proposed under a project.

Cost share may be provided by the prime recipient, subrecipients, or third parties (entities that do not have a role in performing the scope of work). Vendors/contractors may not provide cost share. Any partial donation of goods or services is considered a discount and is not allowable.

Cash contributions include but are not limited to personnel costs, fringe costs, supply and equipment costs, indirect costs, and other direct costs.

In-kind contributions are those where a value of the contribution can be readily determined, verified, and justified but where no actual cash is transacted in securing the good or service comprising the contribution. Allowable in-kind contributions include but are not limited to the donation of volunteer time or the donation of space or use of equipment.

Project teams may use funding or property received from state or local governments to meet the cost share requirement, so long as the federal government did not provide the funding to the state or local government.

The recipient may not use the following sources to meet its cost share obligations:

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



- Revenues or royalties from the prospective operation of an activity beyond the project period;
- Proceeds from the prospective sale of an asset of an activity;
- Federal funding or property (e.g., federal grants, equipment owned by the federal government); or
- Expenditures that were reimbursed under a separate federal program.

Project teams may not use the same cash or in-kind contributions to meet cost share requirements for more than one project or program.

Cost share contributions must be specified in the project budget, verifiable from the prime recipient's records, and necessary and reasonable for proper and efficient accomplishment of the project. As all sources of cost share are considered part of total project cost, the cost share dollars will be scrutinized under the same federal regulations as federal dollars to the project. Every cost share contribution must be reviewed and approved in advance by the Contracting Officer and incorporated into the project budget before the expenditures are incurred.

Applicants are encouraged to refer to 2 CFR 200.306 as amended by 2 CFR 910.130 for additional cost sharing requirements

#### iv. Cost Share Contributions by FFRDCs

Because FFRDCs are funded by the federal government, costs incurred by FFRDCs generally may not be used to meet the cost share requirement. FFRDCs may contribute cost share only if the contributions are paid directly from the contractor's Management Fee or another non-federal source.

#### v. Cost Share Verification

Applicants are required to provide written assurance of their proposed cost share contributions in their Full Applications.

Upon selection for award negotiations, applicants are required to provide additional information and documentation regarding their cost share contributions. Please refer to Appendix A of the FOA.

#### vi. Cost Share Payment

DOE requires prime recipients to contribute the cost share amount incrementally over the life of the award. Specifically, the prime recipient's cost share for each billing period must always reflect the overall cost share ratio negotiated by the parties (i.e., the total amount of cost sharing on each invoice when considered cumulatively with previous invoices must reflect, at a minimum, the cost sharing percentage negotiated). As FFRDC funding will be provided directly to the FFRDC(s) by DOE, prime recipients will be required to provide project cost share at a percentage commensurate with the FFRDC costs, on a budget period basis, resulting in a higher interim invoicing cost share ratio than the total award ratio.

In limited circumstances, and where it is in the government's interest, the Contracting Officer may approve a request by the prime recipient to meet its cost share requirements on a less frequent basis, such as monthly or quarterly. Regardless of the interval requested, the prime recipient must be up to date on cost share at each interval. Such requests must be sent to the Contracting Officer during award negotiations and include the following information: (1) a detailed justification for the request; (2) a proposed schedule of payments, including amounts and dates; (3) a written commitment to meet that schedule; and (4) such evidence as necessary to demonstrate that the prime recipient has complied with its cost share obligations to date. The Contracting Officer must approve all such requests before they go into effect.

# C. Compliance Criteria

All applicant submissions must:

- Comply with the applicable content and form requirements listed in Section IV. of the FOA;
- Include all required documents;
- Be uploaded and submitted to EERE eXCHANGE <u>https://eere-eXCHANGE.energy.gov</u>; and
- Be submitted by the deadline stated in the FOA.

EERE will not review or consider submissions submitted through means other than EERE eXCHANGE, submissions submitted after the applicable deadline, or incomplete submissions.

Applicants are strongly encouraged to submit their Concept Papers, Full Applications, and Replies to Reviewer Comments at least 48 hours in advance of the submission deadline. Under normal conditions (i.e., at least 48 hours before the submission deadline), applicants should allow at least one hour to submit a Concept Paper, Full Application, or Reply to Reviewer Comments. Once the Concept Paper, Full Application, or Reply to Reviewer Comments is submitted in EERE eXCHANGE, applicants may revise or update that submission until the expiration of the applicable deadline. If changes are made to any of these documents, the applicant must resubmit the Concept Paper, Full Application, or Reply to Reviewer Comments before the applicable deadline. EERE will not extend the submission deadline for applicants that fail to submit required information by the applicable deadline due to server/connection congestion.

# D. Responsiveness Criteria

All "Applications Specifically Not of Interest," as described in Section I.C. of the FOA, are deemed nonresponsive and are not reviewed or considered.

# E. Other Eligibility Requirements

i. Requirements for DOE/NNSA and Non-DOE/NNSA FFRDCs Included as a Subrecipient

DOE/NNSA and non-DOE/NNSA FFRDCs may be proposed as a subrecipient on another entity's application subject to the following guidelines:

- a. Authorization for non-DOE/NNSA FFRDCs The federal agency sponsoring the FFRDC must authorize in writing the use of the FFRDC on the proposed project and this authorization must be submitted with the application. The use of a FFRDC must be consistent with its authority under its award.
- b. Authorization for DOE/NNSA FFRDCs

The cognizant Contracting Officer for the FFRDC must authorize in writing the use of the FFRDC on the proposed project and this authorization must be submitted with the application. The following wording is acceptable for this authorization:

Authorization is granted for the Laboratory to participate in the proposed project. The work proposed for the Laboratory is consistent with or complementary to the missions of the Laboratory and will not adversely impact execution of the DOE assigned programs at the Laboratory.

c. Funding, Cost Share, and Subaward with FFRDCs The value of and funding for the FFRDC portion of the work will not normally be included in the award. DOE/NNSA FFRDCs participating as a subrecipient on a project will be funded directly through the DOE field work proposal (WP) process. Non-DOE/NNSA FFRDCs participating as a subrecipient will be funded through an interagency agreement with the sponsoring agency.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

Although the FFRDC portion of the work is excluded from the award, the applicant's cost share requirement will be based on the total cost of the project, including the applicant's, the subrecipient's, and the FFRDC's portions of the project.

Unless instructed otherwise by the DOE Contracting Officer for the DOE award, all FFRDCs are required to enter into a Cooperative Research and Development Agreement<sup>63</sup> (CRADA) or, if the role of the DOE/NNSA FFRDC is limited to technical assistance and intellectual property is not anticipated to be generated from the DOE/NNSA FFRDC's work, a Technical Assistance Agreement (TAA), with at least the prime recipient before any project work begins. Any questions regarding the use of a CRADA or TAA should be directed to the cognizant DOE field intellectual property (IP) counsel.

The CRADA or TAA is used to ensure accountability for project work and provide the appropriate management of IP, e.g., data protection and background IP. The CRADA or TAA must be agreed upon by all parties and submitted to DOE or other sponsoring agency, when applicable, for approval, or submitted to DOE for notice under the Master Scope of Work process, when applicable, using any DOE or other sponsoring agency approved CRADA or TAA template without substantive changes by the time the award is made to the prime recipient.

d. Responsibility

The prime recipient will be the responsible authority regarding the settlement and satisfaction of all contractual and administrative issues including but not limited to disputes and claims arising out of any agreement between the prime recipient and the FFRDC.

# F. Limitation on Number of Concept Papers and Full Applications Eligible for Review

An entity may submit more than one Concept Paper and Full Application to this FOA, provided that each application describes a unique, scientifically distinct project and an eligible Concept Paper was submitted for each Full Application.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup> A cooperative research and development agreement is a contractual agreement between a national laboratory contractor and a private company or university to work together on research and development. For more information, see <a href="https://www.energy.gov/gc/downloads/doe-cooperative-research-and-development-agreements">https://www.energy.gov/gc/downloads/doe-cooperative-research-and-development-agreements</a>

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



# G. Questions Regarding Eligibility

EERE will not make eligibility determinations for potential applicants prior to the date on which applications to this FOA must be submitted. The decision whether to apply in response to this FOA lies solely with the applicant.

# IV. Application and Submission Information

# **A. Application Process**

The application process includes multiple submission phases: Concept Paper and Full Application. <u>Only applicants who have submitted an eligible Concept Paper will be eligible to submit a Full Application</u>.

All submissions must conform to the form and content requirements described below, including maximum page lengths.

- Each must be submitted in Adobe PDF format unless stated otherwise;
- Each must be written in English;
- All pages must be formatted to fit on 8.5" x 11" paper with margins not less than one inch on every side. Use Calibri typeface, a black font color, and a font size of 12-point or larger (except in figures or tables, which may be 10-point font). A symbol font may be used to insert Greek letters or special characters, but the font size requirement still applies. References must be included as footnotes or endnotes in a font size of 10 or larger. Footnotes and endnotes are counted toward the maximum page requirement;
- A **control number** will be issued when an applicant begins the EERE eXCHANGE application process. The control number must be included with all application documents. Specifically, the control number must be prominently displayed on the upper right corner of the header of every page and included in the file name (i.e., *Control Number\_Applicant Name\_Full Application*);
- Page numbers must be included in the footer of every page; and
- Each submission must not exceed the specified maximum page limit, including cover page, charts, graphs, maps, and photographs when printed using the formatting requirements set forth above and single spaced. If applicants exceed the maximum page lengths indicated below, EERE will review only the authorized number of pages and disregard any additional pages.



# i. Additional Information on EERE eXCHANGE

EERE eXCHANGE is designed to enforce the deadlines specified in this FOA. The "Apply" and "Submit" buttons will automatically disable at the defined submission deadlines.

Applicants who experience technical difficulties with submission <u>PRIOR</u> to the FOA deadline should contact the EERE eXCHANGE helpdesk for assistance (<u>EERE-eXCHANGESupport@hq.doe.gov</u>).

# **B. Application Forms**

The application forms and instructions are available at <u>EERE Funding Application and</u> <u>Management Forms</u> and on EERE eXCHANGE. To access these materials on EERE eXCHANGE, go to <u>https://eere-eXCHANGE.energy.gov</u> and select the appropriate funding opportunity number.

Note: The maximum file size that can be uploaded to the EERE eXCHANGE website is 50MB. Files larger than 50MB cannot be uploaded and hence cannot be submitted for review. If a file is larger than 50MB but is still within the maximum page limit specified in the FOA, it must be broken into parts and denoted to that effect. For example:

TechnicalVolume\_Part\_1 TechnicalVolume\_Part\_2

DOE will not accept late submissions that resulted from technical difficulties due to uploading files that exceed 50MB.

# C. Content and Form of the Concept Paper

Each Concept Paper must be limited to a single concept or technology. The Concept Paper must conform to the requirements listed below, including the stated page limits.

Section	Page Limit	Description
Cover Page	1 page maximum	The cover page should include the project title, the specific announcement Topic Area being addressed (if applicable), both the technical and business points of contact, names of all team member organizations, the project location(s), and any statements regarding confidentiality.
Technology	5 pages	Applicants are required to succinctly describe:
Description	maximum	



		<ul> <li>The proposed technology, including its basic operating principles and how it is unique and innovative;</li> <li>The proposed technology's target level of performance (applicants should provide technical data or other support to show how the proposed target could be met);</li> <li>The current state of the art in the relevant field and application, including key shortcomings, limitations, and challenges;</li> <li>How the proposed technology will overcome the shortcomings, limitations, and challenges in the relevant field and application;</li> <li>The potential impact that the proposed project would have on the relevant field and application;</li> <li>How the proposed location of the proposed project will support technology development and long-term success;</li> <li>The key technical risks/issues associated with the proposed technology development plan; and</li> <li>The impact that EERE funding would have on the proposed project.</li> </ul>
Addendum	1 page maximum	<ul> <li>Applicants are required to describe succinctly the qualifications, experience, and capabilities of the proposed project team, including: <ul> <li>Whether the Principal Investigator (PI) and project team have the skill and expertise needed to successfully execute the project plan;</li> <li>Whether the applicant has prior experience which demonstrates an ability to perform tasks of similar risk and complexity;</li> <li>Whether the applicant has adequate access to equipment and facilities necessary to accomplish the effort and/or clearly explain how it intends to obtain access to the necessary equipment and facilities; and</li> <li>Applicants may provide graphs, charts, or other data to supplement their Technology Description.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

EERE makes an independent assessment of each Concept Paper based on the criteria in Section V.A.i. of the FOA. EERE will encourage a subset of applicants to submit Full Applications. Other applicants will be discouraged from submitting a Full Application. See Section VI.A.ii.



# D. Content and Form of the Full Application

Applicants must complete the following application forms found at <u>EERE Funding</u> <u>Application and Management Forms</u> and on the EERE eXCHANGE website at <u>https://eere-eXCHANGE.energy.gov/</u>.

Applicants will have approximately 30 days from receipt of the Concept Paper Encourage/Discourage notification on EERE eXCHANGE to prepare and submit a Full Application. Regardless of the date the applicant receives the Encourage/Discourage notification, the submission deadline for the Full Application remains the date and time stated on the FOA cover page.

All Full Application documents must be marked with the Control Number issued to the applicant.

#### i. Full Application Content Requirements

Each Full Application must be limited to a single concept. Full Applications must conform to the following requirements and must not exceed the stated page limits.

Component	File Format	Page Limit	File Name
SF-424: Application for Federal Assistance	PDF	n/a	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ App424
Technical Volume	PDF	15	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ TechnicalVolume
Resumes	PDF	3 pages each	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ Resumes
Letters of Commitment	PDF	1 page each	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ LOCs
Statement of Project Objectives	MS Word	10	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ SOPO
Diversity Equity and Inclusion Plan	PDF	5	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ DEIP
Budget Justification Workbook	MS Excel	n/a	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ Budget_Justification
Summary/Abstract for Public Release	PDF	1	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ Summary
Summary Slide	MS PowerPoi nt	1	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ Slide
Subrecipient Budget Justification	MS Excel	n/a	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ Subrecipient_Budget_Justification



DOE Work Proposal for FFRDC, (see DOE O 412.1A, Attachment 2)	PDF	n/a	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ WP
Authorization from cognizant Contracting Officer for FFRDC	PDF	n/a	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ FFRDCAuth
SF-LLL Disclosure of Lobbying Activities	PDF	n/a	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ SF-LLL
Waiver Requests	PDF	n/a	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ Waiver
Current and Pending Support	PDF	n/a	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ CPS
Location(s) of Work	Excel	n/a	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ LOW
Transparency of Foreign Connections	PDF	n/a	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ TFC
Potentially Duplicative Funding Notice	PDF	n/a	ControlNumber_LeadOrganization_ PDFN

**Note**: The maximum file size that can be uploaded to the EERE eXCHANGE website is 50MB. See Section IV.B.

EERE provides detailed guidance on the content and form of each component below.

# ii. SF-424: Application for Federal Assistance

Applicants must complete the SF-424 Application for Federal Assistance, which is available on <u>EERE Funding Application and Management Forms</u>.

Effective January 1, 2020, the System for Award Management (SAM) is the central repository for common government-wide certifications and representations required of Federal grants recipients. As registration in SAM is required for eligibility for a federal award and registration must be updated annually, Federal agencies use SAM information to comply with award requirements and avoid increased burden and costs of separate requests for such information, unless the recipient fails to meet a federal award requirement, or there is a need to make updates to their SAM registration for other purposes.

Note: The dates and dollar amounts on the SF-424 are for the complete project period and not just the first project year, first phase, or other subset of the project period.

Save the SF-424 in a single PDF file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_424".

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



#### iii. Technical Volume

The Technical Volume must conform to the following content and form requirements. This volume must address the technical review criteria as discussed in Section V. of the FOA.

Save the Technical Volume in a single PDF file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_TechnicalVolume".

Applicants must provide sufficient citations and references to the primary research literature to justify the claims and approaches made in the Technical Volume. However, EERE and reviewers are under no obligation to review cited sources.

The Technical Volume to the Full Application may not be more than 15 pages, including the cover page, table of contents, and all citations, charts, graphs, maps, photos, or other graphics, and must include all information in the table below. The applicant should consider the weighting of each of the technical review criteria (see Section V.A.ii. of the FOA) when preparing the Technical Volume.

The Technical Volume should clearly describe and expand upon information provided in the Concept Paper.



Technical Volume Content Requirements		
SECTION/PAGE LIMIT	DESCRIPTION	
Cover Page	The cover page should include the project title, the specific FOA Topic Area being addressed (if applicable), both the technical and business points of contact, names of all team member organizations, names of the PI, Senior/Key Personnel and their organizations, the project location(s), and any statements regarding confidentiality.	
Project Overview	The Project Overview should contain the following information:	
(Approximately 10% of the Technical Volume)	<ul> <li>Background: The applicant should discuss the background of its organization, including the history, successes, and current research and development status (i.e., the technical baseline) relevant to the technical topic being addressed in the Full Application.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Project Goal: The applicant should explicitly identify the targeted improvements to the baseline technology and the critical success factors in achieving that goal.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DOE Impact: The applicant should discuss the impact that DOE funding would have on the proposed project. Applicants should specifically explain how DOE funding, relative to prior, current, or anticipated funding from other public and private sources, is necessary to achieve the project objectives.</li> </ul>	
Technical Description,	The Technical Description should contain the following information:	
Innovation, and Impact (Approximately 30% of the Technical Volume)	<ul> <li>Relevance and Outcomes: The applicant should provide a detailed description of the technology, including the scientific and other principles and objectives that will be pursued during the project. This section should describe the relevance of the proposed project to the goals and objectives of the FOA, including the potential to meet specific DOE technical targets or other relevant performance targets. The applicant should clearly specify the expected outcomes of the project.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Feasibility: The applicant should demonstrate the technical feasibility of the proposed technology and capability of achieving the anticipated performance targets, including a description of previous work done and prior results.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Innovation and Impacts: The applicant should describe the current state-of-the-art in the applicable field, the specific innovation of the proposed technology, the advantages of proposed technology over current and emerging technologies, and the overall impact on advancing the state-of-the-art/technical baseline if the project is successful.</li> </ul>	
Workplan and Market	The Workplan should include a summary of the Project Objectives,	
Transformation Plan	Technical Scope, Work Breakdown Structure (WBS), Milestones, Go/No-Go	



(Approximately 40% of the Technical Volume)	decision points, and Project Schedule. A detailed SOPO is separately requested. The Workplan should contain the following information:	
	<ul> <li>Project Objectives: The applicant should provide a clear and concise (high-level) statement of the goals and objectives of the project as well as the expected outcomes.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Technical Scope Summary: The applicant should provide a summary description of the overall work scope and approach to achieve the objective(s). The overall work scope is to be divided by performance periods that are separated by discrete, approximately annual decision points (see below for more information on Go/No- Go decision points). The applicant should describe the specific expected end result of each performance period</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>WBS and Task Description Summary: The Workplan should describe the work to be accomplished and how the applicant will achieve the milestones, will accomplish the final project goal(s), and will produce all deliverables. The Workplan is to be structured with a hierarchy of performance period (approximately annual), task and subtasks, which is typical of a standard WBS for any project. The Workplan shall contain a concise description of the specific activities to be conducted over the life of the project. The description shall be a full explanation and disclosure of the project being proposed (i.e., a statement such as "we will then complete a proprietary process" is unacceptable). It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare an adequately detailed task plan to describe the proposed project and the plan for addressing the objectives of this FOA. The summary provided should be consistent with the SOPO. The SOPO will contain a more detailed description of the WBS and tasks.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Milestone Summary: The applicant should provide a summary of appropriate milestones throughout the project to demonstrate success. A milestone may be either a progress measure (which can be activity based) or a Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, and Timely (SMART) technical milestone. SMART milestones should be Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant, and Timely, and must demonstrate a technical achievement rather than simply completing a task. Unless otherwise specified in the FOA, the minimum requirement is that each project must have at least one milestone per quarter for the duration of the project with at least one SMART technical milestone per year (depending on the project, more milestones may be necessary to comprehensively demonstrate progress). The applicant should also provide the means by which the milestone will be verified. The summary provided should be consistent with the Milestone Summary Table in the SOPO.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Go/No-Go Decision Points (See Section VI.B.xiv. for more information on the Go/No-Go Review): The applicant should</li> </ul>	



provide a summary of project-wide Go/No-Go decision points at appropriate points in the Workplan. At a minimum, each project must have at least one project-wide Go/No-Go decision point for each budget period (12 to 18-month period) of the project. The applicant should also provide the specific technical criteria to be used to evaluate the project at the Go/No-Go decision point. The summary provided should be consistent with the SOPO. Go/No-Go decision points are considered "SMART" and can fulfill the requirement for an annual SMART milestone.
<ul> <li>End of Project Goal: The applicant should provide a summary of the end of project goal(s). At a minimum, each project must have one SMART end of project goal. The summary provided should be consistent with the SOPO.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Project Schedule (Gantt Chart or similar): The applicant should provide a schedule for the entire project, including task and subtask durations, milestones, and Go/No-Go decision points.</li> </ul>
• Buy America Requirements for Infrastructure Projects: Within the first two pages of the Workplan, include a short statement on whether the project will involve the construction, alteration, and/or repair of infrastructure in the United States. See Appendix D for applicable definitions and other information to inform this statement.
<ul> <li>Project Management: The applicant should discuss the team's proposed management plan, including the following:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>The overall approach to and organization for managing the work;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>The roles of each project team member;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Any critical handoffs/interdependencies among project team members;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>The technical and management aspects of the management plan, including systems and practices, such as financial and project management practices;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>The approach to project risk management;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>A description of how project changes will be handled;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>If applicable, the approach to Quality Assurance/Control;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>How communications will be maintained among project team members.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Market Transformation Plan: The applicant should provide a market transformation plan, including the following:</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Identification of target market, competitors, and distribution channels for proposed technology along with</li> </ul>



	known or perceived barriers to market penetration, including a mitigation plan;		
	<ul> <li>Identification of a product development and/or service plan, commercialization timeline, financing, product marketing, legal/regulatory considerations including intellectual property, infrastructure requirements, data dissemination, and product distribution.</li> </ul>		
Technical Qualifications and Resources	The Technical Qualifications and Resources should contain the following information:		
(Approximately 20% of the Technical Volume)	<ul> <li>A description of the project team's unique qualifications and expertise, including those of key subrecipients;</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>A description of the project team's existing equipment and facilities, or equipment or facilities already in place on the proposed project site, that will facilitate the successful completion of the proposed project; include a justification of any new equipment or facilities requested as part of the project;</li> </ul>		
	• Relevant, previous work efforts, demonstrated innovations, and how these enable the applicant to achieve the project objectives;		
	<ul> <li>The time commitment of the key team members to support the project;</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>A description of the technical services to be provided by DOE/NNSA FFRDCs, if applicable;</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>The skills, certifications, or other credentials of the construction and ongoing operations workforce;</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>For multi-organizational projects, describe succinctly:</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>The roles and the work to be performed by the PI and Senior/Key Personnel at the prime and sub levels;</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Business agreements between the applicant and sub;</li> </ul>		
	$\circ$ How the various efforts will be integrated and managed;		
	<ul> <li>Process for making decisions on technical direction;</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Publication arrangements;</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Intellectual property issues; and</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Communication plans</li> </ul>		

#### iv. Resumes

A resume provides information reviewers can use to evaluate an individual's skills, experience, and potential for leadership within the scientific community. Applicants must submit a resume (limited to three pages) for each Principal

Investigator or Lead Project Manager and Senior/Key Personnel that includes the following:

- 1. Contact information;
- 2. Education and training: Provide name of institution, major/area, degree, and year for undergraduate, graduate, and postdoctoral training;
- Research and professional experience: Beginning with the current position, list professional/academic positions in chronological order with a brief description. List all current academic, professional, or institutional appointments, foreign or domestic, at the applicant institution or elsewhere, whether or not remuneration is received, and, whether full-time, part-time, or voluntary;
- 4. Awards and honors;
- 5. A list of up to 10 publications most closely related to the proposed project. For each publication, identify the names of all authors (in the same sequence in which they appear in the publication), the article title, book or journal title, volume number, page numbers, year of publication, and website address if available electronically. Patents, copyrights, and software systems developed may be provided in addition to or substituted for publications. An abbreviated style such as the Physical Review Letters (PRL) convention for citations (list only the first author) may be used for publications with more than 10 authors;
- 6. Synergistic activities: List up to five professional and scholarly activities related to the proposed effort; and
- 7. There should be no lapses in time over the past 10 years or since age 18, whichever period is shorter.

As an alternative to a resume, it is acceptable to use the biographical sketch format approved by the National Science Foundation (NSF). The biographical sketch format may be generated by the Science Experts Network Curriculum Vita (SciENcv), a cooperative venture maintained at <u>https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sciencv/</u>, also available at

<u>https://www.nsf.gov/bfa/dias/policy/researchprotection/commonform\_biograp</u> <u>hicalsketch.pdf</u>. The use of a format required by another agency is intended to reduce the administrative burden to researchers by promoting the use of common formats.

Save the resumes in a single PDF file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_Resumes".

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.gov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.gov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



## v. Letters of Commitment

Submit letters of commitment from all subrecipient and third-party cost share providers. If applicable, the letter must state that the third party is committed to providing a specific minimum dollar amount or value of in-kind contributions allocated to cost sharing. The following information for each third party contributing to cost sharing should be identified: (1) the name of the organization; (2) the proposed dollar amount to be provided; and (3) the proposed cost sharing type (cash-or in-kind contributions). Each letter must not exceed one page.

Save the letters of commitment in a single PDF file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_LOCs".

Letters of support or endorsement for the project from entities that do not have a substantive role in the project will not be accepted.

## vi. Statement of Project Objectives (SOPO)

Applicants must complete a SOPO. A SOPO template is available on <u>EERE Funding</u> <u>Application and Management Forms and</u> on EERE eXCHANGE at <u>https://eere-</u> <u>eXCHANGE.energy.gov/</u>. The SOPO, including the Milestone Table, must not exceed 10 pages when printed using standard 8.5" x 11" paper with 1" margins (top, bottom, left, and right) with font not smaller than 12-point (except in figures or tables, which may be 10-point font).

Save the SOPO in a single Microsoft Word file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_SOPO".

#### vii. Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Plan

As part of the application, applicants are required to describe how diversity, equity, and inclusion objectives will be incorporated in the project. Specifically, applicants are required to submit a Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Plan that describes the actions the applicant will take to foster a welcoming and inclusive environment, support people from groups underrepresented in STEM, advance equity, and encourage the inclusion of individuals from these groups in the project; and the extent the project activities will be located in or benefit underserved communities (also see Section I.A.iii.). The plan should include at least one SMART milestone per Budget Period supported by metrics to measure the success of the proposed actions and will be incorporated into the award if selected. The Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Plan should contain the following information:

• Equity Impacts: the impacts of the proposed project on underserved communities, including social and environmental impacts.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

- Benefits: The overall benefits of the proposed project, if funded, to underserved communities; and
- How diversity, equity, and inclusion objectives will be incorporated in the project.

The following is a non-exhaustive list of actions that can serve as examples of ways the proposed project could incorporate diversity, equity, and inclusion elements. These examples should not be considered either comprehensive or prescriptive. Applicants may include appropriate actions not covered by these examples.

- a. Include persons from groups underrepresented in STEM as PI, co-PI, and/or other senior personnel;
- b. Include persons from groups underrepresented in STEM as student researchers or post-doctoral researchers;
- c. Include faculty or students from Minority Serving Institutions as PI/co-PI, senior personnel, and/or student researchers, as applicable;
- d. Enhance or collaborate with existing diversity programs at your home organization and/or nearby organizations;
- e. Collaborate with students, researchers, and staff in Minority Serving Institutions;
- f. Disseminate results of research and development in Minority Serving Institutions or other appropriate institutions serving underserved communities;
- g. Implement evidence-based, diversity-focused education programs (such as implicit bias training for staff) in your organization;
- h. Identify Minority Business Enterprises, Minority Owned Businesses, Woman Owned Businesses and Veteran Owned Businesses to solicit as vendors and sub-contractors for bids on supplies, services and equipment.

The Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Plan must not exceed 5 pages. Save the Diversity, Equity and Inclusion Plan in a single PDF file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_DEIP".

# viii. Budget Justification Workbook

Applicants must complete the Budget Justification Workbook, which is available on <u>EERE Funding Application and Management Forms and on EERE eXCHANGE at</u> <u>https://eere-eXCHANGE.energy.gov/</u>. Applicants must complete each tab of the Budget Justification Workbook for the project, including all work to be performed by the prime recipient and its subrecipients and contractors. Applicants should include costs associated with required annual audits and incurred cost proposals in their proposed budget documents. The "Instructions

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

and Summary" included with the Budget Justification Workbook will autopopulate as the applicant enters information into the Workbook. Applicants must carefully read the "Instructions and Summary" tab provided within the Budget Justification Workbook.

Save the Budget Justification Workbook in a single Microsoft Excel file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber LeadOrganization Budget Justification".

## ix. Summary for Public Release

Applicants must submit a one-page summary of their project that is suitable for dissemination to the public. It should be a self-contained document that identifies the name of the applicant, the project director/principal investigator(s), the project title, the objectives of the project, a description of the project, including methods to be employed, the potential impact of the project (e.g., benefits, outcomes), and major participants (for collaborative projects). This document must not include any proprietary or business-sensitive information as DOE may make it available to the public after selections are made. The summary must not exceed one page when printed using standard 8.5" x 11" paper with 1" margins (top, bottom, left, and right) with font not smaller than 12-point.

Save the Summary for Public Release in a single PDF file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_Summary".

#### x. Summary Slide

Applicants must provide a single slide summarizing the proposed project. The Summary Slide template is available on EERE eXCHANGE at <u>https://eere-exCHANGE.energy.gov/</u> and must include the following information:

- A technology summary;
- A description of the technology's impact;
- Proposed project goals;
- Any key graphics (illustrations, charts and/or tables);
- The project's key idea/takeaway;
- Project title, prime recipient, PI, and Senior/Key Personnel information; and
- Requested EERE funds and proposed applicant cost share.

Save the Summary Slide in a single Microsoft PowerPoint file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_Slide".



# xi. Subrecipient Budget Justification (if applicable)

Applicants must provide a separate budget justification for each subrecipient that is expected to perform work estimated to be more than \$250,000 or 25% of the total work effort, whichever is less. The budget justification must include the same justification information described in the "Budget Justification" section above.

Save each subrecipient budget justification in a Microsoft Excel file using the following convention for the title: "ControlNumber LeadOrganization Subrecipient Budget Justification".

# xii. Budget for DOE/NNSA FFRDC (if applicable)

If a DOE/NNSA FFRDC is to perform a portion of the work, the applicant must provide a DOE work proposal (WP) in accordance with the requirements in DOE Order 412.1A, Work Authorization System, Attachment 2, available at: <a href="https://www.directives.doe.gov/directives-documents/400-series/0412.1-">https://www.directives.doe.gov/directives-documents/400-series/0412.1-</a> BOrder-a-chg1-AdmChg.

Save the WP in a single PDF file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_WP".

# xiii. Authorization for Non-DOE/NNSA or DOE/NNSA FFRDCs (if applicable)

The federal agency sponsoring the FFRDC must authorize in writing the use of the FFRDC on the proposed project and this authorization must be submitted with the application. The use of a FFRDC must be consistent with the contractor's authority under its award.

Save the Authorization in a single PDF file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_FFRDCAuth".

# xiv. SF-LLL: Disclosure of Lobbying Activities

Recipients and subrecipients may not use any federal funds to influence or attempt to influence, directly or indirectly, congressional action on any legislative or appropriation matters.

Prime recipients and subrecipients are required to complete and submit SF-LLL, "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities"

(https://www.grants.gov/web/grants/forms/sf-424-individual-family.html) to ensure that non-federal funds have not been paid and will not be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence any of the following in connection with the application:

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



- An officer or employee of any federal agency;
- A Member of Congress;
- An officer or employee of Congress; or
- An employee of a Member of Congress.

Save the SF-LLL in a single PDF file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_SF-LLL".

## xv. Waiver Requests (if applicable)

#### **Foreign Entity Participation**

For projects selected under this FOA, all recipients and subrecipients must qualify as domestic entities. See Section III.A. To request a waiver of this requirement, the applicant must submit an explicit waiver request in the Full Application. Appendix C lists the information that must be included in a waiver request.

#### Performance of Work in the United States (Foreign Work Waiver Request)

As set forth in Section IV.J.iii., all work for projects selected under this FOA must be performed in the United States. To request a waiver of this requirement, the applicant must submit an explicit waiver request in the Full Application. <u>Appendix C lists the information that must be included in a foreign work waiver</u> <u>request</u>.

Save the Waivers in a single PDF file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_Waiver".

#### xvi. Current and Pending Support

Current and pending support is intended to allow the identification of potential duplication, overcommitment, potential conflicts of interest or commitment, and all other sources of support. As part of the application, the principal investigator or lead project manager and all Senior/Key Personnel at the applicant and subrecipient level must provide a list of all sponsored activities, awards, and appointments, whether paid or unpaid; provided as a gift with terms or conditions or provided as a gift without terms or conditions; full-time, part-time, or voluntary; faculty, visiting, adjunct, or honorary; cash or in-kind; foreign or domestic; governmental or private-sector; directly supporting the individual's research or indirectly supporting the individual by supporting students, research staff, space, equipment, or other research expenses. All connections with foreign government-sponsored talent recruitment programs must be identified in current and pending support.

For every activity, list the following items:

- The sponsor of the activity or the source of funding;
- The award or other identifying number;
- The title of the award or activity. If the title of the award or activity is not descriptive, add a brief description of the research being performed that would identify any overlaps or synergies with the proposed research;
- The total cost or value of the award or activity, including direct and indirect costs and cost share. For pending proposals, provide the total amount of requested funding;
- The award period (start date through end date); and
- The person-months of effort per year dedicated to the award or activity.

To identify overlap, duplication of effort, or synergistic efforts, append a description of the other award or activity to the current and pending support.

Details of any obligations, contractual or otherwise, to any program, entity, or organization sponsored by a foreign government must be provided on request to either the applicant institution or DOE. Supporting documents of any identified source of support must be provided to DOE on request, including certified translations of any document.

PIs and Senior/Key Personnel must provide a separate disclosure statement listing the required information above regarding current and pending support. Each individual must sign and date their respective disclosure statement and include the following certification statement:

I, [Full Name and Title], certify to the best of my knowledge and belief that the information contained in this Current and Pending Support Disclosure Statement is true, complete, and accurate. I understand that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent information, misrepresentations, half-truths, or omissions of any material fact, may subject me to criminal, civil, or administrative penalties for fraud, false statements, false claims or otherwise. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1001 and 287, and 31 U.S.C. 3729-3733 and 3801-3812). I further understand and agree that (1) the statements and representations made herein are material to DOE's funding decision, and (2) I have a responsibility to update the disclosures during the period of performance of the award should circumstances change which impact the responses provided above.

This information may be provided in the approved common disclosure format available at Common Form for Current and Pending (Other) Support (nsf.org).

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

Save the Current and Pending Support in a single PDF file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_CPS".

#### **Definitions:**

**Current and pending support** – (a) All resources made available, or expected to be made available, to an individual in support of the individual's RD&D efforts, regardless of (i) whether the source is foreign or domestic; (ii) whether the resource is made available through the entity applying for an award or directly to the individual; or (iii) whether the resource has monetary value; and (b) includes in-kind contributions requiring a commitment of time and directly supporting the individual's RD&D efforts, such as the provision of office or laboratory space, equipment, supplies, employees, or students. This term has the same meaning as the term Other Support as applied to researchers in NSPM-33: For researchers, Other Support includes all resources made available to a researcher in support of and/or related to all of their professional RD&D efforts, including resources provided directly to the individual or through the organization, and regardless of whether or not they have monetary value (e.g., even if the support received is only in-kind, such as office/laboratory space, equipment, supplies, or employees). This includes resource and/or financial support from all foreign and domestic entities, including but not limited to gifts provided with terms or conditions, financial support for laboratory personnel, and participation of student and visiting researchers supported by other sources of funding.

Foreign Government-Sponsored Talent Recruitment Program – An effort directly or indirectly organized, managed, or funded by a foreign government, or a foreign government instrumentality or entity, to recruit science and technology professionals or students (regardless of citizenship or national origin, or whether having a full-time or part-time position). Some foreign government-sponsored talent recruitment programs operate with the intent to import or otherwise acquire from abroad, sometimes through illicit means, proprietary technology or software, unpublished data and methods, and intellectual property to further the military modernization goals and/or economic goals of a foreign government. Many, but not all, programs aim to incentivize the targeted individual to physically relocate to the foreign state for the above purpose. Some programs allow for or encourage continued employment at United States research facilities or receipt of federal research funds while concurrently working at and/or receiving compensation from a foreign institution, and some direct participants not to disclose their participation to United States entities. Compensation could take many forms including cash, research funding, complimentary foreign travel, honorific titles, career advancement

opportunities, promised future compensation, or other types of remuneration or consideration, including in-kind compensation.

**Senior/Key Personnel** – An individual who contributes in a substantive, meaningful way to the scientific development or execution of a research, development, and demonstration (RD&D) project proposed to be carried out with a DOE award.<sup>64</sup>

# xvii. Locations of Work

The applicant must provide a list of locations where project work will be performed by the prime recipient or subrecipient(s) including the following information for each location:

- Location Type
- Location Type Category
- Is this a Principal Place of Performance?
- Prime or Subrecipient Location?
- If Subrecipient, Subrecipient/Community Name
- Facility Name (if applicable)
- Is location in a foreign country?
- Street Address, City, State, 5-Digit Zip Code +4
- Briefly describe the primary activity at this location or with this population. For example, management headquarters; construction, operations, production; raw materials extraction, etc.
- Latitude/Longitude
- Does the location or community qualify as a disadvantaged community (DAC) according to the Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool (CEJST)?
- If DAC, add the census tract number or describe the distributed disadvantaged community served (e.g., migrant workers)
- % of work performed at this location

For your convenience, a Locations of Work template is available on EERE eXCHANGE at <u>https://eere-eXCHANGE.energy.gov/</u>. Applicants are strongly encouraged to use the template. If the template is not used, the submission must include all of the elements described above, and as outlined in the template.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> Typically, these individuals have doctoral or other professional degrees, although individuals at the masters or baccalaureate level may be considered Senior/Key Personnel if their involvement meets this definition. Consultants, graduate students, and those with a postdoctoral role also may be considered Senior/Key Personnel if they meet this definition.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

Applicants must provide the Locations of Work Documentation as a Microsoft Excel file using the following convention for the title: "Control Number\_LeadOrganization\_LOW."

# xviii. Transparency of Foreign Connections

Applicants must provide the following as it relates to the proposed recipient and subrecipients. Include a separate disclosure for the applicant and each proposed subrecipient. U.S. National Laboratories, domestic government entities, and institutions of higher education are only required to respond to items 1, 2 and 9, and if applying as to serve as the prime recipient, must provide complete responses for project team members that are not U.S. National Laboratories, domestic government entities, and unstitutions of higher education of higher educations of higher educations.

- 1. Entity name, website address, and physical address;
- 2. The identity of all owners, principal investigators, project managers, and Senior/Key Personnel who are a party to any *Foreign Government-Sponsored Talent Recruitment Program* of a foreign country of risk (i.e., China, Iran, North Korea, and Russia);
- 3. The existence of any joint venture or subsidiary that is based in, funded by, or has a foreign affiliation with any foreign country of risk, including the People's Republic of China;
- 4. Any current or pending contractual or financial obligation or other agreement specific to a business arrangement, or joint venture-like arrangement with an enterprise owned by a foreign state or any foreign entity;
- 5. Percentage, if any, that the proposed recipient or subrecipient has foreign ownership or control;
- 6. Percentage, if any, that the proposed recipient or subrecipient is wholly or partially owned by an entity in a foreign country of risk;
- 7. Percentage, if any, of venture capital or institutional investment by an entity that has a general partner or individual holding a leadership role in such entity who has a foreign affiliation with any foreign country of risk;
- 8. Any technology licensing or intellectual property sales to a foreign country of risk, during the 5-year period preceding submission of the proposal;
- 9. Any foreign business entity, offshore entity, or entity outside the United States related to the proposed recipient or subrecipient;
- 10. Complete list of all directors (and board observers), including their full name, citizenship and shareholder affiliation, date of appointment, duration of term, as well as a description of observer rights as applicable;
- 11. Complete capitalization table for your entity, including all equity interests (including LLC and partnership interests, as well as derivative securities).

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

Include both the number of shares issued to each equity holder, as well as the percentage of that series and all equity on a fully diluted basis. Identify the principal place of incorporation (or organization) for each equity holder. If the equity holder is a natural person, identify the citizenship(s). If the recipient or subrecipient is a publicly traded company, provide the above information for shareholders with an interest greater than 5 percent;

- 12. A summary table identifying all rounds of financing, the purchase dates, the investors for each round, and all the associated governance and information rights obtained by investors during each round of financing; and
- 13. An organization chart to illustrate the relationship between your entity and the immediate parent, ultimate parent, and any intermediate parent, as well as any subsidiary or affiliates. Identify where each entity is incorporated.

DOE reserves the right to request additional or clarifying information based on the information submitted.

Save the Transparency of Foreign Connections information in a single PDF file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_TFC."

# xix. Potentially Duplicative Funding Notice

If the applicant or project team member has other active awards of federal funds, the applicant must determine whether the activities of those awards potentially overlap with the activities set forth in its application to this FOA. If there is a potential overlap, the applicant must notify DOE in writing of the potential overlap and state how it will ensure any project funds (i.e., recipient cost share and federal funds) will not be used for identical cost items under multiple awards. Likewise, for projects that receive funding under this FOA, if a recipient or project team member receives any other award of federal funds for activities that potentially overlap with the activities funded under the DOE award, the recipient must promptly notify DOE in writing of the potential overlap and state whether project funds from any of those other federal awards have been, are being, or are to be used (in whole or in part) for one or more of the identical cost items under the DOE award. If there are identical cost items, the recipient must promptly notify the Contracting Officer in writing of the potential duplication and eliminate any inappropriate duplication of funding.

Save the Potentially Duplicative Funding Notice in a single PDF file using the following convention for the title "ControlNumber\_LeadOrganization\_PDFN."

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



# E. Content and Form of Replies to Reviewer Comments

EERE will provide applicants with reviewer comments following the evaluation of all eligible Full Applications. Applicants will have a brief opportunity to prepare a short Reply to Reviewer Comments (Reply). The Reply must not exceed three pages. If a Reply is more than three pages in length, EERE will review only the first three pages and disregard additional pages. Applicants may use the Reply to respond to one or more comments or to supplement their Full Application. The Reply may include text, graphs, charts, or data.

EERE will post the reviewer comments in EERE eXCHANGE. The expected submission deadline is on the cover page of the FOA; however, it is the applicant's responsibility to monitor EERE eXCHANGE if the expected date changes. The deadline will not be extended for applicants who are unable to timely submit their Reply due to failure to check EERE eXCHANGE or relying on the expected date alone. Applicants should anticipate having approximately three (3) business days to submit a Reply.

Applicants are not required to submit a Reply to Reviewer Comments. EERE will review and consider each eligible Full Application, even if no Reply is submitted or if the Reply is found to be ineligible.

# F. Post Selection Information Requests

If selected for award negotiations, EERE reserves the right to require that selected applicants provide additional or clarifying information regarding the application submissions, the project, the project team, the award requirements, and any other matters related to anticipated award. The following is a list of examples of information that may be required:

- Personnel proposed to work on the project and collaborating organizations (See Section VI.B.xx. Participants and Collaborating Organizations);
- Current and Pending Support (See Sections IV.E.xvii. and VI.B.xxi. Current and Pending Support);
- A Data Management Plan describing how all research data displayed in publications resulting from the proposed work will be digitally accessible at the time of publications, in accordance with Section VI.B.xxiii.;
- Indirect cost information;
- Other budget information;
- Letters of Commitment from third parties contributing to cost share, if applicable;

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



- Name and phone number of the Designated Responsible Employee for complying with national policies prohibiting discrimination (See 10 CFR 1040.5);
- Information for the DOE Office of Civil Rights to process assurance reviews under 10 CFR 1040;
- Representation of Limited Rights Data and Restricted Software, if applicable; and
- Environmental Questionnaire.

# G. Unique Entity Identifier (UEI) and System for Award Management (SAM)

Each applicant (unless the applicant is an individual or federal awarding agency that is excepted from those requirements under 2 CFR 25.110(b) or (c), or has an exception approved by the federal awarding agency under 2 CFR 25.110(d)) is required to: (1) register in the SAM at <u>https://www.sam.gov</u> before submitting an application; (2) provide a valid UEI in the application; and (3) maintain an active SAM registration with current information at all times during which it has an active federal award or an application or plan under consideration by a federal awarding agency. DOE may not make a federal award to an applicant until the applicant has complied with all applicable UEI and SAM requirements. If an applicant has not fully complied with the requirements by the time DOE is ready to make a federal award, DOE will determine that the applicant is not qualified to receive a federal award and use that determination as a basis for making a federal award to another applicant.

NOTE: Due to the high demand of UEI requests and SAM registrations, entity legal business name and address validations are taking longer than expected to process. Entities should start the UEI and SAM registration process as soon as possible. If entities have technical difficulties with the UEI validation or SAM registration process they should use the <u>HELP</u> feature on <u>SAM.gov</u>. SAM.gov will work entity service tickets in the order in which they are received and asks that entities not create multiple service tickets for the same request or technical issue. Additional entity validation resources can be found here: <u>GSAFSD Tier 0 Knowledge Base - Validating your Entity</u>.

# **H.** Submission Dates and Times

All required submissions must be submitted in EERE eXCHANGE no later than 5 p.m. ET on the dates provided on the cover page of this FOA.

# I. Intergovernmental Review

This FOA is not subject to Executive Order 12372 – Intergovernmental Review of Federal Programs.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



# J. Funding Restrictions

# i. Allowable Costs

All expenditures must be allowable, allocable, and reasonable in accordance with the applicable federal cost principles. Pursuant to 2 CFR 910.352, the cost principles in the Federal Acquisition Regulations (48 CFR 31.2) apply to for-profit entities. The cost principles contained in 2 CFR Part 200, Subpart E apply to all entities other than for-profits.

## ii. Pre-Award Costs

Applicants selected for award negotiations (selectees) must request prior written approval to charge pre-award costs. Pre-award costs are those incurred prior to the effective date of the federal award directly pursuant to the negotiation and in anticipation of the federal award where such costs are necessary for efficient and timely performance of the scope of work. Such costs are allowable only to the extent that they would have been allowable if incurred after the date of the federal award and **only** with the written approval of the federal awarding agency, through the Contracting Officer.

Pre-award costs cannot be incurred prior to the Selection Official signing the Selection Statement and Analysis.

Pre-award expenditures are made at the selectee's risk. EERE is not obligated to reimburse costs: (1) in the absence of appropriations; (2) if an award is not made; or (3) if an award is made for a lesser amount than the selectee anticipated.

## 1. National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) Requirements Related to Pre-Award Costs

EERE's decision whether and how to distribute federal funds under this FOA is subject to NEPA. Applicants should carefully consider and should seek legal counsel or other expert advice before taking any action related to the proposed project that would have an adverse effect on the environment or limit the choice of reasonable alternatives prior to EERE completing the NEPA review process.

EERE does not guarantee or assume any obligation to reimburse pre-award costs incurred prior to receiving written authorization from the Contracting Officer. If the applicant elects to undertake activities that DOE determines may have an adverse effect on the environment or limit the choice of reasonable alternatives prior to receiving such written authorization from the Contracting Officer, the applicant is doing so at risk of not receiving federal funding for their project and such costs may not be recognized as allowable cost share. Nothing contained in the pre-award cost reimbursement regulations or any pre-award costs approval letter from the Contracting Officer overrides the requirement to obtain the written authorization from the Contracting Officer prior to taking any action that may have an adverse effect on the environment or limit the choice of reasonable alternatives. Likewise, if an application is selected for negotiation of award, and the prime recipient elects to undertake activities that are not authorized for federal funding by the Contracting Officer in advance of EERE completing a NEPA review, the prime recipient is doing so at risk of not receiving federal funding and such costs may not be recognized as allowable cost share.

# iii. Performance of Work in the United States (Foreign Work Waiver)

#### 1. Requirement

All work performed under awards issued under this FOA must be performed in the United States. The prime recipient must flow down this requirement to its subrecipients.

#### 2. Failure to Comply

If the prime recipient fails to comply with the Performance of Work in the United States requirement, DOE may deny reimbursement for the work conducted outside the United States and such costs may not be recognized as allowable recipient cost share. The prime recipient is responsible should any work under this award be performed outside the United States, absent a waiver, regardless of whether the work is performed by the prime recipient, subrecipients, contractors or other project partners.

#### 3. Waiver

To seek a foreign work waiver, the applicant must submit a written waiver request to DOE. <u>Appendix C lists the information that must be included in a request for a foreign work waiver</u>.

Save the waiver request(s) in a single PDF file. The applicant does not have the right to appeal DOE's decision concerning a waiver request.

#### iv. Construction

Recipients are required to obtain written authorization from the Contracting Officer before incurring any major construction costs.

#### v. Foreign Travel

Foreign travel costs are not allowable under this FOA.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

# vi. Equipment and Supplies

To the greatest extent practicable, all equipment and products purchased with funds made available under this FOA should be American-made. This requirement does not apply to used or leased equipment.

# vii. Build America Buy America Requirements for Infrastructure Projects

Pursuant to the Build America Buy America Act, subtitle IX of BIL (Buy America, or BABA), federally assisted projects that involve infrastructure work, undertaken by applicable recipient types, require that:

- All iron, steel, and manufactured products used in the infrastructure work are produced in the United States; and
- All construction materials used in the infrastructure work are manufactured in the United States.

Whether a given project must apply this requirement is project-specific and dependent on several factors, such as the recipient's entity type, whether the work involves "infrastructure," as defined in Section 70914 of the BIL, and whether the infrastructure in question is publicly owned or serves a public function.

Applicants are strongly encouraged to consult Appendix D of this FOA to determine whether their project may have to apply this requirement, both to make an early determination as to the need of a waiver, as well as to determine what impact, if any, this requirement may have on the proposed project's budget.

Please note that, based on implementation guidance from the Office of Management and Budget issued on April 18, 2022, the Buy America requirements of the BIL do not apply to DOE projects in which the prime recipient is a for-profit entity; the requirements only apply to projects whose prime recipient is a "non-Federal entity," e.g., a State, local government, Indian Tribe, Institution of Higher Education, or nonprofit organization. Subawards should conform to the terms of the prime award from which they flow; in other words, for-profit prime recipients are not required to flow down these Buy America requirements to subrecipients, even if those subrecipients are non-Federal entities as defined above. Conversely, prime recipients which are non-Federal entities must flow the Buy America requirements down to all subrecipients, even if those subrecipients are for-profit entities. Finally, for all applicants—both non-Federal entities and for-profit entities—DOE is including a Program Policy Factor that the Selection Official may consider in determining which Full Applications to select for award negotiations that considers whether the applicant has made a commitment to procure U.S. iron, steel, manufactured products, and construction materials in its project.

The DOE financial assistance agreement will require each recipient to: (1) fulfill the commitments made in its application regarding the procurement of U.S.produced products and (2) fulfill the commitments made in its application regarding the procurement of other key component metals and domestically manufactured products that are deemed available in sufficient and reasonably available quantities or of a satisfactory quality at the time of award negotiation. Applicants may seek waivers of these requirements in very limited circumstances and for good cause shown. Further details on requesting a waiver can be found in Appendix D and the terms and conditions of an award.

Applicants are strongly encouraged to consult Appendix D for more information.

#### viii. Lobbying

Recipients and subrecipients may not use any federal funds to influence or attempt to influence, directly or indirectly, congressional action on any legislative or appropriation matters.

Recipients and subrecipients are required to complete and submit SF-LLL, "Disclosure of Lobbying Activities"

(https://www.grants.gov/web/grants/forms/sf-424-individual-family.html) to ensure that non-federal funds have not been paid and will not be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence any of the following in connection with the application:

- An officer or employee of any federal agency;
- A Member of Congress;
- An officer or employee of Congress; or
- An employee of a Member of Congress.

#### ix. Risk Assessment

Pursuant to 2 CFR 200.206, DOE will conduct an additional review of the risk posed by applications submitted under this FOA. Such risk assessment will consider:



- 1. Financial stability;
- Quality of management systems and ability to meet the management standards prescribed in 2 CFR 200 as amended and adopted by 2 CFR 910;
- 3. History of performance;
- 4. Audit reports and findings; and
- 5. The applicant's ability to effectively implement statutory, regulatory, or other requirements imposed on non-federal entities.

DOE may make use of other publicly available information and the history of an applicant's performance under DOE or other federal agency awards.

Depending on the severity of the findings and whether the findings were resolved, DOE may elect not to fund the applicant.

In addition to this review, DOE must comply with the guidelines on governmentwide suspension and debarment in 2 CFR 180 and must require non-federal entities to comply with these provisions. These provisions restrict federal awards, subawards and contracts with certain parties that are debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in federal programs or activities.

Further, as DOE invests in critical infrastructure and funds critical and emerging technology areas, DOE also considers possible vectors of undue foreign influence in evaluating risk. If high risks are identified and cannot be sufficiently mitigated, DOE may elect to not fund the applicant.

#### x. Invoice Review and Approval

DOE employs a risk-based approach to determine the level of supporting documentation required for approving invoice payments. Recipients may be required to provide some or all of the following items with their requests for reimbursement:

- Summary of costs by cost categories;
- Timesheets or personnel hours report;
- Invoices/receipts for all travel, equipment, supplies, contractual, and other costs;
- UCC filing proof for equipment acquired with project funds by for-profit recipients and subrecipients;
- Explanation of cost share for invoicing period;
- Analogous information for some subrecipients; and
- Other items as required by DOE.



# xi. Prohibition Related to Foreign Government-Sponsored Talent Recruitment Programs

#### a. Prohibition

Persons participating in a Foreign Government-Sponsored Talent Recruitment Program of a Foreign Country of Risk are prohibited from participating in projects selected for federal funding under this FOA. Should an award result from this FOA, the recipient must exercise ongoing due diligence to reasonably ensure that no individuals participating on the DOE-funded project are participating in a Foreign Government-Sponsored Talent Recruitment Program of a Foreign Country of Risk. Consequences for violations of this prohibition will be determined according to applicable law, regulations, and policy. Further, the recipient must notify DOE within five (5) business days upon learning that an individual on the project team is or is believed to be participating in a foreign government talent recruitment program of a foreign country of risk. DOE may modify and add requirements related to this prohibition to the extent required by law.

#### b. Definitions

1. Foreign Government-Sponsored Talent Recruitment Program. An effort directly or indirectly organized, managed, or funded by a foreign government, or a foreign government instrumentality or entity, to recruit science and technology professionals or students (regardless of citizenship or national origin, or whether having a full-time or part-time position). Some foreign government-sponsored talent recruitment programs operate with the intent to import or otherwise acquire from abroad, sometimes through illicit means, proprietary technology or software, unpublished data and methods, and intellectual property to further the military modernization goals and/or economic goals of a foreign government. Many, but not all, programs aim to incentivize the targeted individual to relocate physically to the foreign state for the above purpose. Some programs allow for or encourage continued employment at United States research facilities or receipt of federal research funds while concurrently working at and/or receiving compensation from a foreign institution, and some direct participants not to disclose their participation to U.S. entities. Compensation could take many forms including cash, research funding, complimentary foreign travel, honorific titles, career advancement opportunities, promised future compensation, or other types of remuneration or consideration, including in-kind compensation.

2. Foreign Country of Risk. DOE has designated the following countries as foreign countries of risk: Iran, North Korea, Russia, and China. This list is subject to change.

# xii. Affirmative Action and Pay Transparency Requirements

All applicants must comply with all applicable federal labor and employment laws, including but not limited to Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, the Fair Labor Standards Act, the Occupational Safety and Health Act, and the National Labor Relations Act, which protects employees' right to bargain collectively and engage in concerted activities for the purpose of workers' mutual aid or protection.

All federally assisted construction contracts exceeding \$10,000 annually will be subject to the requirements of Executive Order 11246:

(1) Recipients, subrecipients, contractors, and subcontractors are prohibited from discriminating in employment decisions on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.

(2) Recipients and contractors are required to take affirmative action to ensure that equal opportunity is provided in all aspects of their employment. This includes flowing down the appropriate language to all subrecipients, contractors, and subcontractors.

(3) Recipients, subrecipients, contractors, and subcontractors are prohibited from taking adverse employment actions against applicants and employees for asking about, discussing, or sharing information about their pay or, under certain circumstances, the pay of their co-workers.

DOL's Office of Federal Contractor Compliance Programs (OFCCP) uses a neutral process to schedule compliance evaluations. Consult OFCCP's Technical Assistance Guide<sup>65</sup> to gain an understanding of the requirements and possible actions the recipients, subrecipients, contractors, and subcontractors must take. Additional guidance may also be found in the National Policy Assurances, produced by DOE.

# xiii. Foreign Collaboration Considerations

a. Consideration of new collaborations with foreign entities, organizations and governments. The recipient will be required to provide DOE with advanced

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>65</sup> See OFCCP's Technical Assistance Guide at:

<sup>&</sup>lt;u>https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/ofccp/Construction/files/ConstructionTAG.pdf?msclkid=9e397d68c4b111e</u> <u>c9d8e6fecb6c710ec</u> Also see the National Policy Assurances <u>http://www.nsf.gov/awards/managing/rtc.jsp</u>

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

written notification of any potential collaboration with foreign entities, organizations, or governments in connection with its DOE-funded award scope. The recipient will then be required to await further guidance from DOE prior to contacting the proposed foreign entity, organization, or government regarding the potential collaboration or negotiating the terms of any potential agreement.

- b. Existing collaborations with foreign entities, organizations, and governments. The recipient will be required to provide DOE with a written list of all existing foreign collaborations in which has entered in connection with its DOEfunded award scope.
- c. Description of collaborations that should be reported. In general, a collaboration will involve some provision of a thing of value to, or from, the recipient. A thing of value includes but may not be limited to all resources made available to, or from, the recipient in support of and/or related to the DOE award, regardless of whether or not they have monetary value. Things of value also may include in-kind contributions (such as office/laboratory space, data, equipment, supplies, employees, students). In-kind contributions not intended for direct use on the DOE award but resulting in provision of a thing of value from or to the DOE award must also be reported. Collaborations do not include routine workshops, conferences, use of the recipient's services and facilities by foreign investigators resulting from its standard published process for evaluating requests for access, or the routine use of foreign facilities by awardee staff in accordance with the recipient's standard policies and procedures.

# V. Application Review Information

# A. Technical Review Criteria

# i. Concept Papers

Concept Papers are evaluated based on consideration the following factors. All sub-criteria are of equal weight.

# Concept Paper Criterion: Overall FOA Responsiveness and Viability of the Project (Weight: 100%)

This criterion involves consideration of the following factors:

• The applicant clearly describes the proposed technology, how the technology is unique and innovative, and how the technology will advance the current state of the art;

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



- The applicant has identified risks and challenges of the technology, regulatory and financial aspects of the proposal including possible mitigation strategies, and has shown the impact that EERE funding and the proposed project would have on the relevant field and application;
- The applicant has the qualifications, experience, capabilities, and other resources necessary to complete the proposed project; and
- The proposed work, if successfully accomplished, would clearly meet the objectives as stated in the FOA.

## ii. Full Applications

Applications will be evaluated against the technical review criteria shown below. All sub-criteria are of equal weight.

#### Criterion 1: Technical Merit, Innovation, and Impact (50%)

This criterion involves consideration of the following factors:

#### Technical Merit and Innovation

- Extent to which the proposed technology, process, or project is innovative or replicable;
- Degree to which the current state of the technology and the proposed advancement towards commercialization are clearly described;
- Extent to which the application specifically and convincingly demonstrates how the applicant will move the state of the art to the proposed advancement towards commercialization;
- Sufficiency of technical detail in the application to assess whether the proposed work is scientifically meritorious and revolutionary, including relevant data, calculations, and discussion of prior work, with analyses that support the viability of the proposed work;
- Extent to which project has buy-in from needed stakeholders to ensure success;
- Degree to which key manufacturing and supply chain challenges are considered, as applicable, for viable scale-up in this and future demonstrations;
- Degree to which siting and environmental constraints are considered for deployment;
- Extent to which project has the potential to reduce emissions and provide clean energy acceleration benefits for a community or region; and
- Sufficiency of existing infrastructure to support addition of proposed demonstration.

Impact of Technology Advancement

• Ability of the project to advance industry adoption;

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



- Extent to which the project supports the topic area objectives and target specifications and metrics;
- Potential impact of the project on advancing the state of the art;
- Extent to which demonstration/deployment is replicable and may lead to future demonstrations; and
- Extent to which the project facilitates stakeholder relationships across new or existing stakeholders to gain technical buy-in and increase potential for future deployments.

#### Project Management

- Adequacy of proposed project management systems including the ability to track scope, cost, and schedule progress and changes;
- Reasonableness of budget and spend plan as detailed in the budget justification workbook for proposed project and objectives;
- Adequacy of contingency funding based on quality of cost estimate and identified risks;
- Adequacy, reasonableness, and soundness of the project schedule, as well as periodic Go/No-Go decisions prior to further funds disbursement, interim milestones, and metrics to track process;
- Adequacy, reasonableness, and soundness of the project schedule, as well as annual Go/No-Go decisions prior to a budget period continuation application, interim milestones, and metrics to track process;
- Adequacy of the identification of risks, including labor and community opposition or disputes, and "timely" and appropriate strategies for mitigation and resolution; and
- Soundness of a plan to expeditiously address environmental, siting, and other regulatory requirements for the project, including evaluation of resilience to climate change.

#### Criterion 2: Project Research and Market Transformation Plan (25%)

This criterion involves consideration of the following factors:

#### Research Approach, Workplan, and SOPO

- Degree to which the approach and critical path have been clearly described and thoughtfully considered; and
- Degree to which the task descriptions are clear, detailed, timely, and reasonable, resulting in a high likelihood that the proposed Workplan and SOPO will succeed in meeting the project goals.

#### Identification of Technical Risks

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.gov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.gov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



• Discussion and demonstrated understanding of the key technical risk areas involved in the proposed work and the quality of the mitigation strategies to address them.

#### Baseline, Metrics, and Deliverables

- Level of clarity in the definition of the baseline, metrics, and milestones; and
- Relative to a clearly defined project baseline, the strength of the quantifiable metrics, milestones, and mid-point deliverables defined in the application, such that meaningful interim progress will be made.

#### Market Transformation Plan

- Identification of target market, competitors, and distribution channels for proposed technology along with known or perceived barriers to market penetration, including mitigation plan; and
- Comprehensiveness of market transformation plan including but not limited to product development and/or service plan, commercialization timeline, financing, product marketing, legal/regulatory considerations including intellectual property, infrastructure requirements, Open-source Software Distribution Plan, etc., and product distribution.

#### Industry Adoption Plan

• Identification of the interest and extent of industry adoption of the technology/process.

#### Criterion 3: Team and Resources (15%)

This criterion involves consideration of the following factors:

- Capability of the Principal Investigator(s) and the proposed team to address all aspects of the proposed work with a high probability of success. The qualifications, relevant expertise, and time commitment of the individuals on the team;
- Diversity of expertise and perspectives of the team and the inclusion of industry partners that will amplify impact;
- Sufficiency of the facilities to support the work;
- Degree to which the proposed consortia/team demonstrates the ability to facilitate and expedite further demonstration, development, and commercial deployment of the proposed technologies;
- Level of participation by project participants as evidenced by letter(s) of commitment and how well they are integrated into the Workplan; and
- Reasonableness of the budget and spend plan for the proposed project and objectives.

#### Criterion 4: Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (10%)

This criterion involves consideration of the following factors:

- The quality and manner in which the measures incorporate diversity, equity and inclusion goals in the project; and
- Extent to which the project benefits underserved communities.

#### iii. Criteria for Replies to Reviewer Comments

EERE has not established separate criteria to evaluate Replies to Reviewer Comments. Instead, Replies to Reviewer Comments are attached to the original applications and evaluated as an extension of the Full Application.

# **B. Standards for Application Evaluation**

Applications that are determined to be eligible will be evaluated in accordance with this FOA, by the standards set forth in EERE's Notice of Objective Merit Review Procedure (76 Fed. Reg. 17846, March 31, 2011) and the guidance provided in the "DOE Merit Review Guide for Financial Assistance," effective September 2020, which is available at: <u>https://energy.gov/management/downloads/merit-review-guide-financial-assistance-and-unsolicited-proposals-current</u>.

# **C. Other Selection Factors**

#### i. Program Policy Factors

In addition to the above criteria, the Selection Official may consider the following program policy factors in determining which Full Applications to select for award negotiations:

- The degree to which the proposed project exhibits technological diversity when compared to the existing DOE project portfolio and other projects selected from the subject FOA;
- The degree to which the proposed project, including proposed cost share, optimizes the use of available EERE funding to achieve programmatic objectives;
- The level of industry involvement and demonstrated ability to accelerate commercialization and overcome key market barriers;
- The degree to which the proposed project will accelerate transformational technological advances in areas that industry by itself is not likely to undertake because of technical and financial uncertainty;
- The degree to which the proposed project, or group of projects, represent a desired geographic distribution (considering past awards and current applications);

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



- The degree to which the proposed project incorporates applicant or team members from Minority Serving Institutions (e.g., Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs)/Other Minority Institutions (OMIs)); and partnerships with Minority Business Enterprises, minority-owned businesses, woman-owned businesses, veteran-owned businesses, or Indian Tribes; and
- The degree to which the proposed project will employ procurement of U.S. iron, steel, manufactured products, and construction materials.

# **D. Evaluation and Selection Process**

#### i. Overview

The evaluation process consists of multiple phases; each includes an initial eligibility review and a thorough technical review. Rigorous technical reviews of eligible submissions are conducted by reviewers that are experts in the subject matter of the FOA. Ultimately, the Selection Official considers the recommendations of the reviewers, along with other considerations such as program policy factors and risk reviews, in determining which applications to select.

#### ii. Pre-Selection Interviews

As part of the evaluation and selection process, EERE may invite one or more applicants to participate in Pre-Selection Interviews. Pre-Selection Interviews are distinct from and more formal than pre-selection clarifications (See Section V.D.iii. of the FOA). The invited applicant(s) will meet with EERE representatives to provide clarification on the contents of the Full Applications and to provide EERE an opportunity to ask questions regarding the proposed project. The information provided by applicants to EERE through pre-selection interviews contributes to EERE's selection decisions.

EERE will arrange to meet with the invited applicants in person at EERE's offices or a mutually agreed upon location. EERE may also arrange site visits at certain applicants' facilities. In the alternative, EERE may invite certain applicants to participate in a one-on-one conference with EERE via webinar, videoconference, or conference call.

EERE will not reimburse applicants for travel and other expenses relating to the pre-selection interviews, nor will these costs be eligible for reimbursement as pre-award costs.

EERE may obtain additional information through pre-selection interviews that will be used to make a final selection determination. EERE may select applications for funding and make awards without pre-selection interviews.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.gov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.gov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

Participation in pre-selection interviews with EERE does not signify that applicants have been selected for award negotiations.

#### iii. Pre-Selection Clarification

EERE may determine that pre-selection clarifications are necessary from one or more applicants. Pre-selection clarifications are distinct from and less formal than pre-selection interviews. These pre-selection clarifications will solely be for the purposes of clarifying the application. The pre-selection clarifications may occur before, during or after the merit review evaluation process. Information provided by an applicant that is not necessary to address the pre-selection clarification question will not be reviewed or considered. Typically, a preselection clarification will be carried out through either written responses to EERE's written clarification questions or video or conference calls with EERE representatives.

The information provided by applicants to EERE through pre-selection clarifications is incorporated in their applications and contributes to the merit review evaluation and EERE's selection decisions. If EERE contacts an applicant for pre-selection clarification purposes, it does not signify that the applicant has been selected for negotiation of award or that the applicant is among the top ranked applications.

EERE will not reimburse applicants for expenses relating to the pre-selection clarifications, nor will these costs be eligible for reimbursement as pre-award costs.

#### iv. Recipient Responsibility and Qualifications

DOE, prior to making a federal award with a total amount of federal share greater than the simplified acquisition threshold, is required to review and consider any responsibility and qualification information about the applicant that is in the entity information domain in <u>SAM.gov</u> (see 41 U.S.C. 2313).

The applicant, at its option, may review information in the entity information domain in <u>SAM.gov</u> and comment on any information about itself that a federal awarding agency previously entered and is currently in the entity information domain in <u>SAM.gov</u>.

DOE will consider any written comments by the applicant, in addition to the other information in the entity information domain in <u>SAM.gov</u>, in making a judgment about the applicant's integrity, business ethics, and record of

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

performance under federal awards when completing the review of risk posed by applicants as described in 2 CFR 200.206.

#### v. Selection

The Selection Official may consider the technical merit, the Federal Consensus Board's recommendations, program policy factors, risk reviews, and the amount of funds available in arriving at selections for this FOA.

# E. Anticipated Notice of Selection and Award Negotiation Dates

EERE anticipates notifying applicants selected for negotiation of award and negotiating awards by the dates provided on the cover page of this FOA.

# VI. Award Administration Information

# A. Award Notices

#### i. Ineligible Submissions

Ineligible Concept Papers and Full Applications will not be further reviewed or considered for award. The Contracting Officer will send a notification letter by email to the technical and administrative points of contact designated by the applicant in EERE eXCHANGE. The notification letter will state the basis upon which the Concept Paper or the Full Application is ineligible and not considered for further review.

#### ii. Concept Paper Notifications

EERE will notify applicants of its determination to encourage or discourage the submission of a Full Application. EERE will post these notifications to EERE eXCHANGE. EERE may include general comments provided from reviewers on an applicant's Concept Paper in the encourage/discourage notifications.

Applicants may submit a Full Application even if they receive a notification discouraging them from doing so. By discouraging the submission of a Full Application, EERE intends to convey its lack of programmatic interest in the proposed project. Such assessments do not necessarily reflect judgments on the merits of the proposed project. The purpose of the Concept Paper phase is to save applicants the considerable time and expense of preparing a Full Application that is unlikely to be selected for award negotiations.

A notification encouraging the submission of a Full Application does not authorize the applicant to commence performance of the project.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



#### iii. Full Application Notifications

EERE will notify applicants of its determination via a notification letter by email to the technical and administrative points of contact designated by the applicant in EERE eXCHANGE. The notification letter will inform the applicant whether or not its Full Application was selected for award negotiations. Alternatively, EERE may notify one or more applicants that a final selection determination on particular Full Applications will be made at a later date, subject to the availability of funds or other factors.

#### iv. Applicants Selected for Award Negotiations

Successful applicants will receive written notification that they have been selected for award negotiations. Receipt of a notification letter selecting a Full Application for award negotiations does not authorize the applicant to commence performance of the project. If an application is selected for award negotiations, it is not a commitment by EERE to issue an award nor is it a guarantee of federal government funding. Applicants do not receive an award unless and until award negotiations are complete and the Contracting Officer executes the funding agreement, accessible by the prime recipient in FedConnect.

The award negotiation process will take approximately 60 days. Applicants must designate a primary and a backup point-of-contact in EERE eXCHANGE with whom EERE will communicate to conduct award negotiations. The applicant must be responsive during award negotiations (i.e., provide requested documentation) and meet the negotiation deadlines. If the applicant fails to do so or if award negotiations are otherwise unsuccessful, EERE will cancel the award negotiations and rescind the Selection. EERE reserves the right to terminate award negotiations at any time for any reason.

Please refer to Section IV.J.ii. of the FOA for guidance on pre-award costs.

#### v. Alternate Selection Determinations

In some instances, an applicant may receive a notification that its application was not selected for award and EERE designated the application to be an alternate. As an alternate, EERE may consider the Full Application for federal funding in the future. A notification letter stating the Full Application is designated as an alternate does not authorize the applicant to commence performance of the project. EERE may ultimately determine to select or not select the Full Application for award negotiations.

#### vi. Unsuccessful Applicants

EERE shall promptly notify in writing each applicant whose application has not been selected for award or whose application cannot be funded because of the unavailability of appropriated funds.

### **B. Administrative and National Policy Requirements**

#### i. Registration Requirements

There are several one-time actions applicants must take before applying to this FOA. Some of these may take several weeks, so it is vital applicants build in enough time to complete them. Failure to complete these actions could interfere with application or negotiation deadlines or the ability to receive an award if selected. These requirements are as follows:

#### 1. EERE Funding Opportunity Exchange (eXCHANGE)

Register and create an account on EERE eXCHANGE at <u>https://eere-</u> <u>eXCHANGE.energy.gov</u>. This account will allow the user to apply to any open EERE FOAs that are currently in EERE eXCHANGE.

To access <u>EERE eXCHANGE</u>, potential applicants must have a <u>Login.gov</u> account. As part of the eXCHANGE registration process, new users will be directed to create an account in Login.gov. Please note that the email address associated with Login.gov must match the email address associated with the eXCHANGE account. For more information, refer to the eXCHANGE Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) Quick Guide in the <u>Manuals section</u> of eXCHANGE.

Each organization or business unit, whether acting as a team or a single entity, should use only one account as the contact point for each submission. Applicants should also designate backup points of contact. <u>This step is</u> <u>required to apply to this FOA.</u> The eXCHANGE registration does not have a delay; however, <u>the remaining registration requirements below could take</u> <u>several weeks to process and are necessary for a potential applicant to</u> <u>receive an award under this FOA.</u>

#### 2. System for Award Management

Register with the SAM at <u>https://www.sam.gov</u>. Designating an Electronic Business Point of Contact (EBiz POC) and obtaining a special password called a Marketing Partner ID Number (MPIN) are important steps in SAM registration. Please update your SAM registration annually.

#### 3. FedConnect

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

Register in FedConnect at <u>https://www.fedconnect.net</u>. To create an organization account, your organization's SAM MPIN is required. For more information about the SAM MPIN or other registration requirements, review the FedConnect Ready, Set, Go! Guide at

https://www.fedconnect.net/FedConnect/Marketing/Documents/FedConnect t Ready Set Go.pdf.

#### 4. Grants.gov

Register in Grants.gov (<u>http://www.grants.gov</u>) to receive automatic updates when Amendments to this FOA are posted. Please note that Letters of Intent, Concept Papers, and Full Applications will not be accepted through Grants.gov.

#### **Electronic Authorization of Applications and Award Documents**

Submission of an application and supplemental information under this FOA through electronic systems used by the DOE, including EERE eXCHANGE and FedConnect.net, constitutes the authorized representative's approval and electronic signature.

#### ii. Award Administrative Requirements

The administrative requirements for DOE grants and cooperative agreements are contained in 2 CFR Part 200 as amended by 2 CFR Part 910.

#### iii. Foreign National Participation

All applicants selected for an award under this FOA and project participants (including subrecipients and contractors) who anticipate involving foreign nationals in the performance of an award, may be required to provide DOE with specific information about each foreign national to satisfy requirements for foreign national participation. A "foreign national" is defined as any person who is not a United States citizen by birth or naturalization. The volume and type of information collected may depend on various factors associated with the award. DOE concurrence may be required before a foreign national can participate in the performance of any work under an award.

DOE may elect to deny a foreign national's participation in the award. Likewise, DOE may elect to deny a foreign national's access to a DOE site, information, technologies, equipment, programs, or personnel.

#### iv. Subaward and Executive Reporting

Additional administrative requirements necessary for DOE grants and cooperative agreements to comply with the Federal Funding and Transparency Act of 2006 (FFATA) are contained in 2 CFR Part 170. Prime recipients must

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

register with the new FFATA Subaward Reporting System database and report the required data on their first tier subrecipients. Prime recipients must report the executive compensation for their own executives as part of their registration profile in SAM.

#### v. National Policy Requirements

The National Policy Assurances that are incorporated as a term and condition of award are located at: <u>http://www.nsf.gov/awards/managing/rtc.jsp</u>.

# vi. Environmental Review in Accordance with National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA)

EERE's decision whether and how to distribute federal funds under this FOA is subject to NEPA (42 U.S.C. 4321, *et seq.*). NEPA requires federal agencies to integrate environmental values into their decision-making processes by considering the potential environmental impacts of their proposed actions. For additional background on NEPA, please see DOE's NEPA website, at <u>https://www.energy.gov/nepa</u>.

While NEPA compliance is a federal agency responsibility and the ultimate decisions remain with the federal agency, all recipients selected for an award will be required to assist in the timely and effective completion of the NEPA process in the manner most pertinent to their proposed project. If DOE determines certain records must be prepared to complete the NEPA review process (e.g., biological evaluations or environmental assessments), the recipient may be required to prepare the records and the costs to prepare the necessary records may be included as part of the project costs.

#### National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA)

All recipients selected for an award must comply with the requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) prior to using Federal funds. Section 106 applies to historic properties that are listed in or eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. DOE and recipients selected for an award must consider the effects of project activities on historic properties, pursuant to Section 106 of the NHPA. DOE will perform a NHPA review under the umbrella of its NEPA review.

#### vii. Flood Resilience

Applications should indicate whether the proposed project location(s) is within a floodplain, how the floodplain was defined, and how flooding will factor into the project's design. The base floodplain long used for planning has been the 100-year floodplain, which has a 1% chance of flooding in any given year. As directed by Executive Order 13690, Establishing a Federal Flood Risk Management



Standard and a Process for Further Soliciting and Considering Stakeholder Input (2015), federal agencies, including DOE, must continue to avoid development in a floodplain to the extent possible. When doing so is not possible, federal agencies are directed to "expand management from the current base flood level to a higher vertical elevation and corresponding horizontal floodplain to address current and future flood risk and ensure that projects funded with taxpayer dollars last as long as intended." The higher flood elevation is based on one of three approaches: climate-informed science (preferred), freeboard value, or 0.2% annual flood change (500-year floodplain). EO 13690 and related information is available at: <a href="https://www.energy.gov/nepa/articles/eo-13690-establishing-federal-flood-risk-management-standard-and-process-further">https://www.energy.gov/nepa/articles/eo-13690-establishing-federal-flood-risk-management-standard-and-process-further</a>.

#### viii. Applicant Representations and Certifications

#### 1. Lobbying Restrictions

By accepting funds under this award, the prime recipient agrees that none of the funds obligated on the award shall be expended, directly or indirectly, to influence Congressional action on any legislation or appropriation matters pending before Congress, other than to communicate to Members of Congress as described in 18 U.S.C. § 1913. This restriction is in addition to those prescribed elsewhere in statute and regulation.

- 2. Corporate Felony Conviction and Federal Tax Liability Representations In submitting an application to this FOA, the applicant represents that:
  - **a.** It is **not** a corporation that has been convicted of a felony criminal violation under any federal law within the preceding 24 months; and
  - b. It is not a corporation that has any unpaid federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability.

For purposes of these representations, a corporation is any for-profit or nonprofit entity that has filed articles of incorporation in any of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, or the various territories of the United States [but not foreign corporations].

**3. Nondisclosure and Confidentiality Agreements Representations** In submitting an application to this FOA the applicant represents that:

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

- a. It does not and will not require its employees or contractors to sign internal nondisclosure or confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting its employees or contactors from lawfully reporting waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a federal department or agency authorized to receive such information.
- **b.** It **does not and will not** use any federal funds to implement or enforce any nondisclosure and/or confidentiality policy, form, or agreement it uses unless it contains the following provisions:
  - (1) "These provisions are consistent with and do not supersede, conflict with, or otherwise alter the employee obligations, rights, or liabilities created by existing statute or Executive order relating to (1) classified information, (2) communications to Congress, (3) the reporting to an Inspector General of a violation of any law, rule, or regulation, or mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an abuse of authority, or a substantial and specific danger to public health or safety, or (4) any other whistleblower protection. The definitions, requirements, obligations, rights, sanctions, and liabilities created by controlling Executive orders and statutory provisions are incorporated into this agreement and are controlling."
  - (2) The limitation above shall not contravene requirements applicable to Standard Form 312 Classified Information Nondisclosure Agreement (<u>https://fas.org/sgp/othergov/sf312.pdf</u>), Form 4414 Sensitive Compartmented Information Disclosure Agreement (https://fas.org/sgp/othergov/intel/sf4414.pdf), or any other form issued by a federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.
  - (3) Notwithstanding the provision listed in paragraph (a), a nondisclosure or confidentiality policy form or agreement that is to be executed by a person connected with the conduct of an intelligence or intelligence-related activity, other than an employee or officer of the United States government, may contain provisions appropriate to the particular activity for which such document is to be used. Such form or agreement shall, at a minimum, require that the person will not disclose any classified information received in the course of such activity unless specifically authorized to do so by the United States government. Such nondisclosure or confidentiality forms shall also make it clear that they do not bar disclosures to Congress, or to an



authorized official of an executive agency or the Department of Justice, that are essential to reporting a substantial violation of law.

#### ix. Statement of Federal Stewardship

EERE will exercise normal federal stewardship in overseeing the project activities performed under EERE awards. Stewardship Activities include, but are not limited to, conducting site visits; reviewing performance and financial reports; providing assistance and/or temporary intervention in unusual circumstances to correct deficiencies that develop during the project; assuring compliance with terms and conditions; and reviewing technical performance after project completion to ensure that the project objectives have been accomplished.

#### x. Statement of Substantial Involvement

EERE has substantial involvement in work performed under awards made as a result of this FOA. EERE does not limit its involvement to the administrative requirements of the award. Instead, EERE has substantial involvement in the direction and redirection of the technical aspects of the project. Substantial involvement includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- **1.** EERE shares responsibility with the recipient for the management, control, direction, and performance of the project.
- **2.** EERE may intervene in the conduct or performance of work under this award for programmatic reasons. Intervention includes the interruption or modification of the conduct or performance of project activities.
- **3.** EERE may redirect or discontinue funding the project based on the outcome of EERE's evaluation of the project at the Go/No-Go decision point(s).
- 4. EERE participates in major project decision-making processes.

#### xi. Subject Invention Utilization Reporting

To ensure that prime recipients, subrecipients, and contractors holding title to subject inventions are taking the appropriate steps to commercialize subject inventions, EERE may require that each prime recipient holding title to a subject invention submit annual reports for ten (10) years from the date the subject invention was disclosed to EERE on the utilization of the subject invention and efforts made by prime recipient or their licensees or assignees to stimulate such utilization. The reports must include information regarding the status of development, date of first commercial sale or use, gross royalties received by the prime recipient, and such other data and information as EERE may specify.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

#### xii. Intellectual Property Provisions

The standard DOE financial assistance intellectual property provisions applicable to the various types of recipients are located at <u>http://energy.gov/gc/standard-intellectual-property-ip-provisions-financial-assistance-awards</u>.

#### xiii. Reporting

Reporting requirements are identified on the Federal Assistance Reporting Checklist, attached to the award agreement.

#### xiv. Go/No-Go Review

Each project selected under this FOA will be subject to a periodic project evaluation referred to as a Go/No-Go Review. A Go/No-Go Review is a risk management tool and a project management best practice to ensure that, for the current phase or period of performance, technical success is definitively achieved and potential for success in future phases or periods of performance is evaluated, prior to beginning the execution of future phases. At the Go/No-Go decision points, EERE will evaluate project performance, project schedule adherence, meeting milestone objectives, compliance with reporting requirements, and overall contribution to the program goals and objectives. Federal funding beyond the Go/No-Go decision point (continuation funding) is contingent upon (1) availability of federal funds appropriated by Congress for the purpose of this program; (2) the availability of future-year budget authority; (3) recipient's technical progress compared to the Milestone Summary Table stated in Attachment 1 of the award; (4) recipient's submittal of required reports; (5) recipient's compliance with the terms and conditions of the award; (6) EERE's Go/No-Go decision; (7) the recipient's submission of a continuation application;<sup>66</sup> and (8) written approval of the continuation application by the Contracting Officer.

As a result of the Go/No-Go Review, DOE may, at its discretion, authorize the following actions: (1) continue to fund the project, contingent upon the availability of funds appropriated by Congress for the purpose of this program

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>66</sup> A continuation application is a non-competitive application for an additional budget period within a previously approved project period. At least ninety (90) days before the end of each budget period, the recipient must submit its continuation application, which includes the following information:

i. A progress report on the project objectives, including significant findings, conclusions, or developments, and an estimate of any unobligated balances remaining at the end of the budget period. If the remaining unobligated balance is estimated to exceed 20 percent of the funds available for the budget period, explain why the excess funds have not been obligated and how they will be used in the next budget period.

ii. A detailed budget and supporting justification if there are changes to the negotiated budget, or a budget for the upcoming budget period was not approved at the time of award.

iii. A description of any planned changes from the SOPO and/or Milestone Summary Table.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

and the availability of future-year budget authority; (2) recommend redirection of work under the project; (3) place a hold on federal funding for the project, pending further supporting data or funding; or (4) discontinue funding the project because of insufficient progress, change in strategic direction, or lack of funding.

The Go/No-Go decision is distinct from a non-compliance determination. In the event a recipient fails to comply with the requirements of an award, EERE may take appropriate action, including but not limited to, redirecting, suspending, or terminating the award.

#### xv. Conference Spending

The recipient shall not expend any funds on a conference not directly and programmatically related to the purpose for which the grant or cooperative agreement was awarded that would defray the cost to the United States government of a conference held by any Executive branch department, agency, board, commission, or office for which the cost to the U.S. government would otherwise exceed \$20,000, thereby circumventing the required notification by the head of any such Executive Branch department, agency, board, commission, or office to the Inspector General (or senior ethics official for any entity without an Inspector General), of the date, location, and number of employees attending such conference.

#### xvi. Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) Financing Statements

Per 2 CFR 910.360 (Real Property and Equipment) when a piece of equipment is purchased by a for-profit recipient or subrecipient with federal funds, and when the federal share of the financial assistance agreement is more than \$1 million the recipient or subrecipient must:

Properly record, and consent to the Department's ability to properly record if the recipient fails to do so, UCC financing statement(s) for all equipment in excess of \$5,000 purchased with project funds. These financing statement(s) must be approved in writing by the Contracting Officer prior to the recording, and they shall provide notice that the recipient's title to all equipment (not real property) purchased with federal funds under the financial assistance agreement is conditional pursuant to the terms of this section, and that the government retains an undivided reversionary interest in the equipment. The UCC financing statement(s) must be filed before the Contracting Officer may reimburse the recipient for the federal share of the equipment unless otherwise provided for in the relevant financial assistance agreement. The recipient shall further make any amendments to the financing statements or additional recordings, including

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line. appropriate continuation statements, as necessary or as the Contracting Officer may direct.

#### xvii. Real Property and Equipment

Real property and equipment purchased with project funds (federal share and recipient cost share) are subject to the requirements at 2 CFR 200.310, 200.311, 200.313, and 200.316 (non-federal entities, except for-profit entities) and 2 CFR 910.360 (for-profit entities).

For projects selected for awards under this FOA, the recipients may (1) take disposition action on the real property and equipment; or (2) continue to use the real property and equipment after the conclusion of the award period of performance with Contracting Officer approval. The recipient's written request for Continued Use must identify the property and include: a summary of how the property will be used (must align with the authorized project purposes); a proposed use period, (e.g., perpetuity, until fully depreciated, or a calendar date when the recipient expects to submit disposition instructions); acknowledgement that the recipient shall not sell or encumber the property or permit any encumbrance without prior written DOE approval; current fair market value of the property; and an estimated useful life or depreciation schedule for equipment.

When the property is no longer needed for authorized project purposes, the recipient must request disposition instructions from DOE. For-profit entity disposition requirements are set forth in 2 CFR 910.360. Property disposition requirements for other non-federal entities are set forth in 2 CFR 200.310 – 200.316.

### xviii. Implementation of Executive Order 13798, Promoting Free Speech and Religious Liberty

States, local governments, and other public entities may not condition subawards in a manner that would discriminate against or otherwise disadvantage subrecipients based on their religious character.

#### xix. Participants and Collaborating Organizations

If selected for award negotiations, the selected applicant must submit a list of personnel who are proposed to work on the project, both at the recipient and subrecipient level and a list of collaborating organizations prior to award. Recipients will have an ongoing responsibility to notify DOE of changes to the personnel and collaborating organizations and submit updated information during the life of the award.

80



#### xx. Current and Pending Support

If selected for award negotiations, within 30 days of the selection notice, the selectee must submit 1) current and pending support disclosures and resumes for any new PIs or Senior/Key Personnel and 2) updated disclosures if there have been any changes to the current and pending support submitted with the application. Throughout the life of the award, the Recipient has an ongoing responsibility to submit 1) current and pending support disclosure statements and resumes for any new PI and Senior/Key Personnel and 2) updated disclosure if there are changes to the current and pending support disclosure statements submitted to DOE. Also see Section IV.E.xvii.

#### xxi. U.S. Manufacturing Commitments

A primary objective of DOE's multi-billion-dollar research, development and demonstration investments is to cultivate new research and development ecosystems, manufacturing capabilities, and supply chains for and by United States industry and labor. Therefore, in exchange for receiving taxpayer dollars to support an applicant's project, the applicant and any subrecipient and contractor must agree to a U.S. Competitiveness provision requiring that any products embodying any subject invention or produced through the use of any subject invention will be manufactured substantially in the United States unless the recipient can show to the satisfaction of DOE that it is not commercially feasible. Award terms, including the specific U.S. Competitiveness Provision applicable to the various types of recipients and projects, are available at: <a href="https://www.energy.gov/gc/standard-intellectual-property-ip-provisions-financial-assistance-awards">https://www.energy.gov/gc/standard-intellectual-property-ip-provisions-financial-assistance-awards</a>.

Please note that a subject invention is any invention conceived or first actually reduced in performance of work under an award. An invention is any invention or discovery which is or may be patentable. The recipient includes any awardee, recipient, sub-awardee, or sub-recipient.

As noted in the U.S. Competitiveness Provision, if an entity cannot meet the requirements of the U.S. Competitiveness Provision, the entity may request a modification or waiver of the U.S. Competitiveness Provision. For example, the entity may propose modifying the language of the U.S. Competitiveness Provision in order to change the scope of the requirements or to provide more specifics on the application of the requirements for a particular technology. As another example, the entity may request that the U.S. Competitiveness Provision be waived in lieu of a net benefits statement or United States manufacturing plan. The statement or plan would contain specific and enforceable commitments that would be beneficial to the United States economy and competitiveness. Examples of such commitments could include manufacturing



specific products in the United States, making a specific investment in a new or existing United States manufacturing facility, keeping certain activities based in the United States or supporting a certain number of jobs in the United States related to the technology. DOE may, in its sole discretion, determine that the proposed modification or waiver promotes commercialization and provides substantial United States economic benefits, and grant the request. If granted, DOE will modify the award terms and conditions for the requesting entity accordingly.

More information and guidance on the waiver and modification request process can be found in the DOE Financial Assistance Letter on this topic, available at <a href="https://www.energy.gov/management/pf-2022-09-fal-2022-01-implementation-doe-determination-exceptional-circumstances-under">https://www.energy.gov/management/pf-2022-09-fal-2022-01-implementation-doe-determination-exceptional-circumstances-under</a>. Additional information on DOE's Commitment to Domestic Manufacturing for DOE-funded R&D is available at <a href="https://www.energy.gov/gc/us-manufacturing">https://www.energy.gov/gc/us-manufacturing</a>.

The U.S. Competitiveness Provision is implemented by DOE pursuant to a Determination of Exceptional Circumstances (DEC) under the Bayh-Dole Act and DOE Patent Waivers. See Section VIII.J. Title to Subject Inventions of this FOA for more information on the DEC and DOE Patent Waivers.

#### xxii. Interim Conflict of Interest Policy for Financial Assistance

The DOE interim Conflict of Interest Policy for Financial Assistance (COI Policy)<sup>67</sup> is applicable to all non-Federal entities applying for, or that receive, DOE funding by means of a financial assistance award (e.g., a grant, cooperative agreement, or technology investment agreement) and, through the implementation of this policy by the entity, to each Investigator who is planning to participate in, or is participating in, the project funded wholly or in part under the DOE financial assistance award. The term "Investigator" means the PI and any other person, regardless of title or position, who is responsible for the purpose, design, conduct, or reporting of a project funded by DOE or proposed for funding by DOE. Recipients must flow down the requirements of the interim COI Policy to any subrecipient non-federal entities. Further, for DOE funded projects, the recipient must include all financial conflicts of interest (FCOI) (i.e., managed and unmanaged/ unmanageable) in its initial and ongoing FCOI reports.

It is understood that non-federal entities and individuals receiving DOE financial assistance awards will need sufficient time to come into full compliance with DOE's interim COI Policy. To provide some flexibility, DOE allows for a staggered implementation. Specifically, prior to award, applicants selected for award

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> DOE's interim COI Policy can be found at <u>PF 2022-17 FAL 2022-02 Department of Energy Interim Conflict of</u> <u>Interest Policy Requirements for Financial Assistance</u>.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

negotiations must: ensure all Investigators complete their significant financial disclosures; review the disclosures; determine whether a FCOI exists; develop and implement a management plan for FCOIs; and provide DOE with an initial FCOI report that includes all FCOIs (i.e., managed and unmanaged/ unmanageable). Recipients will have 180 days from the date of the award to come into full compliance with the other requirements set forth in DOE's interim COI Policy. Prior to award, the applicant must certify that it is, or will be within 180 days of the award, compliant with all requirements in the COI Policy.

#### xxiii. Data Management Plan

Each applicant whose Full Application is selected for award negotiations will be required to submit a Data Management Plan (DMP) during the award negotiations phase. A DMP explains how, when appropriate, data generated in the course of the work performed under an EERE award will be shared and preserved to validate the results of the proposed work or how the results could be validated if the data is not shared or preserved. The DMP must provide a plan for making all research data displayed in publications resulting from the proposed work digitally accessible at the time of publications.

#### xxiv. Fraud, Waste, and Abuse

The mission of the DOE Office of Inspector General (OIG) is to strengthen the integrity, economy, and efficiency of the Department's programs and operations including deterring and detecting fraud, waste, abuse, and mismanagement. The OIG accomplishes this mission primarily through investigations, audits, and inspections of DOE activities to include grants, cooperative agreements, loans, and contracts.

The OIG maintains a hotline for reporting allegations of fraud, waste, abuse, or mismanagement. To report such allegations, please visit <a href="https://www.energy.gov/ig/ig-hotline">https://www.energy.gov/ig/ig-hotline</a>.

Additionally, recipients of DOE awards must be cognizant of the requirements of <u>2 CFR 200.113 Mandatory disclosures</u>, which states:

The non-Federal entity or applicant for a federal award must disclose, in a timely manner, in writing to the Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity all violations of Federal criminal law involving fraud, bribery, or gratuity violations potentially affecting the Federal award. Non-Federal entities that have received a federal award including the term and condition outlined in appendix XII of 2 CFR Part 200 are required to report certain civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings to SAM.gov. Failure to make required disclosures can result in any of the remedies described in <u>2 CFR 200.339</u>. (See also <u>2 CFR part 180</u>, <u>31 U.S.C. §</u> <u>3321</u>, and <u>41 U.S.C. § 2313</u>.) [<u>85 FR 49539</u>, Aug. 13, 2020]

Applicants and subrecipients (if applicable) are encouraged to allocate sufficient costs in the project budget to cover the costs associated for personnel and data infrastructure needs to support performance management and program evaluation needs, including but not limited to independent program and project audits to mitigate risks for fraud, waste, and abuse.

#### xxv. Human Subjects Research

Research involving human subjects, biospecimens, or identifiable private information conducted with DOE funding is subject to the requirements of DOE Order 443.1C, Protection of Human Research Subjects, 45 CFR Part 46, Protection of Human Subjects (subpart A which is referred to as the "Common Rule"), and 10 CFR Part 745, Protection of Human Subjects. Additional information on the DOE Human Subjects Research Program can be found at: <u>HUMAN SUBJECTS Human Subjects Pr... | U.S. DOE Office of Science (SC)</u> (osti.gov).

# **VII.** Questions/Agency Contacts

Upon the issuance of a FOA, EERE personnel are prohibited from communicating (in writing or otherwise) with applicants regarding the FOA except through the established question and answer process described below. Questions regarding this FOA must be submitted to i2X-FOA@ee.doe.gov no later than three (3) business days prior to the application due date and time. Please note, feedback on individual concepts will not be provided through Q&A.

All questions and answers related to this FOA will be posted on EERE eXCHANGE at: <u>https://eere-exchange.energy.gov</u>. You must first select the FOA Number to view the questions and answers specific to this FOA. EERE will attempt to respond to a question within three (3) business days unless a similar question and answer has already been posted on the website.

Questions related to the registration process and use of the EERE eXCHANGE website should be submitted to: <u>EERE-eXCHANGESupport@hq.doe.gov</u>.

# **VIII.** Other Information

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



# A. FOA Modifications

Amendments to this FOA will be posted on EERE eXCHANGE and the Grants.gov system. However, you will only receive an email when an amendment or a FOA is posted on these sites if you register for email notifications for this FOA in Grants.gov. EERE recommends that you register as soon after the release of the FOA as possible to ensure you receive timely notice of any amendments or other FOAs.

# B. Government Right to Reject or Negotiate

EERE reserves the right, without qualification, to reject any or all applications received in response to this FOA and to select any application, in whole or in part, as a basis for negotiation and/or award.

# C. Commitment of Public Funds

The Contracting Officer is the only individual who can make awards or commit the government to the expenditure of public funds. A commitment by anyone other than the Contracting Officer, either express or implied, is invalid.

# **D. Treatment of Application Information**

<u>Applicants should not include trade secrets or business-sensitive, proprietary, or</u> <u>otherwise confidential information in their application</u> unless such information is necessary to convey an understanding of the proposed project or to comply with a requirement in the FOA. Applicants are advised to not include any critically sensitive proprietary detail.

If an application includes trade secrets or business-sensitive, proprietary, or otherwise confidential information, it is furnished to the federal government in confidence with the understanding that the information shall be used or disclosed only for evaluation of the application. Such information will be withheld from public disclosure to the extent permitted by law, including the Freedom of Information Act. Without assuming any liability for inadvertent disclosure, EERE will seek to limit disclosure of such information to its employees and to outside reviewers when necessary for merit review of the application or as otherwise authorized by law. This restriction does not limit the federal government's right to use the information if it is obtained from another source.

If an applicant chooses to submit trade secrets or business-sensitive, proprietary, or otherwise confidential information, the applicant must provide **two copies** of the submission (e.g., Concept Paper, Full Application). The first copy should be marked

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

"non-confidential," with the information believed to be confidential deleted. The second copy should be marked "confidential" and must clearly and conspicuously identify the trade secrets or business-sensitive, proprietary, or otherwise confidential information and must be marked as described below. Failure to comply with these marking requirements may result in the disclosure of the unmarked information under the Freedom of Information Act or otherwise. The federal government is not liable for the disclosure or use of unmarked information and may use or disclose such information for any purpose as authorized by law.

The cover sheet of the Full Application, and other applicant submission must be marked as follows and identify the specific pages containing trade secrets or business-sensitive, proprietary, or otherwise confidential information:

#### Notice of Restriction on Disclosure and Use of Data:

Pages [list applicable pages] of this document may contain trade secrets or business-sensitive, proprietary, or otherwise confidential information that is exempt from public disclosure. Such information shall be used or disclosed only for evaluation purposes or in accordance with a financial assistance agreement between the submitter and the government. The government may use or disclose any information that is not appropriately marked or otherwise restricted, regardless of source. [End of Notice]

In addition, (1) the header and footer of every page that contains trade secrets or business-sensitive, proprietary, or otherwise confidential information must be marked as follows: "Contains Trade Secrets or Business-Sensitive, Proprietary, or Otherwise Confidential Information Exempt from Public Disclosure," and (2) every line or paragraph containing such information must be clearly marked with double brackets or highlighting. DOE will make its own determination about the confidential status of the information and treat it according to its determination.

### E. Evaluation and Administration by Non-Federal Personnel

In conducting the merit review evaluation, the Go/No-Go Reviews, and Peer Reviews, the government may seek the advice of qualified non-federal personnel as reviewers. The government may also use non-federal personnel to conduct routine, nondiscretionary administrative activities, including EERE contractors. The applicant, by submitting its application, consents to the use of non-federal reviewers/administrators. Non-federal reviewers must sign conflict of interest (COI) and non-disclosure acknowledgements (NDA) prior to reviewing an application. Nonfederal personnel conducting administrative activities must sign an NDA.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



# F. Notice Regarding Eligible/Ineligible Activities

Eligible activities under this FOA include those which describe and promote the understanding of scientific and technical aspects of specific energy technologies, but not those which encourage or support political activities such as the collection and dissemination of information related to potential, planned, or pending legislation.

# G. Notice of Right to Conduct a Review of Financial Capability

EERE reserves the right to conduct an independent third-party review of financial capability for applicants that are selected for negotiation of award (including personal credit information of principal(s) of a small business if there is insufficient information to determine financial capability of the organization).

# H. Requirement for Full and Complete Disclosure

Applicants are required to make a full and complete disclosure of all information requested. Any failure to make a full and complete disclosure of the requested information may result in:

- The termination of award negotiations;
- The modification, suspension, and/or termination of a funding agreement;
- The initiation of debarment proceedings, debarment, and/or a declaration of ineligibility for receipt of federal contracts, subcontracts, and financial assistance and benefits; and
- Civil and/or criminal penalties.

### I. Retention of Submissions

EERE expects to retain copies of all Full Applications and other submissions. No submissions will be returned. By applying to EERE for funding, applicants consent to EERE's retention of their submissions.

### J. Title to Subject Inventions

Ownership of subject inventions is governed pursuant to the authorities listed below:

• Domestic Small Businesses, Educational Institutions, and Nonprofits: Under the Bayh-Dole Act (35 U.S.C. § 200 et seq.), domestic small businesses, educational institutions, and nonprofits may elect to retain title to their subject inventions;

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.gov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.gov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



- All other parties: The federal Non-Nuclear Energy Act of 1974, 42. U.S.C. § 5908, provides that the government obtains title to new inventions unless a waiver is granted (see below);
- Class Patent Waiver: DOE has issued a class waiver that applies to this FOA. Under this class waiver, domestic large businesses may elect title to their subject inventions similar to the right provided to the domestic small businesses, educational institutions, and nonprofits by law. To avail itself of the class waiver, a domestic large business must agree that any products embodying or produced through the use of a subject invention first created or reduced to practice under this program will be substantially manufactured in the United States.
- Advance and Identified Waivers: Applicants not covered by a Class Patent Waiver or the Bayh-Dole Act may request a patent waiver that will cover subject inventions that may be invented under the award, in advance of or within 30 days after the effective date of the award. Even if an advance waiver is not requested or the request is denied, the recipient will have a continuing right under the award to request a waiver for identified inventions, i.e., individual subject inventions that are disclosed to EERE within the timeframes set forth in the award's intellectual property terms and conditions. Any patent waiver that may be granted is subject to certain terms and conditions in 10 CFR 784.
- DEC: On June 07, 2021, DOE approved a Determination of Exceptional Circumstances (DEC) under the Bayh-Dole Act to further promote domestic manufacture of DOE science and energy technologies. In accordance with this DEC, all awards, including sub-awards, under this FOA shall include the U.S. Competitiveness Provision in accordance with Section VI.B.xxi. U.S. Manufacturing Commitments of this FOA. A copy of the DEC can be found at <u>https://www.energy.gov/gc/determination-exceptional-circumstances-decs</u>. Pursuant to 37 CFR § 401.4, any nonprofit organization or small business firm as defined by 35 U.S.C. 201 affected by any DEC has the right to appeal it by providing written notice to DOE within 30 working days from the time it receives a copy of the determination.
- DOE may issue and publish further DECs on the website above prior to the issuance of awards under this FOA. DOE may require additional submissions or requirements as authorized by any applicable DEC.

# **K.** Government Rights in Subject Inventions

Where prime recipients, subrecipients, and contractors retain title to subject inventions, the U.S. government retains certain rights.

#### i. Government Use License

The U.S. government retains a nonexclusive, nontransferable, irrevocable, paidup license to practice or have practiced for or on behalf of the United States any

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

subject invention throughout the world. This license extends to government contractors.

#### ii. March-In Rights

The U.S. government retains march-in rights with respect to all subject inventions. Through "march-in rights," the government may require a prime recipient or subrecipient who has elected to retain title to a subject invention (or their assignees or exclusive licensees), to grant a license for use of the invention to a third party. In addition, the government may grant licenses for use of the subject invention when a prime recipient, subrecipient, or their assignees and exclusive licensees refuse to do so.

DOE may exercise its march-in rights only if it determines that such action is necessary under any of the four following conditions:

- The owner or licensee has not taken or is not expected to take effective steps to achieve practical application of the invention within a reasonable time;
- The owner or licensee has not taken action to alleviate health or safety needs in a reasonably satisfied manner;
- The owner has not met public use requirements specified by federal statutes in a reasonably satisfied manner; or
- The United States manufacturing requirement has not been met.

Any determination that march-in rights are warranted must follow a fact-finding process in which the recipient has certain rights to present evidence and witnesses, confront witnesses and appear with counsel and appeal any adverse decision. To date, DOE has never exercised its march-in rights to any subject inventions.

# L. Rights in Technical Data

Data rights differ based on whether data is first produced under an award or instead was developed at private expense outside the award.

"Limited Rights Data": The U.S. government will not normally require delivery of confidential or trade secret-type technical data developed solely at private expense prior to issuance of an award, except as necessary to monitor technical progress and evaluate the potential of proposed technologies to reach specific technical and cost metrics.

Government Rights in Technical Data Produced Under Awards: The U.S. government normally retains unlimited rights in technical data produced under government financial assistance awards, including the right to distribute to the public. However,

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

pursuant to special statutory authority, certain categories of data generated under DOE awards <u>under this FOA</u> may be protected from public disclosure for up to five years after the data is generated ("Protected Data"). For awards permitting Protected Data, the protected data must be marked as set forth in the award's intellectual property terms and conditions and a listing of unlimited rights data (i.e., non-protected data) must be inserted into the data clause in the award. In addition, invention disclosures may be protected from public disclosure for a reasonable time in order to allow for filing a patent application.

# M. Copyright

The prime recipient and subrecipients may assert copyright in copyrightable works, such as software, first produced under the award without EERE approval. When copyright is asserted, the government retains a paid-up nonexclusive, irrevocable worldwide license to reproduce, prepare derivative works, distribute copies to the public, and to perform publicly and display publicly the copyrighted work. This license extends to contractors and others doing work on behalf of the government.

# **N. Export Control**

The United States government regulates the transfer of information, commodities, technology, and software considered to be strategically important to the United States to protect national security, foreign policy, and economic interests without imposing undue regulatory burdens on legitimate international trade. There is a network of federal agencies and regulations that govern exports that are collectively referred to as "Export Controls." All recipients and subrecipients are responsible for ensuring compliance with all applicable United States Export Control laws and regulations relating to any work performed under a resulting award.

The recipient must immediately report to DOE any export control violations related to the project funded under the DOE award, at the recipient or subrecipient level, and provide the corrective action(s) to prevent future violations.

# O. Prohibition on Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment

As set forth in 2 CFR 200.216, recipients and subrecipients are prohibited from obligating or expending project funds (federal funds and recipient cost share) to procure or obtain; extend or renew a contract to procure or obtain; or enter into a contract (or extend or renew a contract) to procure or obtain equipment, services, or systems that use *covered telecommunications equipment or services* as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

any system. As described in Section 889 of Public Law 115-232, *covered telecommunications equipment* is telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities).

See Public Law 115-232, Section 889, 2 CFR 200.216, and 2 CFR 200.471 for additional information.

# P. Personally Identifiable Information (PII)

All information provided by the applicant must to the greatest extent possible exclude PII. The term "PII" refers to information which can be used to distinguish or trace an individual's identity, such as their name, social security number, biometric records, alone, or when combined with other personal or identifying information which is linked or linkable to a specific individual, such as date and place of birth, mother's maiden name. (See OMB Memorandum M-17-12 dated January 3, 2017)

By way of example, applicants must screen resumes to ensure that they do not contain PII such as personal addresses, personal landline/cell phone numbers, and personal emails. **Under no circumstances should Social Security Numbers (SSNs) be included in the application**. Federal agencies are prohibited from the collecting, using, and displaying unnecessary SSNs. (See, the Federal Information Security Modernization Act of 2014 (Pub. L. No. 113-283, Dec 18, 2014; 44 U.S.C. § 3551).

# **Q. Annual Independent Audits**

If a for-profit entity is a prime recipient and has expended \$750,000 or more of DOE awards during the entity's fiscal year, an annual compliance audit performed by an independent auditor is required. For additional information, please refer to 2 CFR 910.501 and Subpart F.

If an educational institution, non-profit organization, or state/local government is a prime recipient or subrecipient and has expended \$750,000 or more of federal awards during the non-federal entity's fiscal year, a Single or Program-Specific Audit is required. For additional information, please refer to 2 CFR 200.501 and Subpart F.

Applicants and subrecipients (if applicable) should propose sufficient costs in the project budget to cover the costs associated with the audit. EERE will share in the cost of the audit at its applicable cost share ratio.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



# **APPENDIX A – COST SHARE INFORMATION**

#### **Cost Sharing or Cost Matching**

The terms "cost sharing" and "cost matching" are often used synonymously. Even the DOE Financial Assistance Regulations, 2 CFR 200.306, use both terms in the titles specific to regulations applicable to cost sharing. EERE almost always uses "cost sharing," as it conveys the concept that non-federal share is calculated as a percentage of the Total Project Cost. An exception is the State Energy Program Regulation, 10 CFR 420.12, State Matching Contribution. Here "cost matching" for the non-federal share is calculated as a percentage of the federal funds only, rather than the Total Project Cost.

#### How Cost Sharing Is Calculated

As stated above, cost sharing is calculated as a percentage of the Total Project Cost. FFRDC costs must be included in Total Project Costs. The following is an example of how to calculate cost sharing amounts for a project with \$1,000,000 in federal funds with a minimum 20% non-federal cost sharing requirement:

- Formula: Federal share (\$) divided by federal share (%) = Total Project Cost Example: \$1,000,000 divided by 80% = \$1,250,000
- Formula: Total Project Cost (\$) minus federal share (\$) = Non-federal share (\$) Example: \$1,250,000 minus \$1,000,000 = \$250,000
- Formula: Non-federal share (\$) divided by Total Project Cost (\$) = Non-federal share (%) Example: \$250,000 divided by \$1,250,000 = 20%

#### What Qualifies for Cost Sharing

While it is not possible to explain what specifically qualifies for cost sharing in one or two sentences, in general, if a cost is allowable under the cost principles applicable to the organization incurring the cost and is eligible for reimbursement under an EERE grant or cooperative agreement, it is allowable as cost share. Conversely, if the cost is not allowable under the cost principles and not eligible for reimbursement, it is not allowable as cost share. In addition, costs may not be counted as cost share if they are paid by the federal government under another award unless authorized by federal statute to be used for cost sharing.

The rules associated with what is allowable as cost share are specific to the type of organization that is receiving funds under the grant or cooperative agreement, though are generally the same for all types of entities. The specific rules applicable to:

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



- FAR Part 31 for For-Profit entities, (48 CFR Part 31); and
- 2 CFR Part 200 Subpart E Cost Principles for all other non-federal entities.

In addition to the above regulations, other factors may also come into play such as timing of donations and length of the project period. For example, the value of 10 years of donated maintenance on a project that has a project period of five years would not be fully allowable as cost share. Only the value for the five years of donated maintenance that corresponds to the project period is allowable and may be counted as cost share.

Additionally, EERE generally does not allow pre-award costs for either cost share or reimbursement when these costs precede the signing of the appropriation bill that funds the award. In the case of a competitive award, EERE generally does not allow pre-award costs prior to the signing of the Selection Statement by the EERE Selection Official.

#### **General Cost Sharing Rules on a DOE Award**

- 1. Cash Cost Share encompasses all contributions to the project made by the recipient or subrecipient(s), for costs incurred and paid for during the project. This includes when an organization pays for personnel, supplies, equipment for their own company with organizational resources. If the cost of the item or service is reimbursed, it is cash cost share. All cost share items must be necessary to the performance of the project.
- 2. In-Kind Cost Share encompasses all contributions to the project made by the recipient or subrecipient(s) that do not involve a payment or reimbursement and represent donated items or services. In-Kind cost share items include volunteer personnel hours, donated existing equipment, and donated existing supplies. The cash value and calculations thereof for all In-Kind cost share items must be justified and explained in the Cost Share section of the project Budget Justification. All cost share items must be necessary to the performance of the project. Consult your DOE contact if you have questions before filling out the In-Kind cost share section of the Budget Justification.
- **3.** Funds from other federal sources may not be counted as cost share. This prohibition includes FFRDC subrecipients. Non-federal sources include any source not originally derived from federal funds. Cost sharing commitment letters from subrecipients must be provided with the original application.
- 4. Fee or profit, including foregone fee or profit, are not allowable as project costs (including cost share) under any resulting award. The project may only incur those costs that are allowable and allocable to the project (including cost share) as determined in accordance with the applicable cost principles prescribed in FAR Part 31 for For-Profit entities and 2 CFR Part 200 Subpart E Cost Principles for all other non-federal entities.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

#### DOE Financial Assistance Rules 2 CFR Part 200 as amended by 2 CFR Part 910

As stated above, the rules associated with what is allowable cost share are generally the same for all types of organizations. Following are the rules found to be common, but again, the specifics are contained in the regulations and cost principles specific to the type of entity:

- (A) Acceptable contributions. All contributions, including cash contributions and third-party in-kind contributions, must be accepted as part of the prime recipient's cost sharing if such contributions meet all of the following criteria:
  - (1) They are verifiable from the recipient's records.
  - (2) They are not included as contributions for any other federally assisted project or program.
  - (3) They are necessary and reasonable for the proper and efficient accomplishment of project or program objectives.
  - (4) They are allowable under the cost principles applicable to the type of entity incurring the cost as follows:
    - For-profit organizations. Allowability of costs incurred by for-profit organizations and those nonprofit organizations listed in Attachment C to OMB Circular A–122 is determined in accordance with the for-profit cost principles in 48 CFR Part 31 in the FAR, except that patent prosecution costs are not allowable unless specifically authorized in the award document. (v) Commercial Organizations. FAR Subpart 31.2—Contracts with Commercial Organizations; and
    - **b.** Other types of organizations. For all other non-federal entities, allowability of costs is determined in accordance with 2 CFR Part 200 Subpart E.
  - (5) They are not paid by the federal government under another award unless authorized by federal statute to be used for cost sharing or matching.
  - (6) They are provided for in the approved budget.
- (B) Valuing and documenting contributions
  - (1) Valuing recipient's property or services of recipient's employees. Values are established in accordance with the applicable cost principles, which mean that amounts chargeable to the project are determined on the basis of costs incurred. For real property or equipment used on the project, the cost principles authorize

*Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.* 

depreciation or use charges. The full value of the item may be applied when the item will be consumed in the performance of the award or fully depreciated by the end of the award. In cases where the full value of a donated capital asset is to be applied as cost sharing or matching, that full value must be the lesser or the following:

- **a.** The certified value of the remaining life of the property recorded in the recipient's accounting records at the time of donation; or
- b. The current fair market value. If there is sufficient justification, the Contracting Officer may approve the use of the current fair market value of the donated property, even if it exceeds the certified value at the time of donation to the project. The Contracting Officer may accept the use of any reasonable basis for determining the fair market value of the property.
- (2) Valuing services of others' employees. If an employer other than the recipient furnishes the services of an employee, those services are valued at the employee's regular rate of pay, provided these services are for the same skill level for which the employee is normally paid.
- (3) Valuing volunteer services. Volunteer services furnished by professional and technical personnel, consultants, and other skilled and unskilled labor may be counted as cost sharing or matching if the service is an integral and necessary part of an approved project or program. Rates for volunteer services must be consistent with those paid for similar work in the recipient's organization. In those markets in which the required skills are not found in the recipient organization, rates must be consistent with those paid for similar work in the labor market in which the recipient competes for the kind of services involved. In either case, paid fringe benefits that are reasonable, allowable, and allocable may be included in the valuation.
- (4) Valuing property donated by third parties.
  - a. Donated supplies may include such items as office supplies or laboratory supplies. Value assessed to donated supplies included in the cost sharing or matching share must be reasonable and must not exceed the fair market value of the property at the time of the donation.
  - b. Normally only depreciation or use charges for equipment and buildings may be applied. However, the fair rental charges for land and the full value of equipment or other capital assets may be allowed, when they will be consumed in the performance of the award or fully depreciated by the end of the award, provided that the Contracting Officer has approved the charges. When use charges are applied, values must be determined in accordance with the usual accounting policies of the recipient, with the following qualifications:

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



- i. The value of donated space must not exceed the fair rental value of comparable space as established by an independent appraisal of comparable space and facilities in a privately-owned building in the same locality.
- ii. The value of loaned equipment must not exceed its fair rental value.
- (5) Documentation. The following requirements pertain to the recipient's supporting records for in-kind contributions from third parties:
  - **a.** Volunteer services must be documented and, to the extent feasible, supported by the same methods used by the recipient for its own employees.
  - **b.** The basis for determining the valuation for personal services and property must be documented.



# APPENDIX B – SAMPLE COST SHARE CALCULATION FOR BLENDED COST SHARE PERCENTAGE

The following example shows the math for calculating required cost share for a project with \$2 million in federal funds with four tasks requiring different non-federal cost share percentages:

Task	Proposed Federal	Federal Share %	Recipient Share %
	Share		
Task 1 (R&D)	\$1,000,000	80%	20%
Task 2 (R&D)	\$500,000	80%	20%
Task 3 (Demonstration)	\$400,000	50%	50%
Task 4 (Outreach)	\$100,000	100%	0%

Federal share (\$) divided by federal share (%) = Task Cost

Each task must be calculated individually as follows:

Task 1 \$1,000,000 divided by 80% = \$1,250,000 (Task 1 Cost) Task 1 Cost minus federal share = non-federal share \$1,250,000 - \$1,000,000 = \$250,000 (non-federal share)

Task 2 \$500,000 divided 80% = \$625,000 (Task 2 Cost) Task 2 Cost minus federal share = non-federal share \$625,000 - \$500,000 = \$125,000 (non-federal share)

Task 3 \$400,000 / 50% = \$800,000 (Task 3 Cost) Task 3 Cost minus federal share = non-federal share \$800,000 - \$400,000 = \$400,000 (non-federal share)

Task 4 Federal share = \$100,000 Non-federal cost share is not mandated for outreach = \$0 (non-federal share)



Tasks	\$ Federal	% Federal	\$ Non-Federal	% Non-Federal	Total Project
	Share	Share	Share	Share	Cost
Task 1	\$1,000,000	80%	\$250,000	20%	\$1,250,000
Task 2	\$500,000	80%	\$125,000	20%	\$625,000
Task 3	\$400,000	50%	\$400,000	50%	\$800,000
Task 4	\$100,000	100%	\$0	0%	\$100,000
Totals	\$2,000,000		\$775,000		\$2,775,000

The calculation may then be completed as follows:

Blended Cost Share %

Non-federal share (\$775,000) divided by Total Project Cost (\$2,775,000) = 27.9% (non-federal) Federal share (\$2,000,000) divided by Total Project Cost (\$2,775,000) = 72.1% (federal)



# APPENDIX C – WAIVER REQUESTS FOR: 1. FOREIGN ENTITY PARTICIPATION; AND 2. FOREIGN WORK

#### 1. Waiver for Foreign Entity Participation

Many of the technology areas DOE funds fall in the category of critical and emerging technologies (CETs). CETs are a subset of advanced technologies that are potentially significant to United States national and economic security.<sup>68</sup> For projects selected under this FOA, all recipients and subrecipients must be organized, chartered, or incorporated (or otherwise formed) under the laws of a state or territory of the United States; have majority domestic ownership and control; and have a physical location for business operations in the United States. To request a waiver of this requirement, an applicant must submit an explicit waiver request in the Full Application.

#### Waiver Criteria

Foreign entities seeking to participate in a project funded under this FOA must demonstrate to the satisfaction of DOE that:

- a. Its participation is in the best interest of the United States industry and United States economic development;
- The project team has appropriate measures in place to control sensitive information and protect against unauthorized transfer of scientific and technical information;
- c. Adequate protocols exist between the United States subsidiary and its foreign parent organization to comply with export control laws and any obligations to protect proprietary information from the foreign parent organization;
- d. The work is conducted within the United States and the entity acknowledges and demonstrates that it has the intent and ability to comply with the United States Competitiveness Provision (see Section VI.B.xxi.); and
- e. The foreign entity will satisfy other conditions that may be deemed necessary by DOE to protect United States government interests.

#### **Content for Waiver Request**

A Foreign Entity waiver request must include the following:

- a. Information about the entity: name, point of contact, and proposed type of involvement in the project;
- b. Country of incorporation, the extent of the ownership/level control by foreign entities, whether the entity is state owned or controlled, a summary of the ownership breakdown of the foreign entity, and the percentage of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> See <u>Critical and Emerging Technologies List Update (whitehouse.gov)</u>.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

ownership/control by foreign entities, foreign shareholders, foreign state or foreign individuals;

- c. The rationale for proposing a foreign entity participate (must address criteria above);
- d. A description of the project's anticipated contributions to the United States economy;
  - How the project will benefit the United States, including manufacturing, contributions to employment in the United States and growth in new markets and jobs in the United States;
  - How the project will promote manufacturing of products and/or services in the United States;
- e. A description of how the foreign entity's participation is essential to the project;
- f. A description of the likelihood of Intellectual Property (IP) being created from the work and the treatment of any such IP; and
- g. Countries where the work will be performed (Note: if any work is proposed to be conducted outside the United States, the applicant must also complete a separate request foreign work waiver.)

DOE may also require:

- A risk assessment with respect to IP and data protection protocols that includes the export control risk based on the data protection protocols, the technology being developed, and the foreign entity and country. These submissions could be prepared by the project lead (if not the prime recipient), but the prime recipient must make a representation to DOE as to whether it believes the data protection protocols are adequate and make a representation of the risk assessment – high, medium, or low risk of data leakage to a foreign entity.
- Additional language be added to any agreement or sub agreement to protect IP, mitigate risk, or other related purposes.

DOE may require additional information before considering the waiver request.

DOE's decision concerning a waiver request is not appealable.

#### 2. Performance of Work in the United States (Foreign Work Waiver Request)

As set forth in Section IV.J.iii., all work funded under this FOA must be performed in the United States. To seek a waiver of the Performance of Work in the United States requirement, the applicant must submit an explicit waiver request in the Full Application. A separate waiver request must be submitted for each entity proposing performance of work outside of the United States.

Overall, a waiver request must demonstrate to the satisfaction of DOE that it would further the purposes of this FOA and is otherwise in the economic interests of the

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.

United States to perform work outside of the United States. A request for a foreign work waiver must include the following:

- The rationale for performing the work outside the United States ("foreign work");
- 2. A description of the work proposed to be performed outside the United States;
- 3. An explanation as to how the foreign work is essential to the project;
- 4. A description of the anticipated benefits to be realized by the proposed foreign work and the anticipated contributions to the U.S. economy;
- 5. The associated benefits to be realized and the contribution to the project from the foreign work;
- 6. How the foreign work will benefit the United States, including manufacturing, contributions to employment in the United States and growth in new markets and jobs in the United States;
- 7. How the foreign work will promote manufacturing of products and/or services in the United States;
- 8. A description of the likelihood of IP being created from the foreign work and the treatment of any such IP;
- 9. The total estimated cost (DOE and recipient cost share) of the proposed foreign work;
- 10. The countries in which the foreign work is proposed to be performed; and
- 11. The name of the entity that would perform the foreign work.

DOE may require additional information before considering the waiver request.

DOE's decision concerning a waiver request is not appealable.



# APPENDIX D – REQUIRED USE OF AMERICAN IRON, STEEL, MANUFACTURED PRODUCTS, AND CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS BUY AMERICA REQUIREMENTS FOR INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECTS

#### A. Definitions

For purposes of the Buy America requirements, based both on the statute and OMB Guidance Document dated April 18, 2022, the following definitions apply:

**Construction materials** includes an article, material, or supply—other than an item of primarily iron or steel; a manufactured product; cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives<sup>69</sup> —that is or consists primarily of:

- Non-ferrous metals;
- Plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables);
- Glass (including optic glass);
- Lumber; or
- Drywall.

*Infrastructure* includes, at a minimum, the structures, facilities, and equipment for, in the United States, roads, highways, and bridges; public transportation; dams, ports, harbors, and other maritime facilities; intercity passenger and freight railroads; freight and intermodal facilities; airports; water systems, including drinking water and wastewater systems; electrical transmission facilities and systems; utilities; broadband infrastructure; and buildings and real property. Infrastructure includes facilities that generate, transport, and distribute energy.

Moreover, according to the OMB guidance document:

When determining if a program has infrastructure expenditures, Federal agencies should interpret the term "infrastructure" broadly and consider the definition provided above as illustrative and not exhaustive. When determining if a particular construction project of a type not listed in the definition above constitutes "infrastructure," agencies should consider whether the project will serve a public function, including whether the project is publicly owned and operated, privately operated on behalf of the public, or is a place of public accommodation, as opposed to a project that is privately owned and not open to the public. Projects with the former qualities have greater indicia of infrastructure, while projects with the latter quality have fewer. Projects consisting solely of the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> BIL, § 70917(c)(1).

*Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.gov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.gov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.* 

purchase, construction, or improvement of a private home for personal use, for example, would not constitute an infrastructure project.

The Agency, not the applicant, will have the final say as to whether a given project includes infrastructure, as defined herein. Accordingly, in cases where the "public" nature of the infrastructure is unclear but the other relevant criteria are met, DOE strongly recommends that applicants complete their full application with the assumption that Buy America requirements will apply to the proposed project.

**Project** means the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of infrastructure in the United States.

**B. Buy America Requirements for Infrastructure Projects ("Buy America" requirements)** In accordance with Section 70914 of the BIL, none of the project funds (includes federal share and recipient cost share) may be used for a project for infrastructure unless:

(1) all iron and steel used in the project are produced in the United States--this means all manufacturing processes, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, occurred in the United States;

(2) all manufactured products used in the project are produced in the United States this means the manufactured product was manufactured in the United States; and the cost of the components of the manufactured product that are mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States is greater than 55 percent of the total cost of all components of the manufactured product, unless another standard for determining the minimum amount of domestic content of the manufactured product has been established under applicable law or regulation; and

(3) all construction materials<sup>70</sup> are produced in the United States—this means that all manufacturing processes for the construction material occurred in the United States.

The Buy America requirements only apply to articles, materials, and supplies that are consumed in, incorporated into, or affixed to an infrastructure project. As such, it does not apply to tools, equipment, and supplies, such as temporary scaffolding, brought to the construction site and removed at or before the completion of the infrastructure project. Nor does the Buy America requirements apply to equipment and furnishings, such as movable chairs, desks, and portable computer equipment, that are used at or within the finished infrastructure project, but are not an integral part of the structure or permanently affixed to the infrastructure project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> Excludes cement and cementitious materials, aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel, or aggregate binding agents or additives.

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



These requirements must flow down to all sub-awards, all contracts, subcontracts, and purchase orders for work performed under the proposed project, except where the prime recipient is a for-profit entity. Based on guidance from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), the Buy America requirements of the BIL do not apply to DOE projects in which the prime recipient is a for-profit entity; the requirements only apply to projects whose prime recipient is a State, local government, Indian Tribe, Institution of Higher Education, or non-profit organization.

For additional information related to the application and implementation of these Buy America requirements, please see OMB Memorandum M-22-11, issued April 18, 2022:

Note that for all applicants—both non-Federal entities and for-profit entities—DOE is including a Program Policy Factor that the Selection Official may consider in determining which Full Applications to select for award negotiations that considers whether the applicant has made a commitment to procure U.S. iron, steel, manufactured products, and construction materials in its project.

#### **C.** Waivers

The DOE financial assistance agreement will require each recipient: (1) to fulfill the commitments made in its application regarding the procurement of U.S.-produced products and (2) to fulfill the commitments made in its application regarding the procurement of other key component metals and domestically manufactured products that are deemed available in sufficient and reasonably available quantities or of a satisfactory quality at the time of award negotiation.

In limited circumstances, DOE may waive the application of the Buy America requirements where DOE determines that:

(1) Applying the Buy America requirements would be inconsistent with the public interest;

(2) The types of iron, steel, manufactured products, or construction materials are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities or of a satisfactory quality; or

(3) The inclusion of iron, steel, manufactured products, or construction materials produced in the United States will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25%.

If an applicant or recipient is seeking a waiver of the Buy America requirements, it may submit a waiver request after it has been notified of its selection for award negotiations. A waiver request must include:

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.qov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.qov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



- A detailed justification for the use of "non-domestic" iron, steel, manufactured products, or construction materials to include an explanation as to how the non-domestic item(s) is essential to the project;
- A certification that the applicant or recipient made a good faith effort to solicit bids for domestic products supported by terms included in requests for proposals, contracts, and nonproprietary communications with potential suppliers;
- Applicant/Recipient name and Unique Entity Identifier (UEI)
- Total estimated project cost, DOE and cost-share amounts;
- Project description and location (to the extent known);
- List and description of iron or steel item(s), manufactured goods, and construction material(s) the applicant or recipient seeks to waive from Domestic Content Procurement Preference requirement, including name, cost, country(ies) of origin (if known), and relevant PSC and NAICS code for each;
- Waiver justification including due diligence performed (e.g., market research, industry outreach) by the applicant or recipient; and
- Anticipated impact if no waiver is issued

DOE may require additional information before considering the waiver request.

Waiver requests are subject to public comment periods of no less than 15 days and must be reviewed by the Made in America Office. There may be instances where an award qualifies, in whole or in part, for an existing waiver described at <u>DOE Buy America Requirement Waiver</u> <u>Requests</u>.

DOE's decision concerning a waiver request is not appealable.



# APPENDIX F – LIST OF ACRONYMS

AEMO	Australian Energy Market Operator	
BPS	Bulk Power System	
CAISO	California Independent System Operator	
COI	Conflict of Interest	
CRADA	Cooperative Research and Development Agreement	
DEC	Determination of Exceptional Circumstances	
DEI	Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion	
DMP	Data Management Plan	
DOE	Department of Energy	
DOI	Digital Object Identifier	
EEJ	Energy Equity and Justice	
EERE	Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy	
EMT	Electromagnetic transient	
ERCOT	Electric Reliability Council of Texas	
FAR	Federal Acquisition Regulation	
FCOI	Financial Conflicts of Interest	
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission	
FFATA	Federal Funding and Transparency Act of 2006	
FOA	Funding Opportunity Announcement	
FOIA	Freedom of Information Act	
FFRDC	Federally Funded Research and Development Center	
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles	
GW	Gigawatt	
HVDC	High-voltage direct current	
I2X	Interconnection Innovation Exchange	
IPMP	Intellectual Property Management Plan	
IBR	Inverter-based resource	
IRB	Institutional Review Board	
ISO	Independent system operator	
ISO-NE	Independent System Operator – New England	
LBNL	Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory	
M&O	Management and Operating	
MFA	Multi-Factor Authentication	
MISO	Mid-continent Independent System Operator	
MPIN	Marketing Partner ID Number	
MSI	Minority-Serving institution	
MYPP	Multi-Year Program Plan	
NDA	Non-Disclosure Acknowledgement	
NEPA	National Environmental Policy Act	
NERC	North American Electricity Reliability Corporation	
NNSA	National Nuclear Security Agency	
NREL	National Renewable Energy Laboratory	

Questions about this FOA? Email <u>i2X-FOA@ee.doe.gov</u>. Problems with EERE Exchange? Email <u>EERE-</u> <u>ExchangeSupport@hq.doe.gov</u>. Include FOA name and number in subject line.



NSF	National Caionas Foundation	
-	National Science Foundation	
OEM	Original equipment manufacturer	
OIG	Office of Inspector General	
OMB	Office of Management and Budget	
OMI	Other Minority Institution	
OPTIMA	Operation and Planning Tools for Inverter-Based Resource	
	Management and Availability for Future Power Systems	
OSTI	Office of Scientific and Technical Information	
OTA	Other Transactions Authority	
PII	Personal Identifiable Information	
PNNL	Pacific Northwest National Laboratory	
POI	Point of interconnection	
R&D	Research and Development	
RDD&D	Research, Development, Demonstration, and Deployment	
RFI	Request for Information	
RFP	Request for Proposal	
SAM	System for Award Management	
SciENcv	Science Experts Network Curriculum Vita	
SETO	Solar Energy Technologies Office	
SMART	Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, and Timely	
SOPO	Statement of Project Objectives	
SPOC	Single Point of Contact	
SPP	Southwest Power Pool	
STEM	Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics	
SWIFT	Solar and Wind Interconnection for Future Transmission	
TAA	Technical Assistance Agreement	
TIA	Technology Investment Agreement	
ТО	Transmission operator	
TRL	Technology Readiness Level	
UCC	Uniform Commercial Code	
UEI	Unique Entity Identifier	
WBS	Work Breakdown Structure	
WETO	Wind Energy Technologies Office	
WP	Work Proposal	