## **Prioritizing DEIA and Justice in Your Lab Call Response**

#### January 4, 2023



## **The Office of Economic Impact & Diversity**







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### The Office of Economic Impact & Diversity

Formally created by the National Energy Conservation Policy Act of 1978, the **Office of Economic Impact and Diversity (ED)** focused on its five key statutory objectives:

- 1. Advise the Secretary of Energy on the effect of energy policies, regulations and other actions on people and communities of color, and minority-owned businesses.
- 2. Work with Energy Information Administration (EIA) on research and data collection to determine the effects of programs, policies and regulations on people and communities of color.
- 3. Develop and recommend energy relevant programs, policies and regulations for people and communities of color.
- 4. Assess energy burdens on people and communities of color.
- 5. Provide energy-related technical assistance and job creation opportunities for people and communities of color.



#### **Resources Available from The Office of Economic Impact and Diversity**

#### **Guidance and Factsheets**





#### Office of Economic Impact and Diversity | Department of Energy



### The Importance of Increasing Representation.

Applicants are required to describe the **actions** the applicant will take to

- foster a welcoming and inclusive environment
- support people from underrepresented groups in STEM
- advance equity,
- encourage the inclusion of individuals from these groups in the project,
- and the extent to which the project activities will be located in or benefit underserved communities



### As part of this whole-of-government approach, this lab call seeks to encourage the participation of underserved communities and underrepresented groups.

Applicants are highly encouraged to include individuals from groups historically underrepresented in STEM on their project teams.



### **Focusing on the DEIA Section**

The DEIA section should contain the following information:

- Equity Impacts: the impacts of the proposed project on underserved communities, including social and environmental impacts
- Benefits: The anticipated overall benefits of the proposed project, if funded, to underserved communities
- How DEIA objectives will be incorporated in the project



### **Key Terminology in the Lab Call**

**Benefits** Diversity **Energy Justice Energy Burden** Equity **Equity Impacts Disadvantaged Communities Underserved communities Minority Serving Institutions** 



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## **Executive Order 13985**



BRIEFING ROOM

#### Executive Order On Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government

Equal opportunity is the bedrock of American democracy, and our diversity is one of our country's greatest strengths. But for too many, the American Dream remains out of reach. Our country faces converging economic, health, and climate crises that have exposed and exacerbated inequities, while a historic movement for justice has highlighted the unbearable human costs of systemic racism.

The Federal Government should pursue a comprehensive approach to advancing equity for all, including people of color and others who have been historically underserved, marginalized, and adversely affected by persistent poverty and inequality.



## **Executive Order 13985**



BRIEFING ROOM

Executive Order On Advancing Racial Equity and Support for Underserved Communities Through the Federal Government

JANUARY 20, 2021 . PRESIDENTIAL ACTIONS

The Federal Government's goal in advancing equity is to provide everyone with the opportunity to reach their full potential. Consistent with these aims, each agency must assess whether, and to what extent, its programs and policies perpetuate systemic barriers to opportunities and benefits for people of color and other underserved groups.

Such assessments will better equip agencies to develop policies and programs that deliver resources and benefits equitably to all.



### **Definitions Provided by Executive Order 13985**

"[**E]quity**" means the consistent and systematic fair, just, and impartial treatment of all individuals, including individuals who belong to underserved communities that have been denied such treatment, such as Black, Latino, and Indigenous and Native American persons, Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders and other persons of color; members of religious minorities; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer (LGBTQ+) persons; persons with disabilities; persons who live in rural areas; and persons otherwise adversely affected by persistent poverty or inequality.

"[U]nderserved communities" refers to populations sharing a particular characteristic, as well as geographic communities, that have been systematically denied a full opportunity to participate in aspects of economic, social, and civic life, as exemplified by the list in the preceding definition of "equity."



# Justice40 -- E.O. 14008, s. 223



40% of the overall benefits of certain Federal investments—including

- investments in clean energy and energy efficiency
- clean transit
- affordable and sustainable housing training and workforce development; the remediation and reduction of legacy pollution
- the development of clean water infrastructure
- must flow to disadvantaged communities.



### **Guiding Policy Priorities for Justice40 Benefits**

- **1. Decrease energy burden** in disadvantaged communities
- 2. Decrease environmental exposure and burdens for disadvantaged communities
- 3. Increase parity in clean energy technology access and adoption in disadvantaged communities
- - 4. Increase access to low-cost capital in disadvantaged communities
  - **5. Increase clean energy enterprise creation and contracting** (MBE/DBE) in disadvantaged communities



- 6. Increase clean energy jobs, job pipeline, and job training for individuals from disadvantaged communities
- **7**.
  - 7. Increase energy resiliency in disadvantaged communities



8. Increase energy democracy in disadvantaged communities



### **Defining Disadvantaged Communities**

#### **Agencies should define community as either:**

- A group of individuals living in geographic proximity to one another (e.g., census tracts)
- 2. A geographically dispersed set of individuals where either type of group experiences common conditions (e.g., migrant workers or Native Americans)



Places

#### People

Source: Interim Implementation Guidance for the Justice40 Initiative. <u>https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2021/07/M-21-28.pdf</u>



#### **DOE Disadvantaged Community Working Definition**

**Cumulative Burden.** Census tract must have at least 30% low-income households and rank in the 80<sup>th</sup> percentile of cumulative sum of 36 indicators, where each input is equally weighted. Rankings are state-relative.

#### **ENERGY BURDEN (5)**

Transportation Burden Energy Burden Non-grid connected home heating fuel Power outages Duration of outages

#### **FOSSIL DEPENDENCE (2)**

IWG coal jobs ratio IWG fossil energy jobs ratio

#### VULNERABLE POPULATIONS (19)

Housing burden Food desert Job access (-) Park access (-) Commutes > 30 mins\* No vehicle\* Unemployed Low Income\* No GED\* Linguistic Isolation\* Renters\* No internet Uninsured Disability Incomplete plumbing Single parents Mobile homes Unhoused Age over 65\*

#### ENVIRONMENTAL/ CLIMATE HAZARDS (10)

Lead paint Diesel particulates Cancer Traffic volume Water discharge NPL sites RMP facilities TSD facilities FEMA climate risk PM 2.5

\* Denotes that these variables are not inherently negative, but increase the vulnerability of the population to climate, environmental, and energy hazards



### Why is DEIA Important?



According to the National Science Foundation's 2019 report titled "Women, Minorities and Persons with Disabilities in Science and Engineering,"

women, persons with disabilities, and underrepresented minority groups—Blacks or African Americans, Hispanics or Latinos, and American Indians or Alaska Natives are vastly underrepresented in the science, technology, engineering, and math (STEM) fields that drive the energy sector.



### **Prioritizing Diverse Partnerships**



Minority Serving Institutions, Minority Business Enterprises, Minority Owned Businesses, Woman Owned Businesses, Veteran Owned Businesses, or entities located in an underserved community that meet the eligibility requirements are encouraged to participate in an application as a proposed partner to the prime applicant.

The Selection Official may consider the inclusion of these types of entities as part of the selection decision.

(refer to Section II.B.i Merit Review & Selection Process)



### What a is Minority Serving Institution?

Minority Serving Institutions, including Historically Black Colleges and Universities/Other Minority Institutions, as educational entities recognized by the Office of Civil Rights (OCR), U.S. Department of Education, and identified on the OCR's Department of Education U.S. accredited postsecondary minority institutions list.

- **Historically Black College or University (HBCUs)** (list maintained by the White House Initiative on HBCUs)
- Hispanic-serving institution (HSIs)
- Tribal College or University(TCUs) (list maintained by White House Initiative on Tribal Colleges and Universities)
- Alaska Native-serving institution or a Native Hawaiian-serving institution
- Predominantly Black Institution (PBI)
- Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institution (AAPISIs)
- Native American-serving nontribal institution
  - https://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/edlite-minorityinst.html



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#### **Example Benefit Metrics Mapped to Policy Priorities**

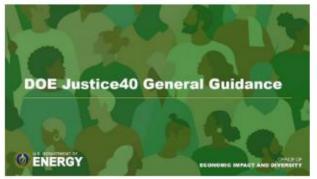
Benefit Category	Metric	Measurement	
Reducing energy burden	Reduction in energy costs due to technology adoption	\$ saved in energy expenditures due to technology adoption	
Reducing environmental burden	Reduction in local pollutant emissions	Avoided air pollutants ( $CO_2$ , $NO_x$ , $SO_2$ , $PM_{2.5}$ )	
Increase clean energy access	Increase access to clean energy serving disadvantaged communities	Clean energy resource (MWh) adopted	×
Increase access to low-cost capital	Increase capital access in disadvantaged communities	\$ spent by source and purpose and location	
Increase enterprise creation	Increase contracts to minority & disadvantaged businesses	# of contracts and/or \$ awarded to minority & disadvantaged businesses	— × —
Increase clean energy jobs & training	Increase clean energy jobs in disadvantaged communities	# of jobs created in disadvantaged communities	
Increase resilience	Increase community resilience	# and size (MWh) of community resilience infrastructure deployed (e.g., battery storage)	4
Increasing energy democracy	Increased stakeholder engagement	# of events and/or \$ spent engaging organizations and residents	$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$



#### **Resources Available from The Office of Economic Impact and Diversity**

#### **Guidance and Factsheets**

#### DOE Justice40 General Guidance



#### **Environmental Justice Explainer**

Justice40 Initiative Environmental Justice Fact Sheet

The Justice-ID letterse provides a once-in-a generation apportinity to transform convenients that, for fair too long, have faced disproportionate expresses to environmental happing and harms, been endeded from access to Faderal displaying, and have been locked out of the decision that shape the communities.

#### THE JUSTICE40 INITIATIVE

Created under the Biden-Harris Administration, Joshier40 establishes the goal that 40% of the overall benefits of certain federal investments flow to disadvantagad communities (DACs). The Justice40 Initiative applies to over 145 Department of Energy (DOE) programs and to much of the 562 billion investment is DOE under the Exponsion Infrastructure Low.



Justice40 Initiative Fact Sheet

Low-income communities of color disproportionally bear the environmental form and economic burders of the energy system and do not explicibly receive its bear first more exploible access to decision-inciding occasses. The dees exercity involtion presents on apportancy to the values of the field of the field of the field of the second system of the second s

LOAN PROGRAMS OFFICE (LPO)

Justice40 Factsheet

to get there.

OPFICE OF STATE AND COMMUNITY ENERGY PROGRAMS (SCEP)



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### **Questions or Feedback**

